



Appendix Two

Financial Statements and Subsidiary Reports

The Barossa Council

GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
for the year ended 30 June 2025



General Purpose Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

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The Barossa Council

General Purpose Financial Statements

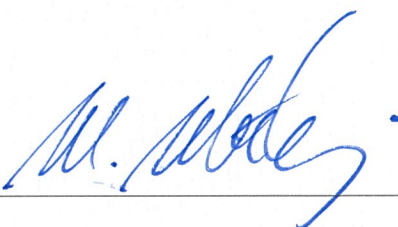
for the year ended 30 June 2025

Certification of Financial Statements

We have been authorised by the Barossa Council to certify the financial statements in their final form.

In our opinion:

- the accompanying financial statements comply with the *Local Government Act 1999, Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011* and Australian Accounting Standards,
- the financial statements present a true and fair view of the Barossa Council's financial position at 30 June 2025 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the financial year,
- internal controls implemented by the Barossa Council provide a reasonable assurance that the Barossa Council's financial records are complete, accurate and reliable and were effective throughout the financial year,
- the financial statements accurately reflect the Barossa Council's accounting and other records.



Martin McCarthy
Chief Executive Officer

3 December 2025

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Michael (Bim) Lange OAM
Mayor

3 December 2025

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Statement of Comprehensive Income

for the year ended 30 June 2025

\$ '000	Notes	2025	2024
Income			
Rates	2a	39,947	37,956
Statutory charges	2b	923	830
User charges	2c	4,038	3,827
Grants, subsidies and contributions - capital	2g	1,028	483
Grants, subsidies and contributions - operating	2g	5,457	1,420
Investment income	2d	233	277
Reimbursements	2e	2	3
Other income	2f	973	1,243
Net gain - equity accounted council businesses	18	100	(47)
Total income		52,701	45,992
Expenses			
Employee costs	3a	18,798	17,817
Materials, contracts and other expenses	3b	20,223	17,533
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	3c	11,643	11,010
Finance costs	3d	1,544	771
Total expenses		52,208	47,131
Operating surplus / (deficit)		493	(1,139)
Physical resources received free of charge	2i	7,268	2,832
Asset disposal and fair value adjustments	4	(973)	(2,497)
Amounts received specifically for new or upgraded assets	2g	26,031	2,339
Net surplus / (deficit)		32,819	1,535
Other comprehensive income			
Amounts which will not be reclassified subsequently to operating result			
Changes in revaluation surplus - infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	9a	16,753	469
Share of other comprehensive income - equity accounted council businesses	18	—	2,302
Total amounts which will not be reclassified subsequently to operating result		16,753	2,771
Total other comprehensive income		16,753	2,771
Total comprehensive income		49,572	4,306

The above Statement of Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of Financial Position

as at 30 June 2025

\$ '000	Notes	2025	2024
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalent assets	5a	844	3,153
Trade and other receivables	5b	2,970	3,248
Inventories	5c	233	123
Total current assets		4,047	6,524
Non-current assets			
Trade and other receivables	6a	2,087	1,228
Equity accounted investments in council businesses	6b	4,618	4,518
Other non-current assets	6c	37,258	5,724
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	7	452,571	414,613
Total non-current assets		496,534	426,083
TOTAL ASSETS		500,581	432,607
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	8a	4,441	5,355
Borrowings	8b	698	3,558
Provisions	8c	3,376	3,292
Total current liabilities		8,515	12,205
Non-current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	8a	1,676	—
Borrowings	8b	32,304	11,871
Provisions	8c	791	722
Total non-current liabilities		34,771	12,593
TOTAL LIABILITIES		43,286	24,798
Net assets		457,295	407,809
EQUITY			
Accumulated surplus		137,824	106,561
Asset revaluation reserve	9a	302,429	285,676
Other reserves	9b	17,042	15,572
Total equity		457,295	407,809

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of Changes in Equity

for the year ended 30 June 2025

\$ '000	Notes	Accumulated surplus	Asset revaluation reserve	Other reserves	Total equity
2025					
Balance as at 1 July		106,561	285,676	15,572	407,809
Net surplus / (deficit) for year		32,819	—	—	32,819
Other comprehensive income					
Gain (loss) on revaluation of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	7	—	16,753	—	16,753
Other comprehensive income		—	16,753	—	16,753
Total comprehensive income		32,819	16,753	—	49,572
Transfers to reserves		(1,556)	—	1,470	(86)
Balance at the end of period		137,824	302,429	17,042	457,295
2024					
Balance as at 1 July		105,026	282,905	15,572	403,503
Net surplus / (deficit) for year		1,535	—	—	1,535
Other comprehensive income					
Gain (loss) on revaluation of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	7	—	469	—	469
Share of other comprehensive income - equity accounted council businesses		—	2,302	—	2,302
Other comprehensive income		—	2,771	—	2,771
Total comprehensive income		1,535	2,771	—	4,306
Transfers to reserves		—	—	—	—
Balance at the end of period		106,561	285,676	15,572	407,809

The above Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of Cash Flows

for the year ended 30 June 2025

\$ '000	Notes	2025	2024
Cash flows from operating activities			
<u>Receipts</u>			
Rates receipts		40,180	37,609
Statutory charges		923	830
User charges		4,442	4,210
Grants, subsidies and contributions		5,457	1,903
Investment receipts		233	277
Reimbursements		2	3
Other receipts		8,504	5,872
<u>Payments</u>			
Payments to employees		(19,222)	(17,779)
Payments for materials, contracts and other expenses		(28,320)	(21,603)
Finance payments		(1,544)	(771)
Net cash provided by (or used in) operating activities	11b	<u>10,655</u>	<u>10,551</u>
Cash flows from investing activities			
<u>Receipts</u>			
Grants utilised for capital purposes		1,028	—
Amounts received specifically for new or upgraded assets		22,859	1,966
Sale of replaced assets		358	281
Repayments of loans by community groups		124	103
<u>Payments</u>			
Expenditure on renewal/replacement of assets		(9,826)	(6,940)
Expenditure on new/upgraded assets		(44,169)	(13,651)
Loans made to community groups		(1,035)	(16)
Net cash provided by (or used in) investing activities		<u>(30,661)</u>	<u>(18,257)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities			
<u>Receipts</u>			
Proceeds from loans		21,135	7,419
Proceeds from bonds and deposits		624	340
<u>Payments</u>			
Repayments of loans		(3,545)	(880)
Repayment of principal portion lease liabilities		(17)	(68)
Repayment of bonds and deposits		(500)	(570)
Net cash provided by (or used in) financing activities		<u>17,697</u>	<u>6,241</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash held		<u>(2,309)</u>	<u>(1,465)</u>
plus: cash & cash equivalents at beginning of period		3,153	4,618
Cash and cash equivalents held at end of period	11a	<u>844</u>	<u>3,153</u>

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

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Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 1. Summary of Material Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies adopted by the Barossa Council (the Council) in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below.

These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Basis of preparation

1.1 Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards

This general purpose financial report has been prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards as they apply to not-for-profit entities, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, Interpretations and relevant South Australian legislation.

In the current year, Council adopted all of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that are relevant to its operations and effective for the current reporting period. The adoption of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations has not resulted in any material changes to Council's accounting policies.

The financial report was authorised for issue by certificate under Regulation 14 of the *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011*.

1.2 Historical cost convention

Except as stated below, these financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention.

1.3 Critical Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates, and requires management to exercise its judgement in applying Council's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are specifically referred to in the relevant sections of these notes.

1.4 Rounding

All amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (\$'000).

(2) The local government reporting entity

The Council is incorporated under the *Local Government Act 1999* and has its principal place of business at 43-51 Tanunda Road, Nuriootpa. These consolidated financial statements include the Council's direct operations and all entities through which Council controls resources to carry on its functions. In the process of reporting on the Council as a single unit, all transactions and balances between activity areas and controlled entities have been eliminated.

(3) Subsidiary Operation

Under the *Local Government Act 1999*, Section 42, the Council oversees the Nuriootpa Centennial Park Authority (the Authority) which is a subsidiary that operates and maintains both the Barossa Valley Tourist Park and its surrounding park lands. The Authority's information as at the reporting date has been consolidated within this report.

(4) Income recognition

Income is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Income is recognised when the Council obtains control over the assets comprising the income, or when the amount due constitutes an enforceable debt, whichever occurs first.

The Council recognises revenue under AASB 1058 Income of Not-for-Profit Entities (AASB 1058) or AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (AASB 15) when appropriate.

In cases where there is an 'enforceable' contract with a customer with 'sufficiently specific' performance obligations, the transaction is accounted for under AASB 15 where income is recognised when (or as) the performance obligations are satisfied (i.e. when it transfers control of a product or service to a customer). Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Council expects to be entitled in a contract with a customer.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 1. Summary of Material Accounting Policies (continued)

In other cases, AASB 1058 applies when a not-for-profit entity enters into transactions where the consideration to acquire an asset is significantly less than the fair value of the asset principally to enable the entity to further its objectives. The excess of the asset recognised (at fair value) over any 'related amounts' is recognised as income immediately, except in the case where a financial asset has been received to enable the Council to acquire or construct a recognisable non-financial asset that is to be controlled by the Council. In this case, the Council recognises the excess as a liability that is recognised over time in profit and loss when (or as) the entity satisfies its obligations under the transfer.

Where grants, contributions and donations recognised as incomes during the reporting period were obtained on the condition that they be expended in a particular manner or used over a particular period, and those conditions were undischarged as at the reporting date, the amounts subject to those undischarged conditions are included in these notes.

In recent years the payment of untied financial assistance/local and supplementary roads grants has varied from the annual allocation as shown in the table below:

Year	Cash payment received	Annual allocation	Difference
2019-20	\$1,322,566	\$1,555,963	(\$233,397)
2020-21	\$1,536,605	\$1,654,037	(\$117,432)
2021-22	\$2,435,662	\$1,894,550	\$541,112
2022-23	\$2,859,679	\$2,078,321	\$781,358
2023-24	\$410,757	\$2,400,108	(\$1,989,351)
2024-25	\$3,831,376	\$2,459,280	\$1,372,096

As these grants are untied, the Australian Accounting Standards require that payments be recognised upon receipt. The operating results of these periods have therefore been distorted compared to those that would have been reported had the grants been paid in the year to which they were allocated.

The adjusted operating surplus ratio disclosed in Note 14 has also been calculated after adjusting for the distortions resulting from the differences between the actual grants received and the grant entitlements allocated.

(5) Cash, cash equivalents and other financial instruments

Cash assets include all amounts readily convertible to cash on hand at Council's option with an insignificant risk of changes in value with a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Receivables for rates and annual charges are secured over the subject land, and bear interest at rates determined in accordance with the *Local Government Act 1999*. Other receivables are generally unsecured and do not bear interest.

All receivables (including community loans) are reviewed as at the reporting date and adequate allowance made for amounts the receipt of which is considered doubtful, where applicable.

All financial instruments are recognised at fair value at the date of recognition. A detailed statement of the accounting policies applied to financial instruments forms part of Note 12.

(6) Inventories

Inventories held in respect of depot stores (fuel and rubble) have been valued by using the weighted average cost on a continual basis or at cost for the Barossa Regional Gallery, Barossa Visitor Centre and the Authority, after adjustment for loss of service potential. Inventories held in respect of business undertakings have been valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 1. Summary of Material Accounting Policies (continued)

(7) Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment

7.1 Initial Recognition

All assets are initially recognised at cost. For assets acquired at no cost or for nominal consideration, cost is determined as fair value at the date of acquisition.

All non-current assets purchased or constructed are capitalised as the expenditure is incurred and depreciated as soon as the asset is held ready for use. Cost is determined as the fair value of the assets given as consideration plus costs incidental to the acquisition, including architect and engineering design fees and all other costs incurred. The cost of non-current assets constructed by the Council includes the cost of all materials used in construction, direct labour on the project and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overheads.

Capital works still in progress at balance date are recognised as other non-current assets and are transferred to the relevant asset class when completed and ready for use.

7.2 Materiality

Assets with an economic life in excess of one year are only capitalised where the cost of acquisition exceeds materiality thresholds established by Council for each type of asset. In determining (and in annually reviewing) such thresholds, regard is had to the nature of the asset and its estimated service life. Capitalisation thresholds applied during the year are as follows. No capitalisation threshold is applied to the acquisition of land or interests in land. Any new or upgrade work below these threshold amounts will be expensed as incurred.

	\$
Buildings *	
- Buildings (including toilets)	\$20,000
- Sheds, pergolas, cabins, carports and other structures	\$10,000
- Buildings and componentisation	\$50,000
Sealed Roads *	
- Reconstruction and renewal work	\$20,000
Sheeted Roads	
- Resheeting, major patch repair and road shoulders	\$15,000
Footpaths, Kerbs and Carpark Surfaces	\$10,000
Community Wastewater Management Systems (CWMS)	\$5,000
Stormwater and Drainage	\$5,000
Bridges, Floodways and Major Culverts	\$15,000
Parks and Reserves Development	\$5,000
Plant and Equipment	\$5,000
Furniture and Fittings	\$5,000
Core Software Programs	\$15,000
Right-of-Use Assets	\$15,000
Leasehold Improvements	\$20,000
All Other Assets	\$5,000

* These assets are capitalised when replacing/renewing assets that are >10% of the depreciable replacement value

7.3 Subsequent Recognition

All material asset classes are revalued on a regular basis such that the carrying values are not materially different from fair value. For infrastructure and other asset classes where no active market exists, fair value is determined to be the current replacement cost of an asset less, where applicable, accumulated depreciation calculated on the basis of such cost to reflect the already consumed or expired future economic benefits of the asset. Further detail of existing valuations, methods and valuers are provided at Note 7.

7.4 Depreciation of Non-Current Assets

Other than land, all infrastructure, property, plant and equipment assets recognised are systematically depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis which, in the opinion of Council, best reflects the consumption of the service potential embodied in those assets. Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values of classes of assets are reviewed annually.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 1. Summary of Material Accounting Policies (continued)

Major depreciation periods for each class of asset are shown in the following table. Depreciation periods for infrastructure assets have been estimated based on the best information available to Council, but appropriate records covering the entire life cycle of these assets are not available, and extreme care should be used in interpreting financial information based on these estimates.

Buildings

Complete	20 to 100 years
Substructure	40 to 300 years
Superstructure	20 to 300 years
Roof structure	40 to 60 years
Internal fit out	20 to 25 years
Services	20 to 100 years
Town Hall solid flooring only	150 years

Transport

Unformed roads (earthworks) *	Unlimited
Sheeted roads *	12 to 50 years
Sealed roads - pavement *	40 to 200 years
Sealed roads - surface *	10 to 50 years
Footpaths *	Up to 100 years
Kerb	50 to 100 years
Car park surfaces *	30 to 50 years

Bridges

Bridges *	Up to 100 years
Major culverts *	Up to 130 years
Floodways *	Up to 130 years
Footbridges *	Up to 100 years

CWMS

Pump stations - components	10 to 50 years
Lagoons - components	40 to 100 years
Wastewater treatment plant - components	5 to 50 years
Pipes	60 to 100 years

Recreation / Community Infrastructure

Fences	40 years
Monuments	100 years
Other	10 to 100 years

Stormwater and Drainage

Drainage channels	20 to 150 years
Other	150 years

Plant and Equipment

Plant and machines	3 to 20 years
Vehicles	3 to 33 years
Computer equipment	5 to 33 years
Hill and Son historic pipe organ	300 years

<i>Furniture and Fittings</i>	10 to 25 years
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<i>Leasehold improvements</i>	Term of Lease
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Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 1. Summary of Material Accounting Policies (continued)

Right-of-use assets

Term of Lease

* These asset types are made up of two components. The useful lives listed above are for the first component. The second component being a long life asset with lives ranging from 150 to 750 years. Please refer to Council's adopted Asset Accounting Policy for further information.

* Road earthworks should not be depreciated in line with AASB 1055 (Interpretation). Council policy shows an unlimited useful life for these assets and current practice is not to depreciate them.

7.5 Impairment

Assets whose future economic benefits are not dependent on the ability to generate cash flows, and where the future economic benefits would be replaced if Council were deprived of them, are not subject to impairment testing.

Other assets that are subject to depreciation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount (which is the higher of the present value of future cash inflows or value in use).

Where an asset that has been revalued is subsequently impaired, the impairment is first offset against such amount as stands to the credit of that class of assets in the asset revaluation reserve, any excess being recognised as an expense.

(8) Payables

8.1 Goods and services

Creditors are amounts due to external parties for the supply of goods and services and are recognised as liabilities when the goods and services are received. Creditors are normally paid 30 days after the month of invoice, or in accordance with the creditor's payment terms. No interest is payable on these amounts.

8.2 Payments received in advance and deposits

Amounts received from external parties in advance of service delivery, and security deposits held against possible damage to Council assets, are recognised as liabilities until the service is delivered or damage reinstated, or the amount is refunded as the case may be.

(9) Borrowings

Loans are carried at their principal amounts which represent the present value of future cash flows associated with servicing the debt. Interest is accrued over the period to which it relates, and is recorded as part of Payables.

(10) Employee benefits

10.1 Salaries, wages and compensated absences

Liabilities for employees entitlements to salaries, wages and compensated absences expected to be paid or settled within 12 months of reporting date are accrued at nominal amounts (including payroll based oncosts) measured in accordance with AASB 119.

Liabilities for employee benefits not expected to be paid or settled within 12 months are measured as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows (including payroll based oncosts) to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date. Present values are calculated using Government guaranteed securities rates with similar maturity terms. No accrual is made for sick leave as Council experience indicates that, on average, sick leave taken in each reporting period is less than the entitlement accruing in that period, and this experience is expected to recur in future reporting periods. Council does not make payment for untaken sick leave.

10.2 Superannuation

Council makes employer superannuation contributions in respect of its employees to schemes selected by employees under the choice of fund legislation. Council uses Hostplus as its default superannuation fund. This scheme has two types of membership, each of which is funded differently. Council's subsidiary, Nuriootpa Centennial Park Authority makes contributions to other superannuation schemes. No changes in accounting policy have occurred during either the current or previous

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 1. Summary of Material Accounting Policies (continued)

reporting periods. Details of the accounting policies applied and Council's involvement with the schemes are reported in Note 17.

(11) Leases

11.1 Council as a lessee

The Council recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

i) Right-of-Use-Assets

The Council recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease. Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received and the estimate of costs to be incurred to restore the leased asset. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets - refer to item 7.4 for details.

The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment - refer to item 7.5 for details.

ii) Lease Liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Council recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Council uses its incremental borrowing rate or the interest rate implicit in the lease.

iii) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Council applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of plant and equipment (i.e. those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date). It also applies the low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of plant and equipment that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Council is lessee for various peppercorn leases and licenses that have not been included for AASB 16. The function, period(s) to and potential costs are as follows:

Function/Purpose	Period to	\$/pa each
Barossa Visitor Centre and Library - Tanunda	30/06/2026	\$1 on demand
Kroemer Crossing, Tanunda - Reserve	30/03/2039	\$1 on demand
Nuriootpa to Angaston (bike-walking path)	09/04/2035	\$1 on demand
Barossa Trail (bike-walking path) - 2 licenses	2034	\$1 on demand
Barossa Trail (bike-walking path) - 2 licenses	2035	\$1 on demand
Barossa Trail (bike-walking path) - 1 license	31/07/2052	\$1 on demand
Barossa Trail (bike-walking path) - numerous licenses	2062	\$1 on demand
Barossa Trail (bike-walking path) - 1 license	26/04/2064	\$1 on demand
Railway line Barossa Valley Way between Tanunda /Nuriootpa (Rose Hedge)	No lease	\$201
Williamstown land used for car park	Lease under negotiation	\$460

(12) Equity accounted Council businesses

Council participates in cooperative arrangements with other Councils for the provision of services and facilities. Council's interests in cooperative arrangements, which are only recognised if material, are accounted for in accordance with AASB 128 and set out in detail in Note 18.

(13) GST implications

In accordance with AASB Interpretation UIG Abstract 1031 Accounting for the Goods and Services Tax:

- Receivables and creditors include GST receivable and payable.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 1. Summary of Material Accounting Policies (continued)

- Except in relation to input taxed activities, revenues and operating expenditures exclude GST receivable and payable.
- Non-current assets and capital expenditures include GST net of any recoupment.
- Amounts included in the Statement of Cash Flows are disclosed on a gross basis.

(14) New accounting standards and UIG interpretations

New accounting standards, amendments to existing standards and UIG interpretations

Council applied for the first time certain new standards and amendments to existing standards, which are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024. Council has not early adopted any other standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

AASB 2020-1: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current

AASB 2020-1 amends AASB 101 to clarify requirements for the presentation of liabilities in the statement of financial position as current or non-current. It also clarifies the meaning of 'settlement of a liability'.

AASB 2022-6: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Non-current liabilities with Covenants

AASB 2022-6 amends AASB 101 to improve the information an entity provides in its financial statements about liabilities from loan arrangements for which the entity's right to defer settlement of those liabilities for at least 12 months after the reporting period is subject to the entity complying with conditions specified in the loan agreement.

AASB 2022-10: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Fair Value Measurement of Non-Financial Assets of Not-for-Profit Public Sector Entities

AASB 2022-10 amends AASB 13 – Fair Value Measurement for the fair value measurements of non-financial assets of not-for-profit public sector entities not held primarily to generate net cash inflows.

Council has adopted all amendments mentioned above required for the year ended 30 June 2025. The adoption of these amendments did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

Standards issued by the AASB not yet effective

The AASB has issued new and amended Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that are not effective as of 30 June 2025. These standards have not yet been adopted by Council and will be incorporated into the financial statements upon their effective dates. The following list identifies all applicable new and amended Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that were issued but are not yet effective as of 30 June 2025.

AASB 2024-2: Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments

AASB 2024-2 amends AASB 9 Financial Instruments and AASB 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures to clarify how the contractual cash flows from financial assets should be assessed when determining their classification. The amendment also clarifies the derecognition requirements of financial liabilities that are settled through electronic payment systems.

This standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026.

The amendment is not expected to have a material impact on the financial statements once adopted.

AASB 18: Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

AASB 18 replaces AASB 101 as the standard describing the primary financial statements and sets out requirements for the presentation and disclosure of information in AASB-compliant financial statements. Amongst other changes, it introduces the concept of the 'management-defined performance measures' to financial statements and requires the classification of transactions presented within the statement of profit or loss within one of the five categories – operating, investing, financing, income taxes and discontinued operations. It also provides enhanced requirements for the aggregation and disaggregation of information.

This standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2028.

Council is currently assessing the impact the amendment will have on the financial statements once adopted.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 1. Summary of Material Accounting Policies (continued)

(15) Comparative figures

To ensure comparability with the current reporting period's figures, some comparative period line items and amounts may have been reclassified or individually reported for the first time within these financial statements.

(16) Disclaimer

Nothing contained within these statements may be taken to be an admission of any liability to any person under any circumstance.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 2. Income

\$ '000	2025	2024
(a) Rates		
General rates		
General rates	33,007	31,332
Less: mandatory rebates	(574)	(562)
Less: Discretionary rebates, remissions and write offs	(208)	(174)
Total general rates	32,225	30,596
Other rates (including service charges)		
Landscape SA levy	852	822
Waste, recycling and green organics collection	3,145	3,004
Community wastewater management systems	3,452	3,316
Total other rates (including service charges)	7,449	7,142
Other charges		
Penalties for late payment	206	188
Legal and other costs recovered	67	30
Total other charges	273	218
Total rates	39,947	37,956
(b) Statutory charges		
Development Act and town planning fees	492	447
Septic tank inspection fees	115	69
Animal registration fees and fines	282	281
Parking fines / expiation fees	1	7
Other licences, fees and fines	33	26
Total statutory charges	923	830
(c) User charges		
Bushgarden seed/seedling sales	71	40
Caravan park fees	2,944	2,734
Cemetery fees	129	99
CWMS reuse water sales	183	261
Hall and equipment hire	33	26
Immunisation fees	28	31
Lease fees	60	61
Photocopying fees	21	21
Property search fees	53	48
Recreation park fees	41	51
Sundry	79	58
Tourism - souvenir and other sales	208	209
Transport scheme fees	139	126
Waste collection bins	19	34
Waste disposal/transfer station fees	30	28
Total user charges	4,038	3,827

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 2. Income (continued)

\$ '000	2025	2024
(d) Investment income		
Interest on investments		
- Local Government Finance Authority	66	82
- Banks and other	96	135
- Loans to community groups	71	60
Total investment income	233	277
(e) Reimbursements		
Other	2	3
Total reimbursements	2	3
(f) Other income		
Insurance and other recoupments	333	160
Rebates received	62	69
Donations received	68	18
Contributions	120	390
Sundry	390	606
Total other income	973	1,243
(g) Grants, subsidies and contributions		
Capital grants, subsidies and contributions		
Amounts received specifically for new or upgraded assets	26,031	2,339
Total amounts received for new or upgraded assets	26,031	2,339
Other grants, subsidies and contributions - capital		
Roads to Recovery	1,028	483
Total Other grants, subsidies and contributions - capital	1,028	483
Operating grants, subsidies and contributions		
Other grants, subsidies and contributions	5,457	1,420
Total other grants, subsidies and contributions - operating	5,457	1,420
Total grants, subsidies and contributions	32,516	4,242
(i) Sources of grants		
Commonwealth Government	6,945	1,124
State Government	22,606	1,742
Other	2,965	1,376
Total	32,516	4,242

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 2. Income (continued)

\$ '000	2025	2024
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(h) Conditions over grants and contributions

Grants and contributions which were obtained on the condition that they be expended for specified purposes or in a future period, but which are not yet expended in accordance with those conditions, and are required to be repaid to the funding body if not expended, are as follows:

Unexpended at the close of the previous reporting period	60	877
Less:		
<i>Expended during the current period from revenues recognised in previous reporting periods</i>		
Recreation	(30)	(812)
Culture	(17)	(15)
Environment	(13)	(50)
Subtotal	(60)	(877)
Plus:		
<i>Amounts recognised as revenues in this reporting period but not yet expended in accordance with the conditions</i>		
Community Services	10	30
Culture	–	17
Environment	2	13
Subtotal	12	60
Unexpended at the close of this reporting period	12	60
Net increase (decrease) in assets subject to conditions in the current reporting period	(48)	(817)

(i) Physical resources received free of charge

Land and land improvements	1,742	173
Buildings	–	1
Transport	2,987	1,527
Community wastewater management system	493	405
Stormwater and drainage	2,046	674
Plant and equipment	–	48
Recreation	–	4
Total physical resources received free of charge	7,268	2,832

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 3. Expenses

\$ '000	Notes	2025	2024
(a) Employee costs			
Salaries and wages		16,793	15,560
Employee leave expense movement		10	268
Superannuation - defined contribution plan contributions	17	1,521	1,533
Superannuation - defined benefit plan contributions	17	151	136
Workers compensation insurance		448	465
Less: capitalised and distributed costs		(125)	(145)
Total employee costs		18,798	17,817
Total number of employees (full time equivalent at end of reporting period)		175.3	173.0
(b) Materials, contracts and other expenses			
(i) Prescribed expenses			
Auditor's remuneration			
- Auditing the financial reports		28	39
Elected Member expenses		325	307
Lease expense - low value assets / short term leases		228	191
Other		9	—
Subtotal - prescribed expenses		590	537
(ii) Other materials, contracts and expenses			
Contractors		4,479	3,360
Bank charges		138	113
Energy (including fuel)		2,376	2,365
Maintenance		985	1,320
Legal expenses		286	159
Levies paid to Government - Landscape Levy		923	884
Levies - other		7	18
Parts, accessories and consumables		1,603	1,268
Professional services		635	403
Communications and information technology		1,389	1,146
Contributions and donations		753	530
Water		811	543
Advertising and printing		136	148
Insurance		1,112	1,014
Sundry		1,021	954
Waste services		3,062	2,876
Less: capitalised and distributed costs		(83)	(105)
Subtotal - Other materials, contracts and expenses		19,633	16,996
Total materials, contracts and other expenses		20,223	17,533

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 3. Expenses (continued)

\$ '000	2025	2024
(c) Depreciation, amortisation and impairment		
(i) Depreciation and amortisation		
Buildings and other structures	2,756	2,208
Infrastructure		
- Bridges, floodways and major culverts	544	563
- Stormwater drainage	446	422
- Community wastewater management system	1,525	1,480
- Transport	4,067	4,241
- Recreation	631	539
- Community infrastructure	45	45
Right-of-use assets	17	67
Plant and equipment	1,540	1,380
Furniture and fittings	68	61
Leasehold improvements	4	4
Total depreciation, amortisation and impairment	11,643	11,010
(d) Finance costs		
Interest on loans	1,543	771
Interest on leases	1	–
Total finance costs	1,544	771

Note 4. Asset disposal and fair value adjustments

\$ '000	2025	2024
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment		
(i) Assets renewed or directly replaced		
Proceeds from disposal	358	281
Less: carrying amount of assets sold	(1,331)	(2,523)
Gain (loss) on disposal	(973)	(2,242)
(ii) Assets surplus to requirements		
Carrying amount of assets sold	–	(255)
Gain (loss) on disposal	–	(255)
Net gain (loss) on disposal or revaluation of assets	(973)	(2,497)

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 5. Current assets

\$ '000	2025	2024
(a) Cash and cash equivalent assets		
Cash on hand and at bank	683	2,513
Deposits at call	161	640
<u>Total cash and cash equivalent assets</u>	<u>844</u>	<u>3,153</u>

(b) Trade and other receivables

Rates - general and other	1,604	1,863
Accrued revenues	316	362
Debtors - general	266	246
GST recoupment	170	298
Prepayments	417	360
Loans to community organisations	197	119
<u>Subtotal</u>	<u>2,970</u>	<u>3,248</u>
<u>Total trade and other receivables</u>	<u>2,970</u>	<u>3,248</u>

Amounts included in receivables that are not expected to be received within 12 months of reporting date are disclosed in Note 12.

(c) Inventories

Stores and materials	146	25
Trading stock	87	98
<u>Total inventories</u>	<u>233</u>	<u>123</u>

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 6. Non-current assets

\$ '000	2025	2024
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(a) Trade and other receivables

Receivables

Council rates postponement scheme	201	175
Loans to community organisations	1,886	1,053
<u>Total financial assets</u>	<u>2,087</u>	<u>1,228</u>

(b) Equity accounted investments in council businesses

Gawler River Floodplain Management Authority	18	4,585	4,488
Northern and Yorke Local Government Association	18	33	30
<u>Total equity accounted investments in Council businesses</u>		<u>4,618</u>	<u>4,518</u>

(c) Other non-current assets

Capital work in progress	37,258	5,724
<u>Total other non-current assets</u>	<u>37,258</u>	<u>5,724</u>

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 7. Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment

Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment

\$ '000	Fair Value Level	as at 30/06/24				Asset movements during the reporting period							as at 30/06/25			
		At Fair Value	At Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Carrying amount	Asset Additions New / Upgrade	Asset Additions Renewals	WDV of Asset Disposals	Depreciation Expense (Note 3c)	Adjustments & Transfers	Revaluation Decrements to Equity (ARR) (Note 9)	Revaluation Increments to Equity (ARR) (Note 9)	At Fair Value	At Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Carrying amount
Land - community	3	56,225	1,337	–	57,562	1,742	23	–	–	–	–	5,023	62,990	1,360	–	64,350
Land - other	2	4,162	228	–	4,390	–	–	–	–	–	–	340	4,502	228	–	4,730
Buildings and other structures	3	96,795	5,779	(53,786)	48,788	45	801	(133)	(2,744)	–	–	864	126,367	6,960	(85,706)	47,621
Buildings and other structures	2	9,813	524	(7,663)	2,674	3,387	–	–	(12)	–	–	176	2,674	3,596	(45)	6,225
Leasehold improvements	3	–	107	(53)	54	–	18	(9)	(4)	–	–	–	–	107	(48)	59
Infrastructure																
- Bridges, floodways and major culverts	3	53,202	472	(27,150)	26,524	–	8	(4)	(544)	–	–	902	55,020	479	(28,613)	26,886
- Stormwater and drainage	3	54,822	3,911	(11,844)	46,889	2,873	187	(47)	(446)	–	–	1,594	58,800	4,924	(12,674)	51,050
- Community wastewater management system	3	73,039	782	(31,952)	41,869	577	139	(51)	(1,525)	–	–	1,424	75,933	1,005	(34,505)	42,433
- Transport	3	272,297	8,997	(123,599)	157,695	4,909	4,132	(881)	(4,067)	–	–	5,827	283,035	15,049	(130,469)	167,615
- Recreation	3	18,847	7,327	(8,445)	17,729	9,905	228	(36)	(631)	–	–	603	19,606	17,461	(9,269)	27,798
- Community infrastructure	3	979	1,470	(657)	1,792	–	–	–	(45)	–	–	–	979	1,470	(702)	1,747
Right-of-use assets		–	315	(285)	30	–	–	–	(17)	–	–	–	–	291	(278)	13
Plant and equipment	3	–	16,576	(8,479)	8,097	4,809	110	(170)	(1,540)	–	–	–	–	20,442	(9,136)	11,306
Furniture and fittings	3	–	1,638	(1,118)	520	279	7	–	(68)	–	–	–	–	1,923	(1,185)	738
Total infrastructure, property, plant and equipment		640,181	49,463	(275,031)	414,613	28,526	5,653	(1,331)	(11,643)	–	–	16,753	689,906	75,295	(312,630)	452,571
Comparatives		619,384	46,967	(272,011)	394,340	23,649	9,919	(2,778)	(11,010)	24	(1,156)	1,625	640,181	49,463	(275,031)	414,613

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 7. Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment (continued)

Valuation of infrastructure, property, plant & equipment

Valuation of assets

The fair value of assets and liabilities must be estimated in accordance with various Accounting Standards for either recognition and measurement requirements or for disclosure purposes.

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement requires all assets and liabilities measured at fair value to be assigned to a level in the fair value hierarchy as follows:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Refer to Note 7 for the disclosure of the fair value levels of Infrastructure, Property, Plant and Equipment assets.

Information on valuations

Certain land, and the buildings and structures thereon, are shown above as being based on fair value hierarchy level 2 valuation inputs. They are based on prices for similar assets in an active market, with directly or indirectly observable adjustments for specific advantages or disadvantages attaching to the particular asset.

Land recognised at fair value level 3 has been valued as at 1 January 2025 applying Site Values per the Valuer General's valuation. The Valuer General describes their valuation method as follows:

Statutory property valuations aim to reflect market value and are based on how the market has performed in the prior calendar year. The Date of Valuation is 1 January, and valuations come into effect on 1 July each year. Mass appraisal is the primary valuation methodology adopted in South Australia and is a widely accepted methodology, utilised across many parts of the world. Through the course of the year, Land Services SA collect data, undertake research and analysis with the aid of sales evidence and market reports on behalf of the Valuer-General. Properties that are similar in nature, possibly due to locality, land size, property type, vintage, size of equivalent main area and use are grouped into sub-market groups. The research and analysis is utilised to indicate how the market has performed relative to each of those sub-market groups. The result of such analysis is the adoption of an index which is applied to every property within that particular group.

The Valuer General further notes that statutory valuations are used solely for the purposes of rating and taxing.

Council considers the Valuer General's valuation to be an appropriately accurate approximation of fair value. The number and/or value of unobservable inputs into these valuations are of a magnitude such that the valuation is most fairly described as being based on level 3 valuation inputs. For crown land, community land and other land subject to restrictions classified as level 3, whilst no discount rate has been applied, a significant unobservable input is a discount that theoretically applies to these land values in recognition of the 'restrictions' associated with the land, in particular the lack of ability to sell the land or put it to an alternative use.

There is normally no known market for Council buildings, infrastructure and other assets (with the exception of properties at level 2 valued using market fair value inputs). These assets are valued at depreciated current replacement cost. This method involves the determination of the cost to construct the asset (or its modern engineering equivalent) using current prices for materials and labour, the quantities of each being estimated based on recent experience of this Council, or on industry construction guides where these are more appropriate.

Other information

Upon revaluation, the current new replacement cost and accumulated depreciation are re-stated such that the difference represents the fair value of the asset determined in accordance with AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement. Accumulated depreciation is taken to be the difference between current new replacement cost and fair value. In the case of land, current replacement cost is taken to be the fair value.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 7. Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment (continued)

Highest and best use

All of Council's non financial assets are considered as being utilised for their highest and best use.

Transition to AASB 13 - Fair Value Measurement

The requirements of AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement have been applied to all valuations undertaken since 1 July 2013 as shown by the valuation dates for individual asset classes below.

Land & Land Improvements

- Basis of valuation: Fair Value Level 3, Market Value Level 2, additions are recognised at cost
- Date of valuation: Level 3: 1 January 2025, Level 2: 1 July 2024
- Valuer: Level 3: desktop valuation using Valuer-General values, Level 2: Liquid Property Consultants

Buildings & Other Structures

- Basis of valuation: Fair Value Level 3, Market Value Level 2; additions are recognised at cost
- Date of valuation: 1 July 2024
- Valuer: Liquid Property Consultants

Transport

- Basis of valuation: Written down current replacement cost; additions are recognised at cost
- Date of valuation: 1 July 2024
- Valuer: Desktop valuation performed by Council staff using the indexation rate for capital from the Local Government Price Index as at 30 June 2024.

Bridges, Floodways and Major Culverts

- Basis of valuation: Written down current replacement cost; additions are recognised at cost
- Date of valuation: 1 July 2024
- Valuer: Desktop valuation performed by Council staff using the indexation rate for capital from the Local Government Price Index as at 30 June 2024.

Community Wastewater Management System

- Basis of valuation: Written down current replacement cost; additions are recognised at cost
- Date of valuation: 1 July 2024
- Valuer: Desktop valuation performed by Council staff using the indexation rate for capital from the Local Government Price Index as at 30 June 2024.

Stormwater

- Basis of valuation: Written down current replacement cost; additions are recognised at cost
- Date of valuation: 1 July 2024
- Valuer: Desktop valuation performed by Council staff using the indexation rate for capital from the Local Government Price Index as at 30 June 2024.

Recreation Infrastructure

- Basis of valuation: Written down current replacement cost; additions are recognised at cost
- Date of valuation: 1 July 2024
- Valuer: Desktop valuation performed by Council staff using the indexation rate for capital from the Local Government Price Index as at 30 June 2024.

Community Infrastructure

- Basis of valuation: Written down current replacement cost; additions are recognised at cost
- Date of valuation: 1 July 2010
- Valuer: Asset and Valuation Consulting Pty Ltd

The Community Infrastructure asset class is immaterial to the total asset value representing only 0.40% of the total written down value of Council's Infrastructure, Property, Plant and Equipment assets, so revaluations are not necessary and should not occur. Only periodic audits will be conducted to ensure the assets are required for Council business and in the condition needed.

Plant, Equipment, Furniture and Fittings

- Basis of valuation: Cost basis (deemed fair value)

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 7. Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment (continued)

Leasehold Improvements

- Basis of valuation: Written down current replacement cost; additions are recognised at cost, based on term of lease (deemed fair value)

The Leasehold Improvements asset class is immaterial to the total asset value representing only 0.01% of the total written down value of Council's Infrastructure, Property, Plant and Equipment assets, so revaluations are not necessary and should not occur. Only periodic audits will be conducted to ensure the assets are required for Council business and in the condition needed.

Right-of-Use Assets

- Basis of valuation: Lease and associated costs basis per AASB 16

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 8. Liabilities

\$ '000	2025 Current	2025 Non Current	2024 Current	2024 Non Current
(a) Trade and other payables				
Goods and services	1,200	–	2,661	–
<i>Payments received in advance</i>				
- Other	65	–	504	–
- State's future use - Barossa Park	41	1,676	–	–
Accrued expenses - employee entitlements	152	–	720	–
Accrued expenses - other	2,323	–	934	–
Deposits, retentions and bonds	660	–	536	–
<u>Total trade and other payables</u>	<u>4,441</u>	<u>1,676</u>	<u>5,355</u>	<u>–</u>

Amounts included in trade and other payables that are not expected to be settled within 12 months of reporting date are disclosed in Note 12

(b) Borrowings

Loans	687	32,301	3,540	11,858
Lease liabilities	11	3	18	13
<u>Total Borrowings</u>	<u>698</u>	<u>32,304</u>	<u>3,558</u>	<u>11,871</u>

All interest bearing liabilities are secured over the future revenues of the Council.

(c) Provisions

Employee entitlements (including oncosts)	3,376	282	3,292	222
Future Reinstatement - Landfill	–	509	–	500
<u>Total provisions</u>	<u>3,376</u>	<u>791</u>	<u>3,292</u>	<u>722</u>

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 9. Reserves

	as at 30/06/24		as at 30/06/25
\$ '000	Opening Balance	Increments (Decrements)	Closing Balance
(a) Asset revaluation reserve			
Land - community	44,599	5,023	49,622
Land - other	478	340	818
Buildings and other structures	22,113	1,040	23,153
Infrastructure			
- Bridges, floodways & major culverts	17,787	902	18,689
- Stormwater and drainage	32,998	1,594	34,592
- Community wastewater management system	33,047	1,424	34,471
- Transport	124,165	5,827	129,992
- Recreation	6,706	603	7,309
- Community infrastructure	647	–	647
Plant and equipment	(4)	–	(4)
JVs / associates - other comprehensive income	3,140	–	3,140
Total asset revaluation reserve	285,676	16,753	302,429
Comparatives	282,905	2,771	285,676

	as at 30/06/24			as at 30/06/25
\$ '000	Opening Balance	Tfrs to Reserve	Tfrs from Reserve	Closing Balance
(b) Other reserves				
Community wastewater management	13,706	1,573	–	15,279
Refuse, recycling and green waste	220	31	(44)	207
Recreation facilities	172	–	(162)	10
Cultural services	450	4	(369)	85
Caravan parks	63	–	(63)	–
Economic development	170	–	(71)	99
Plant and equipment replacement	140	–	(11)	129
Other reserves	651	592	(10)	1,233
Total other reserves	15,572	2,200	(730)	17,042
Comparatives	15,572	222	(222)	15,572

Purposes of reserves

Asset revaluation reserve

The asset revaluation reserve is used to record increments and decrements arising from changes in fair value of non-current assets (less any subsequent impairment losses, where applicable).

Community wastewater management

Community wastewater management scheme service charges raised under Section 155 of the *Local Government Act 1999*.

Refuse, recycling and green waste

Collection of refuse, recycling and green waste service charges raised under Section 155 of the *Local Government Act 1999*.

Recreation facilities

Recreation facilities reserves are used to fund capital improvements at Council owned recreation parks.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 9. Reserves (continued)

Cultural services

Cultural services reserves are used to fund capital improvements at Council owned community halls.

Caravan parks

Caravan park reserves are used towards the upgrade of caravan park and surrounding recreation park facilities.

Economic development

Economic development reserves are used to fund specific initiatives including Council main streets.

Plant and equipment replacement

Plant and equipment replacement reserves are used to fund the replacement of Council's community transport cars and buses, funded by grants.

Other reserves

Other reserves are used to account for developer contributions received towards future capital works, funds held in trust and other minor reserves not elsewhere allocated.

Note 10. Assets subject to restrictions

\$ '000	2025	2024
The uses of the following assets are restricted, wholly or partially, by legislation or other externally imposed requirements. The assets are required to be utilised for the purposes for which control was transferred to Council, or for which the revenues were originally obtained. Grant funding or contributions which were received during the year ended 30 June 2025 (or in previous years) but which remain unspent, are also subject to restrictions - these funds would need to be repaid if the required expenditure does not go ahead in the future.		
Cash and financial assets		
Open space contributions	–	1
Developer contributions	–	642
Grant Funding - Commonwealth	–	–
Grant Funding - State	64	503
Total cash and financial assets	64	1,146
Total assets subject to externally imposed restrictions	64	1,146

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 11. Reconciliation to Statement of Cash Flows

\$ '000	Notes	2025	2024
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(a) Reconciliation of cash

Cash assets comprise highly liquid investments with short periods to maturity subject to insignificant risk of changes of value. Cash at the end of the reporting period as shown in the Statement of Cash Flows is reconciled to the related items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

Total cash and equivalent assets	5a	844	3,153
Balances per Statement of Cash Flows		844	3,153

(b) Reconciliation of Operating Result

Net surplus/(deficit)		32,819	1,535
Non-cash items in income statements			
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment		11,643	11,010
Movements in equity accounted investments (increase)/decrease		(100)	47
Physical resources received free of charge		(7,268)	(2,832)
Grants for capital acquisitions treated as investing activity		(28,337)	(1,966)
Net (gain)/loss on disposals		973	2,497
Amounts expensed directly out of Other Reserves throughout the year		(86)	—
		9,644	10,291
Add (less): changes in net current assets			
Net (increase)/decrease in receivables		330	(305)
Net (increase)/decrease in inventories		(110)	122
Net increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables		638	469
Net increase/(decrease) in unpaid employee benefits		144	(49)
Net increase/(decrease) in other provisions		9	23
Net cash provided by (or used in) operations		10,655	10,551

(c) Non-cash financing and investing activities

Acquisition of assets by means of:

Physical resources received free of charge	2i	7,268	2,832
Amounts recognised in income statement		7,268	2,832
Total non-cash financing and investing activities		7,268	2,832

(d) Financing arrangements

Unrestricted access was available at balance date to the following lines of credit:

Bank overdrafts	250	300
Corporate credit cards	75	79
LGFA cash advance debenture facility	11,750	10,700

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 12. Financial instruments

Recognised financial instruments

Bank, deposits at call, short term deposits

Accounting Policy:

Initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost; interest is recognised when earned.

Terms & Conditions:

Deposits with the Local Government Finance Authority returned interest rates between 4.15% and 4.55% (2024: 4.30% and 4.55%). Deposits with NAB returned interest rates between 3.95% and 4.70% (2024: 4.20% - 4.70%).

Carrying Amount:

Approximates fair value due to the short term to maturity.

Receivables - rates and associated charges (including legals and penalties for late payment)

Accounting Policy:

Initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. An impairment provision is recognised using the expected credit loss method.

Terms & Conditions:

Secured over the subject land, arrears attract interest of 9.15% (2024: 9.05%). Seniors who postpone their rates pay 3% less per annum. Council is not materially exposed to any individual debtor, credit risk exposure is concentrated within the Council's boundaries in the State.

Carrying Amount:

Approximates fair value (after deduction of any allowance).

Receivables - fees and other charges

Accounting Policy:

Initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. An impairment provision is recognised using the expected credit loss method.

Terms & Conditions:

Unsecured, and do not bear interest. Council is not materially exposed to any individual debtor, credit risk exposure is concentrated within the Council's boundaries.

Carrying Amount:

Approximates fair value (after deduction of any allowance).

Receivables - other levels of government

Accounting Policy:

Initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. An impairment provision is recognised using the expected credit loss method.

Terms & Conditions:

Amounts due have been calculated in accordance with the terms and conditions of the respective programs following advice of approvals, and do not bear interest. All amounts are due by Departments and Agencies of State and Federal Governments.

Carrying Amount:

Approximates fair value.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 12. Financial instruments (continued)

Liabilities - creditors and accruals

Accounting Policy:

Liabilities are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Council.

Terms & Conditions:

Liabilities are normally settled on 30 day terms.

Carrying Amount:

Approximates fair value.

Liabilities - interest bearing borrowings

Accounting Policy:

Initially recognised at fair value and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest rate.

Terms & Conditions:

Secured over future revenues, fixed borrowings are repayable by equal half yearly instalments of principal and interest; interest is charged at fixed rates between 2.05% and 6.85% (2024: 2.05% and 7.02%). Variable borrowings accessed during 2024-25 from the Local Government Finance Authority cash advance debenture is charged at variable rates between 5.50% and 6.15% (2024: 5.30% and 6.15%).

Carrying Amount:

Approximates fair value.

Liabilities - leases

Accounting Policy:

Accounted for in accordance with AASB 16 as stated in Note 17.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 12. Financial instruments (continued)

\$ '000	Due < 1 year	Due > 1 year and ≤ 5 years	Due > 5 years	Total Contractual Cash Flows	Carrying Values
Financial assets and liabilities					
2025					
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	844	—	—	844	844
Receivables	2,660	—	—	2,660	2,553
Other financial assets	—	1,334	1,259	2,593	2,087
Total financial assets	3,504	1,334	1,259	6,097	5,484
Financial liabilities					
Payables	4,335	—	—	4,335	4,335
Current borrowings	855	—	—	855	687
Non-current borrowings	—	5,145	27,759	32,904	32,301
Lease liabilities	11	3	—	14	14
Total financial liabilities	5,201	5,148	27,759	38,108	37,337
Total financial assets and liabilities	8,705	6,482	29,018	44,205	42,821
2024					
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	3,153	—	—	3,153	3,153
Receivables	2,941	—	—	2,941	2,888
Other financial assets	—	772	600	1,372	1,228
Total financial assets	6,094	772	600	7,466	7,269
Financial liabilities					
Payables	4,851	—	—	4,851	4,347
Current borrowings	3,767	—	—	3,767	3,540
Non-current borrowings	—	2,044	10,158	12,202	11,858
Lease liabilities	18	13	—	31	31
Total financial liabilities	8,636	2,057	10,158	20,851	19,776
Total financial assets and liabilities	14,730	2,829	10,758	28,317	27,045

The following interest rates were applicable to Council's borrowings at balance date:

\$ '000	2025		2024	
	Weighted Avg Interest Rate	Carrying Value	Weighted Avg Interest Rate	Carrying Value
Fixed interest rates	5.40%	32,988	5.94%	15,398
		32,988		15,398

Net fair value

All carrying values approximate fair value for all recognised financial instruments. There is no recognised market for the financial assets of the Council.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 12. Financial instruments (continued)

Risk exposures

Credit risk represents the loss that would be recognised if counterparties fail to perform as contracted. The maximum credit risk on financial assets of the Council is the carrying amount, net of any impairment. All Council investments are made with the SA Local Government Finance Authority and are guaranteed by the SA Government. Except as detailed in Notes 5 and 6 in relation to individual classes of receivables, exposure is concentrated within the Council's boundaries, and there is no material exposure to any individual debtor.

Market risk is the risk that fair values of financial assets will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices. All of Council's financial assets are denominated in Australian dollars and are not traded on any market, and hence neither market risk nor currency risk apply.

Liquidity risk is the risk that Council will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations with financial liabilities. In accordance with the model Treasury Management Policy (LGA Information Paper 15), liabilities have a range of maturity dates. Council also has available a range of bank overdraft and standby borrowing facilities that it can access.

Interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Council has a balance of both fixed and variable interest rate borrowings and investments. Cash flow fluctuations are managed holistically in seeking to minimise interest costs over the longer term in a risk averse manner.

Note 13. Capital expenditure commitments

\$ '000	2025	2024
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Capital commitments

Capital expenditure committed for at the reporting date but not recognised in the financial statements as liabilities:

Buildings	7,709	437
Community Services	488	—
Community Wastewater Management Scheme	2,499	—
Environment	40	—
Information technology	601	429
Plant and equipment	540	386
Recreation	1,244	5,900
Roads	758	2,708
Stormwater and drainage	—	62
Tourism	—	938
	13,879	10,860

These expenditures are payable:

Not later than one year	13,879	8,564
Later than one year and not later than 5 years	—	2,296
	13,879	10,860

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 14. Financial indicators

\$ '000	Amounts 2025	Indicator 2025	Indicators 2024	Indicators 2023
Financial Indicators overview				
These Financial Indicators have been calculated in accordance with Information paper 9 - Local Government Financial Indicators prepared as part of the LGA Financial Sustainability Program for the Local Government Association of South Australia.				
1. Operating Surplus Ratio				
Operating surplus	493	0.9%	(2.5)%	2.1%
Total operating income	52,701			
This ratio expresses the operating surplus as a percentage of total operating revenue.				
2. Net Financial Liabilities Ratio				
Net financial liabilities	37,385	71%	37%	20%
Total operating income	52,701			
Net Financial Liabilities are defined as total liabilities less financial assets (excluding equity accounted investments in Council businesses). These are expressed as a percentage of total operating revenue.				
Adjustments to Ratios				
In recent years the Federal Government has made advance payments prior to 30 June from future year allocations of financial assistance grants, as explained in Note 1. These adjusted ratios correct for the resulting distortion in key ratios for each year and provide a more accurate basis for comparison.				
Adjusted Operating Surplus Ratio				
Adjusted operating surplus (deficit)	(1,279)	(2.5)%	2.0%	0.5%
Adjusted total operating income	50,929			
Adjusted Net Financial Liabilities Ratio				
Adjusted net financial liabilities	38,958	76%	36%	25%
Adjusted total operating income	50,929			
3. Asset Renewal Funding Ratio				
Asset renewals	9,826	84%	123%	113%
Infrastructure and Asset Management Plan required expenditure	11,746			

Net asset renewals expenditure is defined as net capital expenditure on the renewal and replacement of existing assets, and excludes new capital expenditure on the acquisition of additional assets.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 15. Uniform presentation of finances

\$ '000	2025	2024
The following is a high level summary of both operating and capital investment activities of the Council prepared on a simplified Uniform Presentation Framework basis. All Councils in South Australia have agreed to summarise annual budgets and long-term financial plans on the same basis. The arrangements ensure that all Councils provide a common 'core' of financial information, which enables meaningful comparisons of each Council's finances.		
<u>Income</u>		
Rates	39,947	37,956
Statutory charges	923	830
User charges	4,038	3,827
Grants, subsidies and contributions - capital	1,028	483
Grants, subsidies and contributions - operating	5,457	1,420
Investment income	233	277
Reimbursements	2	3
Other income	973	1,243
Net gain - equity accounted council businesses	100	(47)
Total Income	52,701	45,992
<u>Expenses</u>		
Employee costs	(18,798)	(17,817)
Materials, contracts and other expenses	(20,223)	(17,533)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	(11,643)	(11,010)
Finance costs	(1,544)	(771)
Total Expenses	(52,208)	(47,131)
Operating surplus / (deficit)	493	(1,139)
Net timing adjustment for general purpose grant funding	(1,372)	2,086
Less: grants, subsidies and contributions - capital	(1,028)	(483)
Add: Roads to Recovery funding	628	—
Adjusted Operating surplus / (deficit)	(1,279)	464
Net outlays on existing assets		
Capital expenditure on renewal and replacement of existing assets	(9,826)	(6,940)
Add back depreciation, amortisation and impairment	11,643	11,010
Add back proceeds from sale of replaced assets	358	281
	2,175	4,351
Net outlays on new and upgraded assets		
Capital expenditure on new and upgraded assets	(44,169)	(13,651)
Add back grants, subsidies and contributions - capital new/upgraded	1,028	483
Add back amounts received specifically for new and upgraded assets	22,859	1,966
	(20,282)	(11,202)
Annual net impact to financing activities (surplus/(deficit))	(19,386)	(6,387)

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 16. Leases

(i) Council as a lessee

Terms and conditions of leases

Right-of-use assets - terms and conditions

Refer to Note 1 for further details.

Land

Right-of-use assets leased include land at Angaston for a radio transmission site.

Plant and Equipment

Right-of-use assets include photocopiers, a mower and computer servers.

(a) Right-of-use assets

\$ '000	Land	Plant and Equipment	Total
2025			
Set out below are the carrying amounts of right-of-use assets recognised within the above asset categories and the movements during the period:			
Opening balance	–	30	30
Additions to right-of-use assets	–	–	–
Depreciation charge	–	(17)	(17)
Disposal carrying value	–	–	–
Balance at 30 June	–	13	13
2024			
Opening balance	1	97	98
Additions to right-of-use assets	–	–	–
Depreciation charge	(1)	(67)	(68)
Disposal carrying value	–	–	–
Balance at 30 June	–	30	30

(b) Lease liabilities

Set out below are the carrying amounts of lease liabilities (included under Borrowings) and the movements during the period:

\$ '000	2025	2024
Balance at 1 July	31	99
Additions	–	–
Accretion of interest	–	1
Payments	(17)	(69)
Disposal liability due	–	–
Balance at 30 June	14	31
Classified as:		
Current	11	18
Non-current	3	13

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities is included in Note 12.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 16. Leases (continued)

\$ '000	2025	2024
The Council had total cash outflows for leases of \$245,000 (2024: \$259,000). The following are the amounts recognised in profit or loss:		
Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets	17	67
Interest expense on lease liabilities	–	1
Expenses relating to leases of low-value assets/short-term leases	228	190
Total amount recognised in profit or loss	245	258

(ii) Council as a lessor

Council owns various buildings, plant and other facilities that are available for hire or lease (on a non-cancellable basis wherever practicable) in accordance with the published revenue policy. Rentals received from such leases are included in Note 2 as lease fees, hall or equipment hire and recreation park fees.

\$ '000	2025	2024
Future minimum rentals receivable under non-cancellable operating leases as at 30 June, are as follows:		
Not later than one year	52	46
Later than one year and not later than 5 years	98	128
Later than 5 years	60	142
	210	316

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 17. Superannuation

Council makes employer superannuation contributions in respect of its employees to schemes selected by employees under "choice of fund" legislation. Council uses Hostplus as its default superannuation fund. With Hostplus, there are two types of membership, each of which is funded differently. Permanent and contract employees of the South Australian Local Government sector with Salarylink benefits prior to 24 November 2009 have the option to contribute to the Accumulation section and/or Salarylink. All other employees who are Hostplus members (including casuals) have all contributions allocated to the Accumulation section (Marketlink).

Council's subsidiary, Nuriootpa Centennial Park Authority, makes contributions to other superannuation schemes.

Accumulation only members

Accumulation only members receive both employer and employee contributions on a progressive basis. Employer contributions are based on a fixed percentage of ordinary time earnings in accordance with superannuation guarantee legislation (11.50% in 2024-25; 11.00% in 2023-24). No further liability accrues to the Council as the superannuation benefits accruing to employees are represented by their share of the net assets of the Fund.

Salarylink (Defined Benefit Fund) members

Salarylink is a defined benefit scheme where the benefit payable is based on a formula determined by the member's contribution rate, number of years and level of contribution and final average salary. Council makes employer contributions to Salarylink as determined by the Fund's Trustee based on advice from the appointed Actuary. The rate is currently 6.3% (6.3% in 2023-24) of "superannuation" salary.

In addition, Council makes a separate contribution of 3% of ordinary time earnings for Salarylink members to their Accumulation account. Employees also make member contributions to the Salarylink section of the Fund. As such, assets accumulate in the Salarylink section of the Fund to meet the member's benefits, as defined in the Trust Deed, as they accrue.

The Salarylink section is a multi-employer sponsored plan. As the Salarylink section's assets and liabilities are pooled and are not allocated by each employer, and employees may transfer to another employer within the local government sector and retain membership of the Fund, the Actuary is unable to allocate benefit liabilities, assets and costs between employers. As provided by AASB 119.34(a), Council does not use defined benefit accounting for these contributions.

The most recent actuarial investigation was conducted by the Fund's actuary, Louise Campbell, FIAA, of Willis Towers Watson as at 30 June 2023. The Trustee has determined that the current funding arrangements are adequate for the expected Salarylink liabilities. However, future financial and economic circumstances may require changes to Council's contribution rates in the future.

Contributions to other superannuation schemes

Council also makes contributions to other superannuation schemes selected by employees under the "choice of fund" legislation. All such schemes are of the accumulation type, where the superannuation benefits accruing to the employee are represented by their share of the net assets of the scheme, and no further liability attaches to the Council.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 18. Interests in other entities

All joint ventures and associates are required to prepare Annual Financial Statements that comply with the SA Local Government Model Financial Statements.

\$ '000	Council's Share of Net Income		Council's Share of Net Assets	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Council's share of net income				
Joint ventures	100	(47)	4,618	4,518
Total Council's share of net income	100	(47)	4,618	4,518

(a) Carrying amounts

\$ '000	Principal Activity	2025	2024
Gawler River Floodplain Management Authority	Flood mitigation	4,585	4,488
Northern and Yorke Local Government Association	Local Government regional collaboration	33	30
Total carrying amounts - joint ventures and associates		4,618	4,518

Gawler River Floodplain Management Authority

Established in 2002, this organisation is responsible for the construction, operation and maintenance of flood mitigation infrastructure in the Gawler River area.

Northern and Yorke Local Government Association

Established in 1998, this organisation is formed under Section 43 of the *Local Government Act 1999* to allow membership Councils to approach regional issues in a collaborative manner.

(b) Relevant interests

	Interest in Operating Result		Ownership Share of Equity		Proportion of Voting Power	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
Gawler River Floodplain Management Authority	10.95%	10.61%	10.95%	10.61%	15.38%	15.38%
Northern and Yorke Local Government Association	6.67%	6.67%	6.67%	6.67%	6.67%	6.67%

(c) Movement in investment in joint venture or associate

\$ '000	Gawler River Floodplain Management Authority		Northern and Yorke Local Government Association	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Opening balance	4,488	2,230	30	33
Share in operating result	(47)	(66)	3	(3)
Share in other comprehensive income	—	2,302	—	—
Adjustments to equity	144	22	—	—
Council's equity share in the joint venture or associate	4,585	4,488	33	30

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 18. Interests in other entities (continued)

(d) Summarised financial information of the equity accounted business

\$ '000	Gawler River Floodplain Management Authority		Northern and Yorke Local Government Association	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Statement of Financial Position				
Cash and cash equivalents	25	41	435	486
Other current assets	53	211	34	2
Non-current assets	41,901	42,607	44	10
Total assets	41,979	42,859	513	498
Current trade and other payables	100	202	9	8
Current financial liabilities	5	353	–	–
Current provisions	–	–	9	41
Total liabilities	105	555	18	49
Net Assets	41,874	42,304	495	449
Statement of Comprehensive Income				
Other income	–	271	252	245
Subscriptions, grants, subsidies and other contributions	502	289	70	107
Investment Income	1	1	26	28
Total income	503	561	348	380
Employee costs	–	–	186	239
Materials, contracts & other expenses	176	421	112	189
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	706	706	4	3
Other	51	56	–	–
Total expenses	933	1,183	302	431
Operating result	(430)	(622)	46	(51)
Other comprehensive income	–	21,699	–	–
Total comprehensive income	(430)	21,077	46	(51)

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 19. Contingencies and assets/liabilities not recognised in the balance sheet

The following assets and liabilities do not qualify for recognition in the Statement of Financial Position, but knowledge of these items is considered relevant to the users of the financial report in making and evaluating decisions about the allocation of scarce resources.

1. Land under roads

Council has elected not to recognise land under roads as an asset in accordance with AASB 1051 Land Under Roads. Council is of the opinion that it is not possible to attribute a value sufficiently reliably for these assets to qualify for recognition, and accordingly land under roads has not been recognised in these reports. Land acquired for road purposes during the year is initially recognised at cost, but transferred to fair value at reporting date, effectively writing off the expenditure.

2. Potential insurance losses

Council is a multi-purpose organisation providing a large range of building, parks, infrastructure, playgrounds and other facilities accessible to the public. At any time, it is likely that claims will have been made against Council that remain unsettled.

Council insures against all known insurable risks using a range of insurance policies, each of which is subject to deductible insurance excesses, the amount of which varies according to the class of insurance.

Council has recognised the potential losses arising from claims known at reporting date, if applicable, based on average historical net cost (including insurance excess) of similar types of claims. Other potential claims not reported to Council may have existed at reporting date.

3. Legal expenses

Council's Assessment Panel is the planning consent authority for its area under the *Planning, Development and Infrastructure Act 2016*. Under the Act, certain persons aggrieved by a planning decision of the Assessment Panel may appeal. It is normal practice that parties bear their own legal costs. Appeals may be conducted as a result of decisions by the Assessment Panel, or by Council on behalf of residents in relation to enforcement of use conditions, or by Council acting on behalf of the community in relation to proposed development that would adversely affect the region. There were appeals against the Barossa Assessment Panel in 2024-25.

The Barossa Council is a party to a supreme court challenge seeking damages from Council under a contract with the company TTEG related to street lighting charges. Council's potential exposure is estimated to be \$90,719.64 in damages plus costs and interest if the court rules against the Council's defence. This exposure is not disclosed in the financial accounts of Council as there is no liability that has or as at 30 June is likely to arise to any certainty that meets the relevant accounting standard.

Note 20. Events after the balance sheet date

Events that occur after the reporting date of 30 June 2025, up to and including the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue have been taken into account in preparing these statements.

Council has adopted the date of receipt of the Auditor's Report as the appropriate authorised for issue date relating to these General Purpose Financial Statements.

Council is unaware of any material or significant 'non-adjusting events' that require disclosure.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 21. Related party transactions

Key management personnel

Transactions with key management personnel

The key management personnel of the Council includes the Mayor, 11 Councillors, the CEO, 7 employees who were part of the Executive Leadership Team or who acted in positions which met the definition of a key management personnel throughout the year, and 8 Board Members and employees of the Nuriootpa Centennial Park Authority - Total 28 (2024: 28).

All close family members of key management personnel were employed through an arm's length process. They are paid in accordance with the Award for the job they perform. The Council employed 175.3 FTEs as at the end of the reporting period of which only 1 is a close family member of a key management personnel.

\$'000	2025	2024
Key management personnel employee expenses for close family members	102	96
Total	102	96

Amounts paid as direct reimbursement of expenses incurred on behalf of the Council have not been included.

Payments to related party entities totalled \$15,295 in 2024-25 (2024: Nil).

\$ '000	2025	2024
The compensation paid to key management personnel comprises:		
Salaries, allowances and other short-term benefits	1,446	1,396
Post-employment benefits	125	111
Long-term benefits	25	—
Termination benefits	—	—
Total	1,596	1,507

Other related party transactions

Council provides work and support in-kind for accounting, governance, asset management and executive services, along with being the conduit for electricity, insurance, loans, CWMS and other services for its subsidiary Nuriootpa Centennial Park Authority. The Authority maintains a Council recreation park at Nuriootpa for community benefit purposes including various sporting activities. The Authority's information as at the reporting date has been included in the accounts within this report and any inter-company transactions have been eliminated on consolidation.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of the Barossa Council

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial report of the Barossa Council (the Council), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2025, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the Council Certificate of the Barossa Council.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report presents fairly, in all material aspects, the financial position of the Council as at 30 June 2025, and its financial performance and its cash flow for the year then ended in accordance with the Australia Accounting Standards, Local Government Act 1999 and Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Council in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110: *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (Including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Council's responsibility for the financial report

Council is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations), the *Local Government Act 1999* and the *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011* and for such internal control as Council determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, Council is responsible for assessing the Council's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Council either intends to liquidate the Council or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Council's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibility for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit of the financial report in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Council's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Council's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Council to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

GALPINS ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS & BUSINESS CONSULTANTS



Tim Muhlhausler CA, Registered Company Auditor
Partner

8 December 2025



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Galpins Trading Pty Ltd
ABN: 89 656 702 886

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under Professional Standards Legislation

To the members of The Barossa Council

Opinion

We have audited the compliance of the Barossa Council (the Council) with the requirements of Section 125 of the *Local Government Act 1999* in relation only to the Internal Controls established by the Council to ensure that financial transactions relating to the receipt, expenditure and investment of money, acquisition and disposal of property and incurring of liabilities for the period 1 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 have been conducted properly and in accordance with law.

In our opinion, the Barossa Council has complied, in all material respects, with *Section 125 of the Local Government Act 1999* in relation to Internal Controls established by the Council in relation to the receipt, expenditure and investment of money, acquisition and disposal of property and incurring of liabilities so as to provide reasonable assurance that the financial transactions of the Council have been conducted properly and in accordance with law for the period 1 July 2024 to 30 June 2025.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our engagement in accordance with applicable Australian Standards on Assurance Engagement ASAE 3000 *Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information* and ASAE 3150 *Assurance Engagements on Controls*, issued by the Australian Auditing and Assurance Standards Board, in order to state whether, in all material respects, the Council has complied with Section 125 of the *Local Government Act 1999* in relation only to the internal controls specified above for the period 1 July 2024 to 30 June 2025. ASAE 3000 also requires us to comply with the relevant ethical requirements of the Australian professional accounting bodies.

We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The Council's responsibility for internal controls

The Council is responsible for implementing and maintaining an adequate system of internal controls, in accordance with Section 125 of the *Local Government Act 1999* to ensure that the receipt, expenditure and investment of money, acquisition and disposal of property, and incurring of liabilities have been conducted properly and in accordance with law.

Our independence and quality control

We have complied with the independence and other relevant ethical requirements relating to assurance engagements, and applied Auditing Standard ASQM 1 *Quality Management for Firms that Perform Audits or Reviews of Financial Reports and Other Financial Information, or Other Assurance or Related Services Engagements* in undertaking this assurance engagement.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Council's compliance with Section 125 of the *Local Government Act 1999* in relation only to the internal controls established by the Council to ensure that financial transactions relating to receipt, expenditure and investment of money, acquisition and disposal of property and incurring of liabilities have been conducted properly and in accordance with law, based on our procedures. Our engagement has been conducted in accordance with applicable Australian Standards on Assurance Engagements ASAE 3000 *Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Information* and ASAE 3150 *Assurance Engagements on Controls*, issued by the Australian Auditing and Assurance Standards Board, in order to state whether, in all material respects, the Council has complied with Section 125 of the *Local Government Act 1999* in relation only to the internal controls specified above for the period 1 July 2024 to 30 June 2025. ASAE 3000 also requires us to comply with the relevant ethical requirements for the Australian professional accounting bodies.

Limitations of controls

Because of the inherent limitations of any internal control structure it is possible that, even if the controls are suitably designed and operating effectively, the control objectives may not be achieved so that fraud, error, or non-compliance with laws and regulations may occur and not be detected.

An assurance engagement on controls is not designed to detect all instances of controls operating ineffectively as it is not performed continuously throughout the period and the tests performed are on a sample basis. Any projection of the outcome of the evaluation of controls to future periods is subject to the risk that the controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with them may deteriorate.

Limitation of use

This report has been prepared for the members of the Council in Accordance with Section 129 of the *Local Government Act 1999* in relation to the internal controls specified above. We disclaim any assumption of responsibility for any reliance on this report to any persons or users other than the members of the Council, or for any purpose other than that for which it was prepared.

GALPINS ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS & BUSINESS CONSULTANTS

Tim Muhlhausler CA, Registered Company Auditor
Partner

8 December 2025

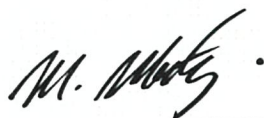
The Barossa Council

General Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

Certification of Auditor Independence

To the best of our knowledge and belief, we confirm that, for the purpose of the audit of The Barossa Council for the year ended 30 June 2025, the Council's Auditor, Galpins Accountants, Auditors and Business Consultants has maintained its independence in accordance with the requirements of the *Local Government Act 1999* and the *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011* made under that Act.

This statement is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 22(3) *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011*.



Martin McCarthy
Chief Executive Officer



Peter Brass
Presiding Member, Audit and Risk Committee

Date: 2 December 2025



THE BAROSSA COUNCIL

GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2025

Statement by Auditor

I confirm that, for the audit of the financial statements of the Barossa Council for the year ended 30 June 2025, I have maintained my independence in accordance with the requirements of APES 110 – *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (Including Independence Standards)*, Part 4A, published by the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board, in accordance with the *Local Government Act 1999* and the *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011* made under that Act.

This statement is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 22 (5) *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 2011*.

GALPINS ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS & BUSINESS CONSULTANTS

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under Professional Standards Legislation

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'Tim Muhlhausler'.

Tim Muhlhausler CA, Registered Company Auditor

Partner

8 December 2025



Nuriootpa Centennial Park Authority

GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
for the year ended 30 June 2025

General Purpose Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

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Nuriootpa Centennial Park Authority

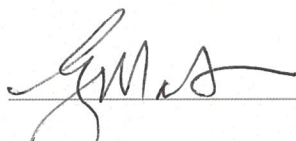
General Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

Certification of Financial Statements

We have been authorised by the Nuriootpa Centennial Park Authority to certify the financial statements in their final form.

In our opinion:

- the accompanying financial statements comply with the *Local Government Act 1999, Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011* and Australian Accounting Standards,
- the financial statements present a true and fair view of the Nuriootpa Centennial Park Authority's financial position at 30 June 2025 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the financial year,
- internal controls implemented by the Nuriootpa Centennial Park Authority provide a reasonable assurance that the Nuriootpa Centennial Park Authority's financial records are complete, accurate and reliable and were effective throughout the financial year,
- the financial statements accurately reflect the Nuriootpa Centennial Park Authority's accounting and other records.



Guy Martin
CHAIR

Date: 11-12-25



Tanya Pumpa
BUSINESS MANAGER

Date: 11-12-25

Statement of Comprehensive Income

for the year ended 30 June 2025

\$	Notes	2025	2024
Income			
User charges	2a	2,858,275	2,568,978
Grants, subsidies and contributions - operating	2c	—	13,423
Investment income	2b	4,049	5,576
Other income		4,971	—
Total income		2,867,295	2,587,977
Expenses			
Employee costs	3a	1,216,159	1,120,737
Materials, contracts and other expenses	3b	1,306,960	934,350
Depreciation and amortisation	3c	696,723	552,214
Finance costs	3d	12,206	19,006
Total expenses		3,232,048	2,626,307
Operating surplus / (deficit)		(364,753)	(38,330)
Physical resources received free of charge	2d	3,619,019	2,122
Asset disposal and fair value adjustments	4	(6,788)	(23,900)
Net surplus / (deficit)		3,247,478	(60,108)
Other comprehensive income			
Amounts which will not be reclassified subsequently to operating result			
Change in revaluation surplus - infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	9	2,324,804	(1,313,561)
Total other comprehensive income		2,324,804	(1,313,561)
Total comprehensive income		5,572,282	(1,373,669)

The above Statement of Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of Financial Position

as at 30 June 2025

\$	Notes	2025	2024
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalent assets	5a	735,528	318,674
Trade and other receivables	5b	30,746	28,534
Inventories	5c	3,311	3,410
Total current assets		769,585	350,618
Non-current assets			
Trade and other receivables	6a	2	2
Other non-current assets	6b	94,529	277,519
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	7	18,641,673	13,325,808
Total non-current assets		18,736,204	13,603,329
TOTAL ASSETS		19,505,789	13,953,947
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	8a	239,345	196,684
Borrowings	8b	100,852	98,816
Provisions	8c	60,009	45,310
Total current liabilities		400,206	340,810
Non-current liabilities			
Borrowings	8b	424,621	525,472
Provisions	8c	21,491	476
Total non-current liabilities		446,112	525,948
TOTAL LIABILITIES		846,318	866,758
Net assets		18,659,471	13,087,189
EQUITY			
Accumulated surplus		10,386,186	7,138,708
Asset revaluation reserve	9	8,273,285	5,948,481
Total equity		18,659,471	13,087,189

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of Changes in Equity

for the year ended 30 June 2025

\$	Accumulated surplus	Asset revaluation reserve	Total equity
2025			
Balance as at 1 July	7,138,708	5,948,481	13,087,189
Net surplus / (deficit) for year	3,247,478	–	3,247,478
Other comprehensive income			
Gain (loss) on revaluation of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	–	2,324,804	2,324,804
Other comprehensive income	–	2,324,804	2,324,804
Total comprehensive income	3,247,478	2,324,804	5,572,282
Balance at the end of period	10,386,186	8,273,285	18,659,471
2024			
Balance as at 1 July	7,198,816	7,262,042	14,460,858
Net surplus / (deficit) for year	(60,108)	–	(60,108)
Other comprehensive income			
Gain (loss) on revaluation of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	–	(1,313,561)	(1,313,561)
Other comprehensive income	–	(1,313,561)	(1,313,561)
Total comprehensive income	(60,108)	(1,313,561)	(1,373,669)
Balance at the end of period	7,138,708	5,948,481	13,087,189

The above Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of Cash Flows

for the year ended 30 June 2025

\$	Notes	2025	2024
Cash flows from operating activities			
<u>Receipts</u>			
User charges		3,126,608	2,820,875
Grants, subsidies and contributions		—	13,423
Investment receipts		4,049	5,576
Other receipts		(146,774)	(245,723)
<u>Payments</u>			
Payments to employees		(1,185,832)	(1,157,473)
Payments for materials, contracts and other expenses		(1,177,524)	(899,853)
Finance payments		(12,295)	(19,092)
Net cash provided by (or used in) operating activities	10b	608,232	517,733
Cash flows from investing activities			
<u>Receipts</u>			
Sale of replaced assets		455	909
<u>Payments</u>			
Expenditure on renewal/replacement of assets		(52,893)	(318,794)
Expenditure on new/upgraded assets		(40,125)	(53,174)
Net cash provided by (or used in) investing activities		(92,563)	(371,059)
Cash flows from financing activities			
<u>Payments</u>			
Repayments of loans		(98,815)	(226,820)
Repayment of principal portion lease liabilities		—	(5,886)
Net cash provided by (or used in) financing activities		(98,815)	(232,706)
Net increase (decrease) in cash held		416,854	(86,032)
plus: cash & cash equivalents at beginning of period		318,674	404,706
Cash and cash equivalents held at end of period	10a	735,528	318,674
plus: investments on hand – end of year	6b	2	2
Total cash, cash equivalents and investments		735,530	318,676

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2025

Contents of the Notes accompanying the General Purpose Financial Statements

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Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 1. Summary of Material Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies adopted by the Nuriootpa Centennial Park Authority (the Authority) in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Basis of preparation

1.1 Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards

This general purpose financial report has been prepared on a going concern basis using the historical cost convention (except as stated below) in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards as they apply to not-for-profit entities, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, Interpretations and relevant South Australian legislation.

In the current year, the Authority adopted all of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that are relevant to its operations and effective for the current reporting period. The adoption of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations has not resulted in any material changes to the Authority's accounting policies.

The financial report was authorised for issue by certificate under Regulation 14 of the *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011*.

1.2 Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates, and requires management to exercise its judgement in applying the Authority's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are specifically referred to in the relevant sections of these Notes.

1.3 Rounding

All amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest dollar.

(2) The reporting entity

The Authority is a subsidiary of The Barossa Council (the Council) pursuant to Section 42 of the *Local Government Act 1999*. The Authority's principal place of business is located at Penrice Road Nuriootpa and it has been established with the following objects and purposes:

- To promote and market the Authority precinct;
- To position the Authority precinct in a way that sustains retail, business and economic growth and supports economic viability for the region;
- To enhance and sustain the commercial aspects of the Authority precinct to ensure ongoing competitiveness;
- To provide positive and productive engagement and partnership with key stakeholders of the Authority and the Authority precinct to achieve ongoing sustainability;
- The development and success for the Authority and the Authority precinct;
- To prepare a strategic management plan for the Authority precinct;
- To refine and redefine the strategic management framework for the Authority precinct in response to changing circumstances;
- To promote the Authority precinct and to encourage its use by sporting bodies, residents, tourists, visitors and the community in general;
- To make recommendations to Council in relation to the maintenance and upgrade of the Authority precinct's existing infrastructure and physical appearance to ensure it is maintained to a high standard;
- To monitor that aspect of the annual budget approved by Council relating to the Authority's financial and general performance;
- Report regularly to Council on the Authority's financial and general performance;
- To promote and co-ordinate strategic management actions in a way that will ensure ongoing participation and commitment from stakeholders and the Council; and
- Ensure that information provided to the Council is accurate and that Council is kept informed of the solvency of the Authority as well as any material developments that may affect the operating capacity and financial affairs of the Authority.

(3) Income recognition

Income is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Income is recognised when the Authority obtains control over the assets comprising the income, or when the amount due constitutes an enforceable debt, whichever occurs first.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 1. Summary of Material Accounting Policies (continued)

Where grants, contributions and donations recognised as income during the reporting period were obtained on the condition that they be expended in a particular manner or used over a particular period, and those conditions were undischarged as at the reporting date, the amounts subject to those undischarged conditions are included in these notes.

(4) Cash, cash equivalents and other financial instruments

Cash assets include all amounts readily convertible to cash on hand at the Authority's option with an insignificant risk of changes in value with a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

All receivables are reviewed as at the reporting date and adequate allowance made for amounts the receipt of which is considered doubtful, if required.

All financial instruments are recognised at fair value at the date of recognition. A detailed statement of the accounting policies applied to financial instruments forms part of Note 11.

(5) Inventories

Inventories held in respect of stores have been valued at cost after adjustment for loss of service potential. Inventories held in respect of business undertakings have been valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

(6) Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment

6.1 Initial recognition

All assets are initially recognised at cost. For assets acquired at no cost or for nominal consideration, cost is determined as fair value at the date of acquisition.

All non-current assets purchased or constructed are capitalised as the expenditure is incurred and depreciated as soon as the asset is held ready for use. Cost is determined as the fair value of the assets given as consideration plus costs incidental to the acquisition, including architect and engineering design fees and all other costs incurred. The cost of non-current assets constructed by the Authority includes the cost of all materials used in construction, direct labour on the project and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead.

Capital works still in progress at balance date are recognised as other non-current assets and transferred to infrastructure, property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

6.2 Materiality

Assets with an economic life in excess of one year are only capitalised where the cost of acquisition exceeds materiality thresholds established by the Authority for each type of asset. In determining (and in annually reviewing) such thresholds, regard is had to the nature of the asset and its estimated service life. No capitalisation threshold is applied to the acquisition of land or interests in land. Capitalisation thresholds applied during the year shown below. Any new or upgrade work below these threshold amounts will be expensed.

Buildings *

- Buildings (including toilets) \$20,000
- Sheds, pergolas, cabins, carports and other structures \$10,000
- Buildings at componentisation \$50,000

Infrastructure \$5,000

Plant and equipment \$5,000

Right-of-use assets \$15,000

All other assets \$5,000

* These assets are capitalised when replacing/renewing assets that are >10% of the depreciable replacement value

6.3 Subsequent recognition

All material asset classes are revalued on a regular basis such that the carrying values are not materially different from fair value. For infrastructure and other asset classes where no active market exists, fair value is determined to be the current replacement cost of an asset less, where applicable, accumulated depreciation calculated on the basis of such cost to reflect the already consumed or expired future economic benefits of the asset. Further detail of existing valuations, methods and valuers are provided at Note 7.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 1. Summary of Material Accounting Policies (continued)

6.4 Depreciation of non-current assets

Other than land, all infrastructure, property, plant and equipment assets recognised are systematically depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis which, in the opinion of the Authority, best reflects the consumption of the service potential embodied in those assets.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values of classes of assets are reviewed annually.

Major depreciation periods for each class of asset are shown in the following table. Depreciation periods for infrastructure assets have been estimated based on the best information available to the Authority, but appropriate records covering the entire life cycle of these assets are not available, and extreme care should be used in interpreting financial information based on these estimates.

Depreciation periods per class of asset

Buildings	Complete	20 to 100 years
	Substructure	40 to 300 years
	Superstructure	20 to 300 years
	Roof structure	40 to 60 years
	Internal fit out	20 to 25 years
	Services	20 to 100 years
Infrastructure	Other	15 to 100 years
Plant and equipment	Plant and machines	3 to 20 years
	Right of use assets	Term of lease
	Vehicles	3 to 33 years
	Computer equipment	5 to 33 years

6.5 Impairment

Assets whose future economic benefits are not dependent on the ability to generate cash flows, and where the future economic benefits would be replaced if the Authority were deprived thereof, are not subject to impairment testing.

Other assets that are subject to depreciation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount (which is the higher of the present value of future cash inflows or value in use).

Where an asset that has been revalued is subsequently impaired, the impairment is first offset against such amount as stands to the credit of that class of assets in the asset revaluation reserve, any excess being recognised as an expense.

(7) Payables

7.1 Goods & Services

Creditors are amounts due to external parties for the supply of goods and services and are recognised as liabilities when the goods and services are received. Creditors are normally paid 30 days after the month of invoice. No interest is payable on these amounts.

7.2 Payments received in advance

Amounts received from external parties in advance of service delivery, and security deposits held against possible damage to the Authority's assets, are recognised as liabilities until the service is delivered or damage reinstated, or the amount is refunded as the case may be.

(8) Borrowings

Loans are carried at their principal amounts which represent the present value of future cash flows associated with servicing the debt. Interest is accrued over the period to which it relates, and is recorded as part of payables.

(9) Employee benefits

9.1 Salaries, wages & compensated absences

Liabilities for employees entitlements to salaries, wages and compensated absences expected to be paid or settled within 12 months of reporting date are accrued at nominal amounts (including payroll based oncosts) measured in accordance with AASB 119.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 1. Summary of Material Accounting Policies (continued)

Liabilities for employee benefits not expected to be paid or settled within 12 months are measured as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows (including payroll based oncosts) to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date. Present values are calculated using Government guaranteed securities rates with similar maturity terms.

No accrual is made for sick leave as the Authority's experience indicates that, on average, sick leave taken in each reporting period is less than the entitlement accruing in that period, and this experience is expected to recur in future reporting periods. The Authority does not make payment for untaken sick leave.

9.2 Superannuation

The Authority makes employer superannuation contributions in respect of its employees to the default fund Hostplus and also to other superannuation schemes selected by employees under the choice of fund legislation. All such schemes are of the accumulation type, where the superannuation benefits accruing to the employee are represented by their share of the net assets of the scheme, and no further liability attaches to the Authority.

(10) Leases

The Authority assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

10.1 The Authority as a lessee

The Authority recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

i) Right-of-use-assets

The Authority recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease. Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received and the estimate of costs to be incurred to restore the leased asset. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets - refer to 6.4 for details.

The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment - refer to 6.5 for details.

ii) Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Authority recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Authority uses its incremental borrowing rate or the interest rate implicit in the lease.

iii) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Authority applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of plant and equipment (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date). It also applies the low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of equipment that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(11) GST implications

In accordance with AASB Interpretation UIG Abstract 1031 Accounting for the Goods and Services Tax:

- Receivables and creditors include GST receivable and payable.
- Except in relation to input taxed activities, revenues and operating expenditures exclude GST receivable and payable.
- Non-current assets and capital expenditures include GST net of any recoupment.
- Amounts included in the Statement of Cash Flows are disclosed on a gross basis.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 1. Summary of Material Accounting Policies (continued)

(12) New accounting standards and UIG interpretations

New accounting standards, amendments to existing standards and UIG interpretations

The Authority applied for the first time certain new standards and amendments to existing standards, which are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024. The Authority has not early adopted any other standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

AASB 2020-1: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current

AASB 2020-1 amends AASB 101 to clarify requirements for the presentation of liabilities in the statement of financial position as current or non-current. It also clarifies the meaning of 'settlement of a liability'.

AASB 2022-6: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Non-current liabilities with Covenants

AASB 2022-6 amends AASB 101 to improve the information an entity provides in its financial statements about liabilities from loan arrangements for which the entity's right to defer settlement of those liabilities for at least 12 months after the reporting period is subject to the entity complying with conditions specified in the loan agreement.

AASB 2022-10: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Fair Value Measurement of Non-Financial Assets of Not-for-Profit Public Sector Entities.

AASB 2022-10 amends AASB 13 – Fair Value Measurement for the fair value measurements of non-financial assets of not-for-profit public sector entities not held primarily to generate net cash inflows.

The Authority has adopted all amendments mentioned above required for the year ended 30 June 2025. The adoption of these amendments did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

Standards issued by the AASB not yet effective

The AASB has issued new and amended Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that are not effective as of 30 June 2025. These standards have not yet been adopted by The Authority and will be incorporated into the financial statements upon their effective dates. The following list identifies all applicable new and amended Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that were issued but are not yet effective as of 30 June 2025.

AASB 2024-2: Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments

AASB 2024-2 amends AASB 9 Financial Instruments and AASB 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures to clarify how the contractual cash flows from financial assets should be assessed when determining their classification. The amendment also clarifies the derecognition requirements of financial liabilities that are settled through electronic payment systems.

This standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026.

The amendment is not expected to have a material impact on the financial statements once adopted.

AASB 18: Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements.

AASB 18 replaces AASB 101 as the standard describing the primary financial statements and sets out requirements for the presentation and disclosure of information in AASB-compliant financial statements. Amongst other changes, it introduces the concept of the 'management-defined performance measures' to financial statements and requires the classification of transactions presented within the statement of profit or loss within one of the five categories – operating, investing, financing, income taxes and discontinued operations. It also provides enhanced requirements for the aggregation and disaggregation of information.

This standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2028.

The Authority is currently assessing the impact the amendment will have on the financial statements once adopted.

(13) Comparative figures

To ensure comparability with the current reporting period's figures, some comparative period line items and amounts may have been reclassified or individually reported for the first time within these financial statements and/or the notes.

(14) Disclaimer

Nothing contained within these statements may be taken to be an admission of any liability to any person under any circumstance.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 2. Income

\$	2025	2024
(a) User charges		
Caravan park cabin fees	1,408,439	1,280,172
Caravan park permanent van fees	70,467	67,584
Caravan park site fees	1,182,698	1,081,785
Caravan park other user charges	133,279	100,113
Recreation park fees	21,548	13,091
Lease fees	32,652	20,957
Sports function centre fees	9,192	5,276
<u>Total user charges</u>	<u>2,858,275</u>	<u>2,568,978</u>
(b) Investment income		
- Banks and other	4,049	5,576
<u>Total investment income</u>	<u>4,049</u>	<u>5,576</u>
(c) Grants, subsidies and contributions		
Operating grants, subsidies and contributions		
Other grants, subsidies and contributions	–	13,423
<u>Total other grants, subsidies and contributions - operating</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>13,423</u>
<u>Total grants, subsidies and contributions</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>13,423</u>
(i) Sources of grants		
Other	–	13,423
<u>Total</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>13,423</u>
(d) Physical resources received free of charge		
Land and improvements	3,619,019	2,122
<u>Total physical resources received free of charge</u>	<u>3,619,019</u>	<u>2,122</u>

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 3. Expenses

\$	2025	2024
(a) Employee costs		
Salaries and wages	1,024,562	1,009,800
Employee leave expense	35,714	(19,698)
Superannuation - defined contribution plan contributions	114,914	102,235
Workers' compensation insurance	40,969	28,400
Total operating employee costs	1,216,159	1,120,737
Total number of employees (full time equivalent at end of reporting period)	10.5	9.5
(b) Materials, contracts and other expenses		
(i) Prescribed expenses		
Auditor's remuneration		
- Auditing the financial reports	3,121	3,060
Lease expense - low value assets / short term leases	1,968	2,094
Subtotal - prescribed expenses	5,089	5,154
(ii) Other materials, contracts and expenses		
Contractors	311,897	265,939
Energy	186,280	172,528
Legal expenses	—	8,785
Levies - other	5,677	5,328
Parts, accessories and consumables	126,820	142,025
Professional services	12,250	2,950
Sundry	151,388	78,731
Bank Charges	52,731	22,537
Communications and Information Technology	11,702	10,195
Water	95,299	77,101
Advertising	31,514	32,372
Insurance	57,737	57,012
Subscriptions and Memberships	58,576	53,493
Contributions and Donations	200,000	200
Subtotal - Other material, contracts and expenses	1,301,871	929,196
Total materials, contracts and other expenses	1,306,960	934,350
(c) Depreciation and amortisation		
(i) Depreciation and amortisation		
Buildings and other structures	465,355	323,336
Infrastructure	183,022	176,507
Right-of-use assets	—	6,633
Plant and equipment	48,346	45,738
Subtotal	696,723	552,214
Total depreciation and amortisation	696,723	552,214

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 3. Expenses (continued)

\$	2025	2024
(d) Finance costs		
Interest on loans	12,206	19,006
<u>Total finance costs</u>	<u>12,206</u>	<u>19,006</u>

Note 4. Asset disposal and fair value adjustments

\$	2025	2024
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment		
(i) Assets renewed or directly replaced		
Proceeds from disposal	455	909
Less: carrying amount of assets sold	(7,243)	(17,049)
<u>Gain (loss) on disposal</u>	<u>(6,788)</u>	<u>(16,140)</u>
(ii) Assets surplus to requirements		
Less: carrying amount of assets sold	–	(7,760)
<u>Gain (loss) on disposal</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>(7,760)</u>
<u>Net gain (loss) on disposal or revaluation of assets</u>	<u>(6,788)</u>	<u>(23,900)</u>

Note 5. Current assets

\$	2025	2024
(a) Cash and cash equivalent assets		
Cash on hand and at bank	77,574	38,769
Deposits at call	657,954	279,905
<u>Total cash and cash equivalent assets</u>	<u>735,528</u>	<u>318,674</u>

(b) Trade and other receivables

Accrued revenues	5,032	10,934
Debtors - general	8,005	2,774
Prepayments	17,638	14,755
Community Store Bonus	71	71
<u>Subtotal</u>	<u>30,746</u>	<u>28,534</u>
<u>Total trade and other receivables</u>	<u>30,746</u>	<u>28,534</u>

(c) Inventories

Stores and materials	3,311	3,410
<u>Total inventories</u>	<u>3,311</u>	<u>3,410</u>

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 6. Non-current assets

\$	2025	2024
(a) Trade and other receivables		
Other financial assets (investments)		
Community Store shares	2	2
Total other financial assets (investments)	2	2
<u>Total financial assets</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>
(b) Other non-current assets		
Capital work in progress	94,529	277,519
<u>Total other non-current assets</u>	<u>94,529</u>	<u>277,519</u>

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 7. Infrastructure, property, plant & equipment

Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment

\$	Fair Value Level	as at 30/06/24				Asset movements during the reporting period						as at 30/06/25			
		At Fair Value	At Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Carrying amount	Asset Additions New / Upgrade	Asset Additions Renewals	WDV of Asset Disposals	Depreciation Expense (Note 3c)	Revaluation Decrements to Equity (ARR) (Note 9)	Revaluation Increments to Equity (ARR) (Note 9)	At Fair Value	At Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Carrying amount
Land - community	3	2,022,000	—	—	2,022,000	—	—	—	—	—	243,000	2,265,000	—	—	2,265,000
Land - other	2	220,000	—	—	220,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	220,000	—	—	220,000
Buildings and other structures	3	11,951,848	1,343,829	(6,381,399)	6,914,278	2,870,346	37,066	(7,243)	(465,355)	—	1,952,271	15,240,705	2,907,412	(6,846,754)	11,301,363
Infrastructure	3	3,193,866	2,610,877	(2,004,719)	3,800,024	710,391	—	—	(183,022)	—	129,533	5,934,276	710,391	(2,187,741)	4,456,926
Right-of-use assets		—	23,877	(23,877)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Plant and equipment	3	—	789,146	(419,640)	369,506	77,224	—	—	(48,346)	—	—	—	866,371	(467,987)	398,384
Total infrastructure, property, plant and equipment		17,387,714	4,767,729	(8,829,635)	13,325,808	3,657,961	37,066	(7,243)	(696,723)	—	2,324,804	23,659,981	4,484,174	(9,502,482)	18,641,673
Comparatives		18,724,154	4,615,901	(8,312,037)	15,028,018	64,081	124,295	(24,809)	(552,214)	(1,318,000)	4,439	17,387,714	4,767,729	(8,829,635)	13,325,808

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 7. Infrastructure, property, plant & equipment (continued)

Valuation of infrastructure, property, plant & equipment

Valuation of assets

The fair value of assets and liabilities must be estimated in accordance with various Accounting Standards for either recognition and measurement requirements or for disclosure purposes.

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement requires all assets and liabilities measured at fair value to be assigned to a level in the fair value hierarchy as follows:

Level 1:

Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2:

Inputs other than quoted prices included with Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, directly or indirectly.

Level 3:

Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Refer to the previous page for the disclosure of the fair value levels of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment assets.

Information on valuations

Certain land, and the buildings and structures thereon, are shown above as being based on fair value hierarchy level 2 valuation inputs. They are based on prices for similar assets in an active market, with directly or indirectly observable adjustments for specific advantages or disadvantages attaching to the particular asset.

Land recognised at fair value level 3 has been valued as at 1 January 2025 applying Site Values per the Valuer General's valuation. The Valuer General describes their valuation method as follows:

Statutory property valuations aim to reflect market value and are based on how the market has performed in the prior calendar year. The Date of Valuation is 1 January, and valuations come into effect on 1 July each year. Mass appraisal is the primary valuation methodology adopted in South Australia and is a widely accepted methodology, utilised across many parts of the world. Through the course of the year, Land Services SA collect data, undertake research and analysis with the aid of sales evidence and market reports on behalf of the Valuer-General. Properties that are similar in nature, possibly due to locality, land size, property type, vintage, size of equivalent main area and use are grouped into sub-market groups. The research and analysis is utilised to indicate how the market has performed relative to each of those sub-market groups. The result of such analysis is the adoption of an index which is applied to every property within that particular group.

The Valuer General further notes that statutory valuations are used solely for the purposes of rating and taxing.

Council considers the Valuer General's valuation to be an appropriately accurate approximation of fair value. The number and/or value of unobservable inputs into these valuations are of a magnitude such that the valuation is most fairly described as being based on level 3 valuation inputs. For crown land, community land and other land subject to restrictions classified as level 3, whilst no discount rate has been applied, a significant unobservable input is a discount that theoretically applies to these land values in recognition of the 'restrictions' associated with the land, in particular the lack of ability to sell the land or put it to an alternative use.

There is normally no known market for the Authority's buildings, infrastructure and other assets (with the exception of the properties at level 2 valued using market fair value inputs). These assets are valued at depreciated current replacement cost. This method involves the determination of the cost to construct the asset (or its modern engineering equivalent) using current prices for materials and labour, the quantities of each being estimated based on recent experience of this Authority, or on industry construction guides where these are more appropriate.

Other information

Upon revaluation, the current new replacement cost and accumulated depreciation are re-stated such that the difference represents the fair value of the asset determined in accordance with AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement: accumulated depreciation is taken to be the difference between current new replacement cost and fair value. In the case of land, current replacement cost is taken to be the fair value.

Highest and best use

All of the Authority's non financial assets are considered as being utilised for their highest and best use.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 7. Infrastructure, property, plant & equipment (continued)

Transition to AASB 13 - Fair Value Measurement

The requirements of AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement have been applied to all valuations undertaken since 1 July 2013 as shown by the valuation dates by individual asset classes below.

Land & land improvements

- Basis of valuation: Fair Value Level 3, Market Value Level 2; additions are recognised at cost
- Date of valuation: Level 3: 1 January 2025, Level 2: 1 July 2024
- Valuer: Level 3: Desktop valuation using Valuer-General values, Level 2: Liquid Property Consultants

Buildings & other structures

- Basis of valuation: Fair Value Level 3, Market Value Level 2; additions are recognised at cost
- Date of valuation: 1 July 2024
- Valuer: Liquid Property Consultants

Infrastructure

- Basis of valuation: Written down current replacement cost; additions are recognised at cost
- Date of valuation: 1 July 2024
- Valuer: Desktop valuation performed by Council staff using the indexation rate for capital from the Local Price Index as at 30 June 2024.

Plant & equipment

- Basis of valuation: At cost (deemed fair value).

Note 8. Liabilities

	2025 Current	2025 Non Current	2024 Current	2024 Non Current
\$				
(a) Trade and other payables				
Goods and services	88,684	—	104,788	—
Payments received in advance	754	—	837	—
Accrued expenses - employee entitlements	12,556	—	13,846	—
Accrued expenses - finance costs	471	—	560	—
Accrued expenses - other	88,239	—	52,648	—
Other (including GST payable)	48,641	—	24,005	—
Total trade and other payables	239,345	—	196,684	—

Amounts included in trade and other payables that are not expected to be settled within 12 months of reporting date are disclosed in Note 11.

(b) Borrowings

Loans	100,852	424,621	98,816	525,472
Total Borrowings	100,852	424,621	98,816	525,472

All interest bearing liabilities are secured over the future revenues of the Authority as a subsidiary of Council

(c) Provisions

Employee entitlements (including oncosts)	60,009	21,491	45,310	476
Total provisions	60,009	21,491	45,310	476

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 9. Reserves

	as at 30/06/24		as at 30/06/25
\$	Opening Balance	Increments (Decrements)	Closing Balance
Asset revaluation reserve			
Land - community	1,198,000	243,000	1,441,000
Buildings and other structures	3,909,688	1,952,271	5,861,959
Infrastructure	844,864	129,533	974,397
Plant and equipment	(4,071)	—	(4,071)
Total asset revaluation reserve	5,948,481	2,324,804	8,273,285
Comparatives	7,262,042	(1,313,561)	5,948,481

Asset revaluation reserves

The asset revaluation reserve is used to record increments and decrements arising from changes in fair value of non current assets (less any subsequent impairment losses, where applicable).

Note 10. Reconciliation to Statement of Cash Flows

\$	Notes	2025	2024
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(a) Reconciliation of cash

Cash assets comprise highly liquid investments with short periods to maturity subject to insignificant risk of changes of value. Cash at the end of the reporting period as shown in the Statement of Cash Flows is reconciled to the related items in the Balance Sheet as follows:

Total cash and equivalent assets	5a	735,528	318,674
Balances per Statement of Cash Flows		735,528	318,674

(b) Reconciliation of operating result

Net surplus/(deficit)	3,247,478	(60,108)
Non-cash items in income statement		
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	696,723	552,214
Physical resources received free of charge	(3,619,019)	(2,122)
Net (gain)/loss on disposals	6,788	23,900
Prior year WIP expensed in current year	200,000	—
	531,970	513,884
Add (less): changes in net current assets		
Net (increase)/decrease in receivables	(2,212)	2,671
Net (increase)/decrease in inventories	99	(2,271)
Net increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	42,661	23,148
Net increase/(decrease) in unpaid employee benefits	35,714	(19,699)
Net cash provided by (or used in) operations	608,232	517,733

(c) Financing arrangements

Unrestricted access was available at balance date to the following lines of credit:

Bank overdrafts	50,000	50,000
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Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 10. Reconciliation to Statement of Cash Flows (continued)

\$	2025	2024
Corporate credit cards	4,000	4,000

Note 11. Financial instruments

Recognised financial instruments

Bank, deposits at call, short term deposits

Accounting Policy:

Carried at lower of cost and net realisable value; Interest is recognised when earned.

Terms & Conditions:

Deposits are returning fixed interest rates between 0.8% and 4.15% (2024: 1.35% and 4.55%).

Carrying Amount:

Approximates fair value due to the short term to maturity.

Receivables - fees and other charges

Accounting Policy:

Initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. An impairment provision is recognised using the expected credit loss method, if required.

Terms & Conditions:

Unsecured, and do not bear interest. The Authority is not materially exposed to any individual debtor, credit risk exposure is concentrated within the Authority's boundaries.

Carrying Amount:

Approximates fair value (after deduction of any allowance).

Liabilities - creditors and accruals

Accounting Policy:

Liabilities are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Authority.

Terms & Conditions:

Liabilities are normally settled on 30 day terms.

Carrying Amount:

Approximates fair value.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 11. Financial instruments (continued)

Liabilities - interest bearing borrowings

Accounting Policy:

Initially recognised at fair value and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest rate.

Terms & Conditions:

Secured over future revenues. Fixed borrowings are repayable by equal 6 monthly instalments of principal and interest. Variable borrowings (not applicable in 2025 given the variable loan was paid out in 2024) were paid on a quarterly basis for interest only at the current Local Government Finance Authority cash advance debenture rate. Interest is charged at a fixed rate of 2.05% (2024: fixed and variable rates with a range between 2.05% and 6.15%).

Carrying Amount:

Approximates fair value.

Liabilities - leases

Accounting Policy:

Accounted for in accordance with AASB 16 as stated in Note 14.

\$	Due < 1 year	Due > 1 year and ≤ 5 years	Due > 5 years	Total Contractual Cash Flows	Carrying Values
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Financial assets and liabilities

2025

Financial assets

Cash and cash equivalents	735,528	—	—	735,528	735,528
Receivables	13,108	—	—	13,108	13,108
Other financial assets	—	2	—	2	2
Total financial assets	748,636	2	—	748,638	748,638

Financial liabilities

Payables	238,591	—	—	238,591	238,591
Current borrowings	111,110	—	—	111,110	100,852
Non-current borrowings	—	444,439	—	444,439	424,621
Lease liabilities	—	—	—	—	—
Total financial liabilities	349,701	444,439	—	794,140	764,064

Total financial assets and liabilities	1,098,337	444,441	—	1,542,778	1,512,702
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2024

Financial assets

Cash and cash equivalents	318,674	—	—	318,674	318,674
Receivables	13,779	—	—	13,779	13,779
Other financial assets	—	2	—	2	2
Total financial assets	332,453	2	—	332,455	332,455

Financial liabilities

Payables	195,847	—	—	195,847	195,847
Current borrowings	111,110	—	—	111,110	98,816
Non-current borrowings	—	444,439	111,110	555,549	525,472
Lease liabilities	—	—	—	—	—
Total financial liabilities	306,957	444,439	111,110	862,506	820,135

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 11. Financial instruments (continued)

<u>Total financial assets and liabilities</u>	<u>639,410</u>	<u>444,441</u>	<u>111,110</u>	<u>1,194,961</u>	<u>1,152,590</u>
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The following interest rates were applicable to the Authority's borrowings at balance date:

\$	2025		2024	
	Weighted Avg Interest Rate	Carrying Value	Weighted Avg Interest Rate	Carrying Value
Fixed interest rates	2.05%	525,473	2.05%	624,288
		<u>525,473</u>		<u>624,288</u>

Net fair value

All carrying values approximate fair value for all recognised financial instruments. There is no recognised market for the financial assets of the Authority.

Risk exposures

Credit Risk represents the loss that would be recognised if counterparties fail to perform as contracted. The maximum credit risk on financial assets of the Authority is the carrying amount, net of any allowance for doubtful debts. All the Authority's investments are made with the National Australia Bank. Except as detailed in Notes 5 and 6 in relation to individual classes of receivables, exposure is concentrated within the Authority's boundaries, and there is no material exposure to any individual debtor.

Market Risk is the risk that fair values of financial assets will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices. All of the Authority's financial assets are denominated in Australian dollars and are not traded on any market, and hence neither market risk nor currency risk apply.

Liquidity Risk is the risk that the Authority will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations with financial liabilities. In accordance with the model Treasury Management Policy (LGA Information Paper 15), liabilities have a range of maturity dates. The Authority also has available a range of bank overdraft and standby borrowing facilities that it can access.

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that future cash flows will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Authority has a balance of both fixed and variable interest rate borrowings and investments. Cash flow fluctuations are managed holistically in seeking to minimise interest costs over the longer term in a risk averse manner.

Expected credit losses (ECL)

The Authority uses an allowance matrix to measure expected credit losses, where applicable. Due to the operational activity and setup of the booking arrangements, no credit losses are expected.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 12. Financial indicators

	Amounts	Indicator		Indicators	
\$	2025	2025	2024	2023	2022

Financial Indicators overview
These Financial Indicators have been calculated in accordance with Information paper 9 - Local Government Financial Indicators prepared as part of the LGA Financial Sustainability Program for the Local Government Association of South Australia.

1. Operating Surplus Ratio

Operating surplus	(364,753)	(12.7)%	(1.5)%	0.7%	3.1%
Total operating income	2,867,295				

This ratio expresses the operating surplus as a percentage of total operating revenue.

2. Net Financial Liabilities Ratio

Net financial liabilities	80,042	3%	20%	27%	46%
Total operating income	2,867,295				

Net Financial Liabilities are defined as total liabilities less financial assets. These are expressed as a percentage of total operating revenue.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 13. Uniform presentation of finances

\$	2025	2024
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The following is a high level summary of both operating and capital investment activities of the Authority prepared on a simplified Uniform Presentation Framework basis.

All Councils in South Australia have agreed to summarise annual budgets and long-term financial plans on the same basis.

The arrangements ensure that all Councils provide a common 'core' of financial information, which enables meaningful comparisons of each Council's finances.

Income

User charges	2,858,275	2,568,978
Grants, subsidies and contributions - operating	–	13,423
Investment income	4,049	5,576
Other income	4,971	–
Total Income	2,867,295	2,587,977

Expenses

Employee costs	(1,216,159)	(1,120,737)
Materials, contracts and other expenses	(1,306,960)	(934,350)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	(696,723)	(552,214)
Finance costs	(12,206)	(19,006)
Total Expenses	(3,232,048)	(2,626,307)

Operating surplus / (deficit)	(364,753)	(38,330)
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Net outlays on existing assets

Capital expenditure on renewal and replacement of existing assets	(52,893)	(318,794)
Add back depreciation, amortisation and impairment	696,723	552,214
Add back proceeds from sale of replaced assets	455	909
	644,285	234,329

Net outlays on new and upgraded assets

Capital expenditure on new and upgraded assets	(40,125)	(53,174)
	(40,125)	(53,174)

Annual net impact to financing activities (surplus/(deficit))	239,407	142,825
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Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 14. Leases

(i) Council as a lessee

Terms and conditions of leases

Refer to Note 1 for further details.

Plant and Equipment

Right-of-use asset leased is a mower.

Set out below are the carrying amounts of right-of-use assets recognised within the above asset category and the movements during the period:

(a) Right of use assets

\$	Plant and Equipment	Total
2025		
Depreciation charge	—	—
Balance at 30 June	—	—
2024		
Opening balance	6,633	6,633
Depreciation charge	(6,633)	(6,633)
Balance at 30 June	—	—

(b) Lease liabilities

Set out below are the carrying amounts of lease liabilities (included under Borrowings) and the movements during the period:

\$	2025	2024
Balance at 1 July	—	5,885
Additions	—	—
Accretion of interest	—	127
Payments	—	(6,012)
Balance at 30 June	—	—
Classified as:		
Current	—	—
Non-current	—	—

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities is included in Note 11.

The Authority had total cash outflows for leases of \$1,968 (2024: \$12,716).
The following are the amounts recognised in profit or loss:

Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets	—	6,633
Interest expense on lease liabilities	—	127
Expense relating to leases of low-value assets	1,968	1,968
Total amount recognised in profit or loss	1,968	8,728

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 14. Leases (continued)

\$	2025	2024
Future minimum rentals receivable under non-cancellable operating leases as at 30 June, are as follows:		
Not later than one year	–	8,832
Later than one year and not later than 5 years	–	18,367
	<u>–</u>	<u>27,199</u>

Note 15. Related party transactions

Key management personnel

Transactions with key management personnel

The key management personnel of the Authority are the seven Board Members and one employee.

\$	2025	2024
The compensation paid to key management personnel comprises:		
Salaries, allowances and other short-term benefits	68,888	114,452
Post-employment benefits	7,922	10,351
Total	<u>76,810</u>	<u>124,803</u>

Amounts paid as direct reimbursement of expenses incurred on behalf of the Authority have not been included.

No compensation was paid to Board Members.

There were \$15,295 in payments made to related party entities in 2024-25 (2024: Nil).

Other related party transactions

The Council provides work and support in-kind for accounting, governance, asset management and executive services, along with being the conduit for electricity, insurance, loans, CWMS and other services. The Authority maintains a Council recreation park at Nuriootpa for community benefit purposes including various sporting activities.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of the Nurioopta Centennial Park Authority

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial report of the Nurioopta Centennial Park Authority (the Authority), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2025, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the Certification of the Financial Statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report presents fairly, in all material aspects, the financial position of the Nurioopta Centennial Park Authority as at 30 June 2025, and its financial performance and its cash flow for the year then ended in accordance with the Australia Accounting Standards, Local Government Act 1999 and Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Authority in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110: *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (Including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibility for the financial report

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations), the *Local Government Act 1999* and the *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011* and for such internal control as the committee and management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, management is responsible for assessing the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Authority or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Authority's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibility for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit of the financial report in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Authority to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

GALPINS ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS & BUSINESS CONSULTANTS



Tim Muhlhausler CA, Registered Company Auditor
Partner

12 December 2025

Nuriootpa Centennial Park Authority

General Purpose Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

Certification of Auditor Independence

To the best of our knowledge and belief, we confirm that, for the purpose of the audit of Nuriootpa Centennial Park Authority for the year ended 30 June 2025, the Authority's Auditor, Galpins has maintained its independence in accordance with the requirements of the *Local Government Act 1999* and the *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011* made under that Act.

This statement is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 22(3) *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011*.



Guy Martin
Chair



Matthew Taylor
Presiding Member, Audit and Risk Committee

11 December 2025



Nurioopta Centennial Park Authority

GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 June 2025

Statement by Auditor

I confirm that, for the audit of the financial statements of the Nurioopta Centennial Park Authority for the year ended 30 June 2025, I have maintained my independence in accordance with the requirements of APES 110 – *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (Including Independence Standards)*, Part 4A, published by the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board, in accordance with the *Local Government Act 1999* and the *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011* made under that Act.

This statement is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 22 (5) *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 2011*.

GALPINS ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS & BUSINESS CONSULTANTS

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'Tim Muhlhausler'.

Tim Muhlhausler CA, Registered Company Auditor

Partner

12 December 2025

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The Barossa Council

ANNUAL REPORT 2024-25

Gawler River Floodplain Management Authority

DRAFT FOR ADOPTION 28 August 2025

Constituent Councils:

Adelaide Hills Council

Adelaide Plains Council

The Barossa Council

Town of Gawler

Light Regional Council

City of Playford

Gawler



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1. Chairman's Report
2. Gawler River Floodplain Management Authority (GRFMA)
3. Governance
4. Financial Statements 2024-25

Chairman's Report

As was the case last year, the focus of the 2024/25 year has been to finalise the Business Case that was developed by the Department of Environment and Water (DEW) to recommend a suite of measures to improve flood protection in the Gawler River environs. Another key objective for this past year has been to finalise the Stormwater Management Plan for the environs.

Significant progress has been achieved on the Business Case during the year with an updated hydrology study completed that will enable revised flood mapping to be undertaken. There remain issues to resolve however, such as confirming the structural integrity of the Bruce Eastick North Para Dam to support a height increase of up to 10 metres and developing a feasible funding arrangement to deliver over \$200 million in infrastructure.

Funding of around \$1.06 million is estimated to be required to settle these issues and other gaps in the current version of the Business Case, as was identified in the Infrastructure SA review completed in December 2023. To secure this funding, the GRFMA has lodged a \$774,000 grant application with the Commonwealth Government funded Disaster Ready Fund, with the balance of around \$290,000 to be provided by the GRFMA. The application was lodged in March 2025, was successfully short-listed by the State Government in May 2025, and we hope for final approval by October 2025, with funds to be advanced in early 2026.

We have continued to work with DEW to implement a Community Flood Awareness Campaign and to undertake a pilot study on the repair and maintenance of existing riverside levee banks in the lower Gawler River, which play a critical role in constraining floodwaters to the river channel during high flow events and reducing potential damage of flood.

This year has seen an escalation in our advocacy activities with particular emphasis on Federal and State parliamentarians. There is a high level of awareness amongst the politicians of the Gawler River flood risk. Our ongoing challenge is to present a compelling case to justify government funding.

From a governance perspective, a Steering Committee has been established to oversee and facilitate the finalisation of the Business Case. The Steering Committee is chaired by the GRFMA and includes senior representation from three of GRFMA's Constituent Councils, and key State Government agencies. It is expected that this committee will foster a strong collaborative approach between the key stakeholders.

Gawler River Stormwater Management Plan

The Stormwater Management Plan, which was commenced in 2020, has been finalised after a thorough engagement process was undertaken. The plan is now to be presented to the Stormwater Management Authority for approval.

The development of the plan was supported by various partnership members, including constituent councils, the Stormwater Management Authority (SMA) as funding partner, the Green Adelaide Board, the Northern and Yorke Landscape Board, and the Department for Environment and Water (DEW).

The main findings and recommendations from the development of the Gawler River SMP are:

- The flood risk remains and the recommended approach to mitigate that flood risk is to repair / reinstate the existing levees (and ensure ongoing maintenance) and raise the height of the Bruce Eastick Flood Mitigation Dam.
- Revisit and determine the most effective way forward regarding the complicated land ownership and responsibility arrangements along the length of the Gawler River including the channel itself and the associated levee banks.

The communities are continually changing within the catchment area and there are many opportunities (and needs) for ongoing community education and awareness programs covering many topics including flooding, climate change, benefits of river systems and opportunities to be involved in the protection and enhancement of the local environment

Over many years now the GRFMA has managed a revegetation and weed control program on the land around the dam. Whilst unheralded, this is important work, which has been supported by grant funding from the Northern and Yorke Landscape Board.

The Board

The GRFMA acknowledges and thanks the following retiring Board members for their contributions to the Authority:

- Cr Dante Mazzeo, Adelaide Plains Council
- Mr Ashley Curtis Adelaide Hills Council
- Cr Michael Phillips Ryder, Light Regional Council
- Cr Bruce Preece, The Barossa Council

The Board welcomes:

- Cr Mel Lawrence, Adelaide Plains Council
- Mr David Collins, Adelaide Hills Council
- Cr Bill Close, Light Regional Council
- Cr Tony Hurn, The Barossa Council

Lino Di Lernia
Chairman and Independent Member

Gawler River Floodplain Management Authority (GRFMA)

The Gawler River

The Gawler River is formed by the confluence of the North Para and South Para in the town of Gawler and is in the Adelaide Plains district of South Australia. The district surrounding the river produces cereal crops and sheep for both meat and wool, as well as market gardens, almond orchards and vineyards. The farm gate output of the Gawler River Floodplain horticultural areas is estimated to be at least \$500 million.



Purpose of the GRFMA

The GRFMA was formed as a Regional Subsidiary under Section 43 and Schedule 2 of the Local Government Act 1999 on 22 August 2002. The Constituent Councils are the Adelaide Hills Council, The Adelaide Plains Council, The Barossa Council, The Town of Gawler, Light Regional Council, and the City of Playford.

The Charter sets down the powers, functions, safeguards, accountabilities, and an operational framework.

The Authority has been established for the purpose of coordinating the planning, construction, operation, and maintenance of flood mitigation infrastructure for the Gawler River, and for the following functions:

- To raise finance for the purpose of developing, managing, and operating and maintaining works approved by the Board;
- To provide a forum for the discussion and consideration of topics relating to the Constituent Council's obligations and responsibilities in relation to management of flooding of the Gawler River;
- To advocate on behalf of the Constituent Councils and their communities where required to State and Federal Governments for legislative policy changes on matters related to flood mitigation and management and associated land use planning with Gawler River flood mitigation;
- To facilitate sustainable outcomes to ensure a proper balance between economic, social, environmental, and cultural consideration; and
- To provide advice as appropriate to the Constituent Councils in relation to development applications relevant to the Authority's roles and functions.



Governance

The Board

The Authority is governed by the Board of Management. The Board comprises:

- One independent person, who is not an officer, employee, or elected member of a constituent council, to be appointed as the Chairman of the Board of Management of the GRFMA for a term of three years.
- Two persons appointed from each of the six constituent councils (12 members in total). Council appointees comprise of the Council CEO, or delegate and one Elected Member.
- Deputy Board members as appointed by each Constituent Council.

The Members of the Board are:

Council	Board Members	Deputy Board Members
Chairman & Independent Member	Mr Lino Di Lernia	
Adelaide Hills Council	Cr Malcolm Herrmann Mr David Collins	
Adelaide Plains Council	Cr Terry-Anne Keen Mr James Miller	Cr Mel Lawrence Mr Tom Jones
The Barossa Council	Cr Tony Hurn Mr Jake Mc Vicar	Ben Clark
Town of Gawler	Cr Paul Koch Ms Whendee Young	Cr Brian Sambell
Light Regional Council	Cr William Close Mr Richard Dodson	
City of Playford	Cr Clinton Marsh Mr Greg Pattinson	Cr Peter Rentoulis Mr Dale Welsh

Meetings of the Board are held at such time and such place as the Board decides subject only to the requirement that there will be at least one meeting in every two calendar months.

Any Constituent Council, the Chairman or three Board Members may by delivering a written request to the Executive Officer require a special meeting of the Board to be held and any such special meeting shall constitute a special meeting of the Authority.

Ordinary meetings of the Board are generally held bi-monthly on the third Thursday of the even months commencing at 9.45am; excepting December which is held on the second Thursday.

Meetings are hosted by the Constituent Councils on a rotational roster with six Board meetings and one Special Board meetings held during the year as follows:

Ordinary Board Meetings:

- Thursday 15 August 2024 – Town of Gawler
- Thursday 17 October 2024 – Adelaide Plains Council
- Thursday 12 December 2024 – City of Playford
- Thursday 20 February 2025 – Light Regional Council
- Thursday 17 April 2025 – Adelaide Hills Council
- Thursday 19 June 2025 – The Barossa Council

One Special Board Meeting:

- Thursday 31 October 2024 – Virtual Meeting

Technical Assessment Panel

A Technical Assessment Panel has been appointed to support the decision-making processes of the Board with delegated powers to provide advice and manage the technical aspects of the design, assessment, and construction of the various parts of the plan.

The Members of the Panel are:

- Mr Lino Di Lernia, Independent Member, Chairman
- Ms Ingrid Franssen, Flood Management, DEW
- Vacant, Principal Engineer Dams, SA Water
- Mr Ben Clark, The Barossa Council, Council representative
- Mr Shaun Fielding, City of Playford, Council representative
- Mr David Hitchcock, Executive Officer

No formal meetings of the Panel were held; however, Panel members provided out of session assistance and advice to DEW to facilitate delivery of the Gawler River Flood Management Business Plan.

Audit and Risk Committee

An Audit and Risk Committee has been appointed to review:

- The annual financial statements to ensure that they present fairly the situation to the Board; and
- The adequacy of the accounting, internal control, reporting and other financial management systems and practices to the Board on a regular basis.

The Committee held four meetings during the year:

- 6 August 2024
- 4 December 2024
- 3 February 2025
- 10 June 2025

The members of the Committee are:

- Mr Peter Brass, Independent Member and Chairman
- Mr Greg Pattinson, City of Playford
- Cr Malcolm Herrmann, Adelaide Hills Council

Membership of the GRFMA Audit and Risk Committee is for two years, ending 30 June 2026.

Executive Officer

On 28/06/2023 the GRFMA engaged LUVROK Pty Ltd to undertake Executive Officer Services, in accordance with the agreed contract for service, for the term 1 July 2023 to 31 December 2025. On 27 February 2025 the contracted was varied with extension of service to expire 31 December 2027. Mr David Hitchcock is identified as the key person providing the services pursuant to agreed terms.

External Auditor

Dean Newbery and Partners are the appointed external auditor. On 14 December 2023 the GRFMA Board reappointed Dean & Newbery Pty Ltd as GRFMA External Auditor for a term of three plus two years, effective 1 July 2024.

GRFMA Policies

The following Policies have been adopted to provide management guidelines for the day-to-day business of the GRFMA:

- Procurement Policy
- Grant Policy
- Fraud, Corruption and Maladministration Prevention Policy
- Internal Review of Decisions Policy
- Code of Practice Meeting Procedures
- Anti – Discrimination Fair Treatment Policy
- Consultation Policy
- Work Health and Safety Policy
- Access to Meetings and Documents Policy
- Dam Valuation Policy
- Treasury Management Policy
- Freedom of Information Statement
- Information Asset Management Policy

The purpose of these policies is to provide prudent management guidelines for the day-to-day management of the affairs of the Authority.

Meetings

All meetings of the GRFMA and its committees are open to the public, except for those matters considered under Section 90 of the Local Government Act 1999.

Forum	Total Resolutions for the year	Resolutions to exclude the Public – S90(3)	Purpose	Order for docs to remain confidential - S91(7)	%
Board	77	3 1	S 90(3)(d) (e) AS90 (3) (b)(i)(ii)	3 1	4
Technical Assessment Panel	0	0		0	0
Audit Committee	21			0	0

Freedom of Information

No Freedom of Information requests were received during the year.

Strategic Plan

The GRFMA Strategic Plan 2021-26 is arranged under three themes, each with its own objective, related to the outcomes to be pursued.

Theme 1: Design, build, and maintain physical flood mitigation infrastructure.

Objective: To have in place an agreed extent of physical flood mitigation infrastructure that is fit for purpose and achieves the targeted levels of performance.

Theme 2: Develop and evolve key relationships.

Objective: To maintain key relationships that are most important to the Authority achieving its purpose.

Theme 3: Ensure good governance and ongoing financial sustainability.

Objective: To ensure that the Authority meets legislative requirements and contemporary standards of governance and is financially sustainable for the long term.

Priority Actions 2024/2025

The Department for Environment and Water (DEW), in partnership with the GRFMA, has facilitated development of a Gawler River Flood Management Business Case to identify a shared vision and objectives to improve flood management in the Gawler River region. The Gawler River Flood Management initiative was included in Infrastructure SA's (ISA) Capital Intentions Statement in 2021 as a priority for business case development. Further work was undertaken in conjunction with ISA, project partners and stakeholders throughout 2021 and 2022 to provide additional information and details regarding the initiative. The work culminated in DEW completing the ISA Assurance Framework (ISAAF) Gate 1 review in May 2022 and the Business Case and Gate 2 review process on 4 December 2023.

The Business Case recommends a portfolio of actions to improve flood protection in the Gawler River. These initiatives are considered feasible and provide complementary benefits for the management of flood in the Gawler River, and comprise:

- Increasing the height of the Bruce Eastick Dam on the North Para River (nominally a 10 m increase in the height of the dam wall). *The GRFMA has addressed many gaps by finalising an updated hydrology study, risk register and risk management process, multi-criteria analysis, and economic analysis. However, some significant issues remain to be resolved, such as confirming the structural integrity of the Bruce Eastick North Para Dam to support a height increase of up to 10 metres and developing a feasible funding arrangement. Application has been made to the Disaster Ready Fund Program Round 3 (Federal Government) for funding assistance to address the remaining issues identified in the ISA Business Case review. Successful applications will be announced September/October 2025.*
- Improving planning controls for developments near the Gawler River that will reduce the likelihood of flood and the impacts of flood inundation on new developments – this may include advocating for policy changes in the flood hazard overlay, making recommendations for inclusion in regional plans, working with local councils to set local development policies.
- Implementing a Community Flood Awareness Campaign. *This has now been initiated by the Department for Environment and Water.*
- Undertaking the repair and maintenance of existing riverside levee banks in the lower Gawler River, which play a critical role in constraining floodwaters to the river channel during high flow events, and reducing potential damage of flood. *The Department for Environment and Water is now progressing work on this and has drafted repair designs and undertaken pilot projects to determine suitability of designs*

Considerations will include recommendations from the GRFMA Strategic Plan 2021-2026 and the Gawler River Stormwater Management Plan.

Operation of the Regional Subsidiary

Performance Targets:	Timings:	To be measured by:	Actual Achievements
Reports to Stakeholders	Bi-Monthly	Key Outcomes Summary to be published following each Board Meeting.	☒ Key Outcomes Summary prepared and sent to Councils following GRFMA meetings.
Maintain effective Regional Subsidiary	December	On 28/06/2023 the GRFMA engaged LUVROK Pty Ltd to undertake Executive Officer Services, in accordance with the agreed contract for service, for the term 1 July 2023 to 31 December 2025.	☒ Mr David Hitchcock is identified as the key person providing the services pursuant to agreed terms. ☒ Effective 1/05/2024 to 31/12/2027. ☒ Mr Lino Di Lernia has been appointed as the Chairperson and Independent Member of GRFMA for a term of three years, concluding on 30 April 2027.
	August	The appointment of Auditor, Bank Operators, levels of insurance, appropriate registrations, delegations, and policies be reviewed annually.	☒ Dean Newbery has been reappointed as GRFMA's external auditor for a term of three years with a two-year option, effective 1 July 2024. ☒ Appropriate levels of insurance reviewed in July 2024.
Review of the Business Plan	By 31 st March	Review the Business Plan prior to preparing the Budget. Forward to the Councils.	☒ June 2024 - Business Plan 2024- 2025 adopted. ☒ June 2025- Achievements against the Business Plan 2024 - 2025 presented.
Annual Budget	By 31 st March, June, October, December	Adopt for consultation forward to Councils- Adopt Budget – copy to Councils in 5 days- Conduct Budget Reviews.	☒ 2024 - 2025 Draft Budget adopted. ☒ Budget Reviews 1, 2 and 3 reviewed by GRFMA Audit Committee.
Subscriptions	June December	Send half year subscriptions to Council.	☒ All first half subscriptions paid. ☒ All second half subscriptions paid.
Report to Constituent Councils	Following each Board meeting By 30 th September	The receipt of the following reports by Councils, Board Meeting Key Outcome Summary Annual Report including Annual Financial Statements	☒ Key Outcomes Summary prepared for meetings. ☒ Annual Report forwarded electronically to Councils.

Performance Targets:	Timings:	To be measured by:	Actual Achievements
Governance	Ongoing	Policies and new management framework documents developed and reviewed.	☑ Independent review of GRFMA policies completed April 2023. ☑ Management Framework documents now adopted GRFMA Strategic Plan Asset Management Plan and Long Term Financial Plans. ☑ The GRFMA Audit and Risk Committee (Chairperson and the two Members) have been reappointed from 1 July 2024 until 30 June 2026.
Annual Operations		Implementation of requirements of the BENPFM Dam Operation and Maintenance Manual. Periodical inspections of BENPFM dam and lands. Removal of deposited flood debris at upstream wall of BENPFM Dam. Continuation of the revegetation program around land associated with the BENPFM Dam. Weed control.	☑ Ongoing. Programmed management costed and funded in 2024/2025 Budget. ☑ Ongoing. ☑ As required. ☑ Ongoing, within budgeted funds, Grant funding from Northern and Yorke Landscape Board received for further 3 year revegetation program. ☑ Annually.

Financial Statements 2024-25

1. **Certification of Financial Statements**
2. **Financial Statements and Notes**
3. **Related Parties Disclosures**
4. **Statement of Auditors Independence**
5. **Certification of Auditor Independence**

GAWLER RIVER FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY
ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 June 2025
CERTIFICATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have been authorised by the Gawler River Floodplain Management Authority to certify the financial statements in their final form.

In our opinion:

- the accompanying financial statements comply with the Local Government Act 1999, Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011 and Australian Accounting Standards.
- the financial statements present a true and fair view of the Authority's financial position at 30 June 2025 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the financial year.
- internal controls implemented by the Authority provide a reasonable assurance that the Authority's financial records are complete, accurate and reliable and were effective throughout the financial year.
- the financial statements accurately reflect the Authority's accounting and other records.



David Hitchcock

EXECUTIVE OFFICER

28/8/2025



Lino Di Lernia

CHAIRMAN

28/8/2025

GAWLER RIVER FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the year ended 30 June 2025

	Notes	2025 \$	2024 \$
INCOME			
Subscriptions	4	416,922	289,386
Investment income		1,426	762
State Government Grants	3	85,094	-
Other Income		-	270,520
Total Income		503,442	560,668
EXPENSES			
Contractual Services	5	175,815	421,404
Finance Charges		6,439	23,069
Depreciation	1(e), 9	706,098	706,099
Other		44,681	31,955
Total Expenses		933,033	1,182,526
OPERATING SURPLUS / (DEFICIT)		(429,591)	(621,858)
NET SURPLUS / (DEFICIT)		(429,591)	(621,858)
Other Comprehensive Income			
<i>Amounts which will not be reclassified subsequently to operating result</i>			
Changes in revaluation surplus - infrastructure, property, plant & equipment	1(e), 9	-	21,699,347
Total Other Comprehensive Income		-	21,699,347
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		(429,591)	21,077,489

This Statement is to be read in conjunction with the attached Notes.

GAWLER RIVER FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

as at 30 June 2025

	Notes	2025 \$	2024 \$
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	1(d)	24,685	41,309
Trade and Other Receivables		53,433	210,404
Total Current Assets		<u>78,118</u>	<u>251,713</u>
Non-current Assets			
Infrastructure, property, plant & equipment	1(e) 9	41,900,845	42,606,943
Total Non-current Assets		<u>41,900,845</u>	<u>42,606,943</u>
Total Assets		<u>41,978,963</u>	<u>42,858,657</u>
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trade & other payables		99,485	201,605
Borrowings	1(g)	5,404	353,388
Total Liabilities		<u>104,890</u>	<u>554,993</u>
NET ASSETS		<u>41,874,073</u>	<u>42,303,664</u>
EQUITY			
Accumulated Surplus		11,509,753	11,939,344
Asset Revaluation Reserves	1(e)	30,364,320	30,364,320
TOTAL EQUITY		<u>41,874,073</u>	<u>42,303,664</u>

This Statement is to be read in conjunction with the attached Notes.

GAWLER RIVER FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

as at 30 June 2025

		Accumulated Surplus	Asset Revaluation Reserve	TOTAL EQUITY
2025	Notes	\$	\$	\$
Balance at end of previous reporting period		11,939,344	30,364,320	42,303,664
Restated opening balance		11,939,344	30,364,320	42,303,664
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for Year		(429,591)	-	(429,591)
Other Comprehensive Income				
Gain on revaluation of infrastructure, property, plant & equipment		-	-	-
Transfers between reserves		-	-	-
Balance at end of period		11,509,753	30,364,320	41,874,073
2024				
Balance at end of previous reporting period		12,561,202	8,664,973	21,226,175
Restated opening balance		12,561,202	8,664,973	21,226,175
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for Year		(621,858)	-	(621,858)
Other Comprehensive Income				
Gain on revaluation of infrastructure, property, plant & equipment		-	21,699,347	21,699,347
Balance at end of period		11,939,344	30,364,320	42,303,664

This Statement is to be read in conjunction with the attached Notes

GAWLER RIVER FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

STATEMENT OF CASHFLOWS

as at 30 June 2025

		2025	2024
	Notes	\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
<u>Receipts</u>			
Subscriptions		416,922	305,428
State Government Grants		165,482	-
Other Income		11,044	275,151
Interest Receipts		1,354	811
<u>Payments</u>			
Contractual Services			
Materials, contracts & other expenditure		(251,426)	(459,576)
Finance Charges		(12,016)	(22,979)
Net Cash provided by (or used in) Operating Activities	8	<u>331,360</u>	<u>98,835</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
<u>Payments</u>			
Expenditure on renewal/replacement of assets		-	-
Net Cash provided by (or used in) Investing Activities		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
<u>Receipts</u>			
Proceeds from borrowings		-	-
<u>Payments</u>			
Repayments of borrowings		(347,983)	(87,021)
Net Cash provided by (or used in) Financing Activities		<u>(347,983)</u>	<u>(87,021)</u>
Net Increase (Decrease) in cash held		<u>(16,623)</u>	<u>11,814</u>
Cash & cash equivalents at beginning of period		41,309	29,496
Cash & cash equivalents at end of period	8	<u>24,685</u>	<u>41,309</u>

This Statement is to be read in conjunction with the attached Notes

**Gawler River Floodplain Management Authority
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2025**

Note 1 – Summary of Material Accounting Policy Information

a) The Local Government Reporting Entity

This general purpose financial report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards as they apply to not-for-profit entities, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, Interpretations and relevant South Australian legislation.

The Gawler River Floodplain Management Authority is a Regional Subsidiary under Section 43 and Schedule 2 of the Local Government Act 1999. The Constituent Councils are the Adelaide Hills Council, The Barossa Council, Town of Gawler, Light Regional Council, Adelaide Plains Council and The City of Playford.

All funds received and expended by the Authority have been included in the financial statements forming part of this financial report.

b) Basis of Accounting

This financial report has been prepared on an accrual basis and is based on historical costs and does not take into account changing money values, or except where specifically stated, current valuation of non-current assets.

c) Employees

The Authority has no employees.

d) Cash

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash includes cash deposits which are readily convertible to cash on hand and which are used in the cash management function on a day to day basis, net of outstanding bank overdraft.

e) Infrastructure Assets

Initial Recognition

All assets are initially recognised at cost. For assets acquired at no cost or for nominal consideration, cost is determined as fair value at the date of acquisition. All non-current assets purchased or constructed are capitalised as the expenditure is incurred and depreciated as soon as the asset is held "ready for use". Cost is determined as the fair value of the assets given as consideration plus costs incidental to the acquisition, including architects' fees and engineering design fees and all other costs incurred. The cost of non-current assets constructed by the Authority includes the cost of all materials used in construction, direct labour on the project and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead.

Infrastructure Dam

The Bruce Eastick North Para Flood Mitigation Dam was constructed in 2007. The valuation includes all materials, contractor's costs plus costs incidental to the acquisition, including engineering design and supervision fees and all other costs incurred.

Land

Land includes the land on which the dam is constructed, rights of way access to the land and 'right to flood' easements over the land upstream from the dam that will be inundated by dam waters for short periods of time during a flood event. Additional Land surrounding the dam was purchased in 2017/18 and was revalued by North Projects Pty Ltd as at 1 July 2023.

**Gawler River Floodplain Management Authority
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2025**

Subsequent Recognition

All material asset classes are revalued on a regular basis such that the carrying values are not materially different from fair value. Significant uncertainties exist in the estimation of fair value of a number of asset classes including land and infrastructure. Further detail of these uncertainties, and of existing valuations, methods and valuers are provided below.

The Board sought an independent valuation to be applied as at 1st July 2023, of the Bruce Eastick North Para Flood Mitigation Dam. The Board recognises that the dam is a unique infrastructure. The Board sought the advice of North Projects Pty Ltd, who provided a replacement cost valuation based on the actual construction contract costs, including some 'owner's costs' which would be incurred in the event of a replacement being necessary. In accordance with Accounting Standard (AASB)13 Fair Value Measurement, the valuation was undertaken as at 1 July 2023 and recorded as a level 3 restricted asset valuation. The next Valuation is scheduled to be undertaken in 2028/2029. Fair value level 3 valuations of buildings, infrastructure and other assets – There is no known market for these assets and they are valued at depreciated current replacement cost.

The method involves:

The determination of the cost to construct the asset (or its modern engineering equivalent) using current prices for materials and labour, the quantities of each being estimated based on recent experience of this or similar Councils, or on industry construction guides where these are more appropriate. The calculation of the depreciation that would have accumulated since original construction using current estimates of residual value and useful life under the straight line depreciation method adopted by the Authority. The method has significant inherent uncertainties, relying on estimates of quantities of materials and labour, residual values and useful lives, and the possibility of changes in prices for materials and labour, and the potential for development of more efficient construction techniques.

Depreciation

Other than land, all infrastructure, property, plant and equipment assets recognised are systematically depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis which, in the opinion of the Authority, best reflects the consumption of the service potential embodied in those assets.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values of classes of assets are reviewed annually.

Major depreciation periods for each class of asset are listed below. Depreciation periods for infrastructure assets have been estimated based on the best information available to the Authority, but appropriate records covering the entire life cycle of these assets are not available, and extreme care should be used in interpreting financial information based on these estimates.

Asset Classes

- Bruce Eastick North Para Flood Mitigation Dam 80 years.
- Dam Renewals/improvements 15 years.
- Access Road 15 years.

**Gawler River Floodplain Management Authority
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2025**

Impairment

Assets whose future economic benefits are not dependent on the ability to generate cash flows, and where the future economic benefits would be replaced if the Authority were deprived thereof, are not subject to impairment testing. Other assets that are subject to depreciation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount (which is the higher of the present value of future cash inflows or value in use). Where an asset that has been revalued is subsequently impaired, the impairment is first offset against such amount as stands to the credit of that class of assets in Asset Revaluation Reserve, any excess being recognised as an expense.

An impairment has occurred due to the revaluation of Land in 2023.

f) Revenue

The Authority recognises revenue under AASB 1058 Income of Not-for-Profit Entities (AASB 1058) or AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (AASB 15) when appropriate.

In cases where there is an 'enforceable' contract with a customer with 'sufficiently specific' performance obligations, the transaction is accounted for under AASB 15 where income is recognised when (or as) the performance obligations are satisfied (i.e. when it transfers control of a product or service to a customer). Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Authority expects to be entitled in a contract with a customer.

In other cases, AASB 1058 applies when a not-for-profit (NFP) entity enters into transactions where the consideration to acquire an asset is significantly less than the fair value of the asset principally to enable the entity to further its objectives. The excess of the asset recognised (at fair value) over any 'related amounts' is recognised as income immediately, except in the case where a financial asset has been received to enable the authority to acquire or construct a recognisable non-financial asset that is to be controlled by the authority. In this case, the authority recognises the excess as a liability that is recognised over time in profit and loss when (or as) the entity satisfies its obligations under the transfer.

Revenue from the Subscriptions is recognised upon the delivery of the service to customers.

Interest revenue is recognised on a proportional basis taking into account the interest rates applicable to the financial assets.

Revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

g) Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred and are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are carried at their principal amounts which represent the present value of future cash flows associated with servicing the debt. Interest is accrued over the period to which it relates, and is recorded as part of "Payables"

**Gawler River Floodplain Management Authority
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2025**

Internal lending is used to offset the outstanding balance of the Cash Advance Debenture (CAD) facility if this had not been utilised in the financial year the balance of the CAD at the 30/6/25 would have been \$303,388.

I) Economic Dependence

The Gawler River Floodplain Management Authority (GRFMA) was formed as a Regional Subsidiary under Section 43 and Schedule 2 of the Local Government Act 1999 in August 2002, by a Charter that was amended and published in The South Australian Government Gazette on 27th February 2020 at page 474.

The Gawler River Floodplain Management Authority (GRFMA) is dependent upon subscriptions levied on the Constituent Councils in accordance with Clause 10.2 of the Charter to fund the construction, operation and maintenance of flood mitigation infrastructure of the Authority which it owns and manages.

Gawler River Floodplain Management Authority
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 2 - Schedule of Constituent Council's Interest in Net Assets as at 30th June 2025

Prepared to meet the requirements of Clause 16.6 of the Charter

"The 'Schedule of Constituent Councils' Interests in Net Assets' will reflect the proportionate contribution each Constituent Council has made to the growth of the net assets of the Authority having regard to the proportionate contribution to subscriptions. The Schedule when updated by the Board at the end of each financial year will reflect the proportionate contribution of each Constituent Council since the commencement of the Authority and once accepted by each Constituent Council will be evidence of the agreed proportion of a Constituent Council's interests in the net assets as at 30 June in that year."

For the purposes of this Clause all subscriptions by Constituent Councils have been included.

Calculation of Net Equity

Assets

Investments / Debtors	\$ 78,118
Infrastructure, property plant & Equipment	<u>\$ 41,900,845</u>
	\$ 41,978,963

Less Liabilities

Accounts Payable / Creditors	\$ 99,485
Borrowings	<u>\$ 5,404</u>
NET EQUITY	\$ 41,874,073

Allocation of Councils Interest in Net Assets

Constituent Councils	Accumulated Subscriptions for Operations to 30 June 2025 \$	Accumulated Subscriptions for Maintenance to 30 June 2025 \$	Accumulated Subscriptions for Scheme Works to 30 June 2025 \$	All Subscriptions to 30 June 2025 \$	Percentage of Contributions to the Total	Council's Interests in Net Assets \$
Adelaide Hills Council	325,048	8,766	76,527	410,341	5.97%	2,500,504
The Barossa Council	325,048	43,912	383,250	752,210	10.95%	4,583,760
Town of Gawler	325,048	87,784	765,408	1,178,240	17.15%	7,179,868
Light Regional Council	325,048	43,912	383,250	752,210	10.95%	4,583,760
Adelaide Plains Council	325,048	146,409	1,275,673	1,747,130	25.43%	10,646,527
City of Playford	325,048	175,664	1,530,826	2,031,542	29.55%	12,379,654
	1,950,292	506,447	4,414,934	6,871,673	100%	41,874,073

Schedule of Constituent Councils' Interests in Net Assets' as at the 30th June 2025 adopted by the Board in accordance with Clause 16.6 of the Charter on 28 August 2025.

Gawler River Floodplain Management Authority
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 3 - Functions / Activities of the Authority

- a) Revenues and expenses have been attributed to the following functions / activities, descriptions of which are set out in Note b.
- b) The activities of the Authority are categorised into the following function / activities:

Administration: The operations of the Authority and its Board

Other Environment: Flood Mitigation

- c) Functions of the Gawler River Floodplain Management Authority
(excluding depreciation and impairment)

	Year	Revenue		Expenses		Surplus (Deficit) \$
		Grants \$	Other \$	Total Revenue \$	Expenses Total \$	
Administration	2025	-	278,798	278,798	118,227	160,571
	2024	-	150,490	150,490	102,537	47,953
Other	2025	85,094	139,550	224,644	108,708	115,936
Environment: Flood Mitigation	2024	-	410,178	410,178	373,890	36,288
Total	2025	85,094	418,348	503,442	226,935	276,507
	2024	-	560,668	560,668	476,427	84,241

Note 4 - Subscriptions

The following subscriptions were levied on the Constituent Councils in accordance with Clause 10.2 of the Charter for the year:

	Maintenance		Operations		TOTALS	
	2025 \$	2024 \$	2025 \$	2024 \$	2025 \$	2024 \$
Constituent Council						
Adelaide Hills Council	2,414	1,418	46,228	24,638	48,642	27,326
The Barossa Council	12,099	12,117	46,228	24,638	58,327	37,055
Town of Gawler	24,198	24,334	46,228	24,638	70,426	49,172
Light Regional Council	12,099	12,117	46,228	24,638	58,327	37,055
Adelaide Plains Council	40,330	40,390	46,228	24,638	86,558	65,328
City of Playford	48,410	48,485	46,232	24,638	94,642	73,420
TOTAL	139,550	139,758	277,372	149,628	416,922	289,386

Gawler River Floodplain Management Authority
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 5- Contractual Services

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Chairperson Honorarium	20,400	14,032
Executive Officer	62,977	59,981
Audit Committee	2,600	3,250
Audit Fees	5,799	5,509
Legal Fees	-	1,545
Consultancies	18,427	47,687
Business Case	65,612	270,420
Asset Valuations	-	18,980
Totals	175,815	421,404

Note 6 - Comparison of Budget and Actual Results (excluding depreciation)

	2025		2024	
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenue				
Administration	278,341	278,798	151,514	150,490
Other Environment: Flood Mitigation	139,550	139,550	410,178	410,178
State Grant	156,000	85,094	146,000	-
Total Revenue	573,891	503,442	707,692	560,668
Expenditure				
Administration	117,315	118,227	105,073	102,537
Other Environment: Flood Mitigation	310,000	83,842	340,178	284,155
Maintenance	94,750	24,866	116,080	89,735
Total Expenditure	522,065	226,935	561,331	476,427
Surplus (deficit)	51,826	276,507	146,361	84,241

Note 7 - Expenditure Commitment

- i. GRFMA agreed to the engagement of David Hitchcock trading as LUVROK Pty Ltd to provide executive services to the GRFMA for the period 1 July 2023 through 31 December 2027.

Gawler River Floodplain Management Authority
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 8 - Reconciliation Statement of Cash Flows

(a) Reconciliation of Cash

Cash Assets comprise highly liquid investments with short periods to maturity subject to insignificant risk of changes of value. Cash at the end of the reporting period as shown in the Cash Flow Statement is reconciled to the related items in the Balance Sheet as follows:

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Total cash & equivalent assets	24,685	41,309
Balances per Cash Flow Statement	24,685	41,309

(b) Reconciliation of Change in Net Assets to Cash from Operating Activities

Net Surplus (Deficit)	(429,591)	(475,858)
Non-cash items in Income Statement		
Depreciation, amortisation & impairment	706,099	706,099
	276,508	230,241
Add (Less): Changes in Net Current Assets		
Net (increase) decrease in receivables	156,971	(119,279)
Net increase (decrease) in trade & other payables	(102,120)	(12,127)
Net Cash provided by (or used in) operations	331,360	98,835

Gawler River Floodplain Management Authority
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 9 - Non-Current Assets Summary

		2025				2024			
		At Fair Value \$	At Cost \$	Accum Dep'n \$	Carrying Amount \$	At Fair Value \$	At Cost \$	Accum Dep'n \$	Carrying Amount \$
	Fair Value Level								
Land and Easements		477,000	-	-	477,000	477,000	-	-	477,000
Infrastructure - Dam	3	53,559,054	-	(12,135,209)	41,423,845	53,559,054	-	(11,429,110)	42,129,944
Total Infrastructure Property Plant & Equipment		54,036,054	-	(12,135,209)	41,900,845	54,036,054	-	(11,429,110)	42,606,944
Comparatives		54,036,054	-	(11,429,110)	42,606,944	25,789,000	591,880	(4,767,184)	21,613,696

	2024	Carrying Amount Movements During the Year							2025
		Additions							
	Carrying Amount \$	New / Upgrade \$	Renewals \$	Disposals \$	Depreciation \$	Impairment \$	Transfers \$	Net Valuation \$	Carrying Amount \$
Land and Easements	477,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	477,000
Infrastructure - Dam	42,129,944	-	-	-	(706,099)	-	-	-	41,423,845
Total Infrastructure Property Plant & Equipment	42,606,944	-	-	-	(706,099)	-	-	-	41,900,845
Comparatives	21,613,696	-	-	-	(706,099)	-	-	21,699,347	42,606,944

Gawler River Floodplain Management Authority
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 10 - Financial Instruments

All financial instruments are categorised as *loans and receivables*.

Accounting Policies - Recognised Financial Instruments

Bank, Deposits at Call, Short Term Deposits	Accounting Policy: initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, interest is recognised when earned Terms & conditions: Deposits are returning fixed interest rates between 4.15% and 4.55% (2024: 4.30% and 4.55%). Carrying amount: approximates fair value due to the short term to maturity.
Receivables - Fees & other charges	Accounting Policy: initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. An impairment provision is recognised using the expected credit loss method Terms & conditions: Unsecured, and do not bear interest. Although the authority is not materially exposed to any individual debtor, credit risk exposure is concentrated within the Authorities boundaries. Carrying amount: approximates fair value (after deduction of any allowance).
Liabilities - Creditors and Accruals	Accounting Policy: Liabilities are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Authority. Terms & conditions: Liabilities are normally settled on 30 day terms. Carrying amount: approximates fair value.
Liabilities – Interest Bearing Borrowings	Accounting Policy: initially recognised at fair value and subsequently amortised cost, interest is charged as an expense using the effective interest rate. Terms & conditions: secured over future revenues, borrowings are repayable; interest is charged at fixed or variable rates between 5.50% and 6.15% (2024: 6.05% and 6.15%). Carrying amount: approximates fair value.

Liquidity Analysis

2025	Due < 1 year	Due > 1 year ≤ 5 years	Due > 5 years	Total Contractual Cash Flows	Carrying Values
<u>Financial Assets</u>	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cash & Equivalents	24,685	-	-	24,685	24,685
Receivables	53,433	-	-	53,433	53,433
Total	78,118	-	-	78,118	78,118
<u>Financial Liabilities</u>					
Payables	99,348	-	-	99,348	99,348
Borrowings	137	-	5,404	5,541	5,404
Total	99,485	-	5,404	104,889	104,752

Gawler River Floodplain Management Authority
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2025

2024	Due < 1 year	Due > 1 year ≤ 5 years	Due > 5 years	Total Contractual Cash Flows	Carrying Values
Financial Assets	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cash & Equivalents	41,309	-	-	41,309	41,309
Receivables	210,404	-	-	210,404	210,404
Total	251,713	-	-	251,713	251,713
Financial Liabilities					
Payables	195,605	-	-	195,605	195,605
Borrowings	91,733	323,883	3,596	419,212	353,388
Total	287,338	323,883	3,596	614,817	548,993

The following interest rates were applicable to the Authority's Borrowings at balance date:

	2025		2024	
	Weighted Av Interest Rate	Carrying Value \$	Weighted Av Interest Rate	Carrying Value \$
Variable Interest Rates	5.50%	5,404	6.15%	353,388
		5,404		353,388

Risk Exposures:

Credit Risk represents the loss that would be recognised if counterparties fail to perform as contracted. The maximum credit risk on financial assets of the Authority is the carrying amount, net of any impairment. All Authority investments are made with the SA Local Government Finance Authority and are guaranteed by the SA Government. Exposure in relation to individual classes of receivables is concentrated within the Authorities boundaries, and there is no material exposure to any individual debtor.

Market Risk is the risk that fair values of financial assets will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices. All of the Authority's financial assets are denominated in Australian dollars and are not traded on any market, and hence neither market risk nor currency risk apply.

Liquidity Risk is the risk that Authority will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations with financial liabilities. In accordance with the model Treasury Management Policy (LGA Information Paper 15), liabilities have a range of maturity dates.

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that future cash flows will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Authority has a balance of both fixed and variable interest rate borrowings and investments. Cash flow fluctuations are managed holistically in seeking to minimise interest costs over the longer term in a risk averse manner.

Gawler River Floodplain Management Authority
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2025

Note 11 Uniform Presentation of Financial Statements

The following is a high level summary of both operating and capital investment activities of the Authority prepared on a simplified Uniform Presentation Framework basis.

All Local Government Councils and Authorities have agreed to summarise annual budgets and long-term financial plans on the same basis.

The arrangements ensure that all Councils provide a common 'core' of financial information, which enables meaningful comparisons of each Authorities finances.

GAWLER RIVER FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY					
UNIFORM PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS					
as at 30 June 2025					
		2025		2024	
		\$		\$	
Income					
Subscriptions		416,922		289,386	
Investment income		1,426		762	
State Government Grants		85,094			
Other Income				270,520	
Total Income		503,442		560,668	
Expenses					
Contractual Services		175,815		421,404	
Finance Charges		6,439		23,069	
Depreciation		706,098		706,099	
Other		44,681		31,955	
Total Expenses		933,033		1,182,527	
Operating Surplus / (Deficit)		(429,591)		(621,859)	
Less Net Outlays in Existing Assets					
Capital Expenditure on renewal and replacement of Existing Assets		-		-	
Add back Depreciation Amortisation and Impairment		706,098		706,099	
Add back proceeds from sale of replaced assets		-		-	
		706,098		706,099	
Less Net Outlays on New and Upgraded Assets					
Capital Expenditure on New and Upgraded Assets		-		-	
Add back amounts specifically for new or upgraded assets		-		-	
		-		-	
Annual net impact to financing activities (surplus / (deficit))		276,508		84,240	

Note 12 – Contingencies & Assets & Liabilities not recognised in the Balance Sheet

There are no contingencies, asset or liabilities not recognised in the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2025.

**Gawler River Floodplain Management Authority
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2025**

Note 13 - Events Occurring After Reporting Date

There were no events subsequent to 30 June 2025 that need to be disclosed in the financial statements.

Note 14 - Related Parties Disclosures

Key Management Personnel

The Key Management Personnel of the Gawler River Floodplain Management Authority (GRFMA) include the Chairman, Board Members, Deputy Board Members and Executive Officer.

Two KMP's own businesses from which Services were contracted. Total contracted services from these businesses was \$83,377.

	Amounts received from Related Party during the financial year	Amounts received from Related Party during the financial year
	2025 \$	2024 \$
Adelaide Hills Council	53,506	57,551
The Barossa Council	64,160	97,983
Town of Gawler	77,469	135,505
Light Regional Council	84,540	77,602
Adelaide Plains Council	95,214	129,061
City of Playford	104,106	137,962
TOTAL	478,995	635,664

The Authority has been established for the following purposes:

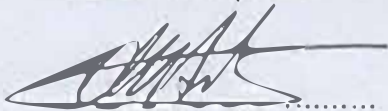
1. To co-ordinate the construction, operation and maintenance of flood mitigation infrastructure for the Gawler River. This purpose is the core business of the Authority;
2. To raise finance for the purpose of developing, managing and operating and maintaining works approved by the board;
3. To provide a forum for the discussion and consideration of topics relating to the Constituent Council's obligations and responsibilities in relation to management of flood mitigation for the Gawler River;
4. Upon application of one or more Constituent Councils pursuant to clause 12.4:
 1. to coordinate the construction, maintenance and promotion and enhancement of the Gawler River and areas adjacent to the Gawler River as recreational open space for the adjacent communities: and
 2. to enter into agreements with one or more of the Constituent Councils for the purpose of managing and developing the Gawler River.

GAWLER RIVER FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY
ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 June 2025

CERTIFICATION OF AUDITOR INDEPENDENCE

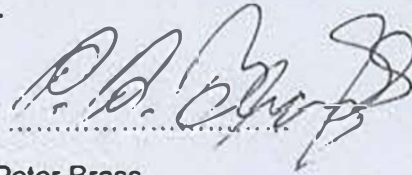
To the best of our knowledge and belief, we confirm that, for the purpose of the audit of the Gawler River Floodplain Management Authority for the year ended 30 June 2025 the Authority's Auditor Dean Newbery and Partners has maintained its independence in accordance with the requirements of the Local Government Act 1999 and the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011 made under that Act.

This statement is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 22(3) Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011.



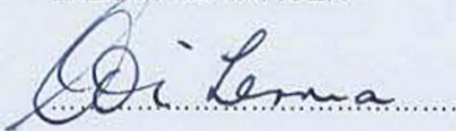
David Hitchcock

EXECUTIVE OFFICER



Peter Brass

PRESIDING MEMBER AUDIT and RISK COMMITTEE



Lino Di Lernia

CHAIRMAN

GAWLER RIVER FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY
ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 June 2025

CERTIFICATION OF AUDITOR INDEPENDENCE

To the best of our knowledge and belief, we confirm that, for the purpose of the audit of the Gawler River Floodplain Management Authority for the year ended 30 June 2025 the Authority's Auditor Dean Newbery has maintained its independence in accordance with the requirements of the Local Government Act 1999 and the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011 made under that Act.

This statement is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 22(3) Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011.

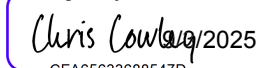
Signed by:


 82C8128E7DF5406.....
 Greg Georgopoulos
 Chief Executive Officer
 Adelaide Hills Council

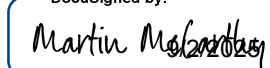
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 James Miller
 Chief Executive Officer
 Adelaide Plains Council

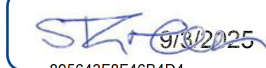
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 Chris Cowley
 Chief Executive Officer
 Town of Gawler

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 Martin McCarthy
 Chief Executive Officer
 The Barossa Council

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 Sam Green
 Chief Executive Officer
 City of Playford

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 Richard Dodson
 Chief Executive Officer
 Light Regional Council



Annual Report

Northern & Yorke Local Government Association

2024-2025

The Central Local Government Region was established in 1998 under Section 200 of the Local Government Act 1934 as a controlling authority and continues in existence as a regional subsidiary of the Local Government Act 1999. In 2024 the Central Local Government Region of South Australia adopted the trading name of Northern and Yorke Local Government Association (N&YLGA) to which it is now referred.

The Northern and Yorke Local Government Association (N&YLGA)

Charter Clause 6.3 Annual Report

- 6.3.1 The N&YLGA must each year, produce an Annual Report summarising the activities, achievements and financial performance of the N&YLGA for the preceding financial year.
- 6.3.2 The Annual Report must incorporate the audited financial statements of the N&YLGA for the relevant financial year.
- 6.3.3 The Annual Report must be provided to the Constituent Councils by 30th September each year. The Central Local Government Region was established in 1998 under Section 200 of the Local Government Act 1934 as a controlling authority.

Contact details:

Address: PO Box 39, Bridgewater SA 5155

0403 008 331

Telephone:

ceo@nylga.sa.gov.au

Email:

<https://nylga.sa.gov.au/>

Website:





Board of Management

Council	Delegate Member
Adelaide Plains Council	Mayor Mark Wasley
Barunga West Council	Mayor Leonie Kerley
Clare and Gilbert Valleys Council	Mayor Allan Aughey OAM
Copper Coast Council	Mayor Roslyn Talbot
District Council of Mount Remarkable	Mayor Stephen McCarthy
District Council of Orroroo Carrieton	Mayor Grant Chapman
District Council of Peterborough	Mayor Ruth Whittle OAM
Light Regional Council	Mayor Bill O'Brien (resigned), Acting Mayor Michael Phillips-Ryder; and new Mayor Bill Close
Northern Areas Council	Mayor Sue Scarman
Port Pirie Regional Council	Mayor Leon Stephens
Regional Council of Goyder	Mayor Bill Gebhardt
The Barossa Council	Mayor Michael (Bim) Lange OAM
The Flinders Ranges Council	Mayor Ken Anderson
Wakefield Regional Council	Mayor Rodney Reid
Yorke Peninsula Council	Mayor Darren Braund (resigned) and Acting Mayor Richard Carruthers

Office Bearers for 2024-2025

N&YLGA Chairman	Mayor Rodney Reid
Deputy Chairs	Mayor Ken Anderson Mayor Roslyn Talbot
South Australian Regional Organisation of Councils (SAROC)	Mayor Rodney Reid Mayor Roslyn Talbot
N&YLGA Chief Executive Officer	Mr Simon Millcock (June 2024-November 2025); Mrs Bridget Ransome (November 2024 to June 2025)
Auditor	ATA Audits





The following meetings of the Board of Management were held during the 2024-2025 year

N&YLGA Board Meetings	30 th August 2024 (including AGM) 29 th November 2024 9 th December 2024 (Special Meeting) 21 st February 2025 6 th June 2025	Clare & Gilbert Valleys Copper Coast Online Adelaide Plains Orroroo Carrieton
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There were four advisory committees in 2024-2025

Audit & Risk Committee	20 th August 2024 19 th November 2024 17 th February 2025 22 nd May 2025 28 th May 2025
Road Transport & Infrastructure Advisory Committee	6 th August 2024 22 nd April 2025
CWMS Advisory Committee	12 th August 2025
Waste Management Advisory Committee	A meeting was arranged, but there was insufficient quorum to proceed.

All agendas and minutes from the Board meetings and these committees are published in the N&YLGA website at this location: <https://nylga.sa.gov.au/>

All advisory committee minutes were provided with the agendas to the Northern & Yorke LGA board meetings.

The constituent councils during the year are provided with Board Agendas, Minutes, Annual Reports, Business Plan, Budget, Financial Reports and any other required documents.





COMMITTEE	MEMBERS
Audit & Risk Management Committee	Stephen Rufus, CEO (Chair) Mayor Rodney Reid Mayor Stephen McCarthy Mayor Ken Anderson Ian McDonald (Independent Member)
Executive Committee	Mayor Rodney Reid (Chair) Mayor Roslyn Talbot Mayor Ken Anderson Paul Simpson, CEO Barunga West
Road Transport & Infrastructure Advisory Committee	Mayor Leon Stephens (Port Pirie) Lee Wallis (Goyder) Steve Kaesler (Barossa) Tim Neumann (Copper Coast) Andre Kompler (Yorke Peninsula) Russell Troupe (Department for Infrastructure and Transport) Daniel Willson (RDA Yorke and Mid North) Stuart Roberts (Wakefield) Mitchell Foote (Flinders Ranges) Scott Reid (Northern Areas)
Community Wastewater and Management Advisory Committee	Mayor Leon Stephens (Pirie) Gary Easthope (Clare and Gilbert Valleys) Grant Smith (Yorke Peninsula) Nathan Berry (Light) Kirsty Morgan (Wakefield)
Waste Management Advisory Committee	Mayor Mark Wasley (Adelaide Plains) Simon Neumann (Copper Coast) Tom Jones (Adelaide Plains) Robyn Ridsdale (Barossa) Glen Growden (Wakefield) Andrew Kompler (Yorke Peninsula) Megan Renzella (Light)

CHAIRMAN'S REPORT

MAYOR RODNEY REID

The 2024-2025 year has seen many changes.

Simon Millcock had been our Chief Executive Officer of Legatus/N&YLGA for several years. It was a decision of the board not to renew his contract but encouraged him to apply for the position. Simon chose not to apply.

I thank Simon for his contribution to the organisation.

In October 2024 N&YLGA appointed our new Chief Executive Officer, Bridget Ransome, who commenced in November. Bridget has spent time addressing the need to update the organisation's records and there were many issues with the bank but hopefully these have all been sorted. She methodically tackles everything we ask her to attend to.

I am pleased to say that Bridget has made herself available for all council's Mayors/Chief Executive Officers to gain an understanding of what priorities each council may have within the group. She has also built relationships with Chief Executive Officers of other Regional Local Government Association (LGA) groups.

Bridget is working with two RDAs and the Landscape Board as part of the Regional Alliance.

Colin Davies had supported the N&YLGA as a finance contractor. In April/May 2025 Colin resigned from his finance officer role. I thank Colin for his handling of the finances since taking them on from Flinders Council staff.

At the same time that Colin resigned I was made aware that the LGA SA may be considering handling the Limestone Coast LGA finances from July. Bridget and I spoke with senior staff at the LGA SA and then, endorsed by the board we entered into a trial with LGA SA managing the N&YLGA finances until June 2026. So far this is working well and as can be seen in the reports it is meeting our financial reporting needs

This year within N&YLGA we saw two Mayors, Bill O'Brien, Mayor of Light Council and Darren Braund, Mayor of Yorke Peninsula Council, resign from their positions.

I have always appreciated Bill's knowledge of decisions made by Legatus and N&YLGA. For many years he was a Deputy Chairperson, and I do miss my conversations with Bill.

Darren brought great wisdom and a willingness to contribute as needed to our meetings. I valued his support of me taking on the Chairperson's role.



Many CEOs have resigned from councils within our region requiring councils to have interim and or acting CEOs. I have always advocated for CEO's being present in our discussions and listening to our decision-making at N&YLGA meetings. They often need to act upon them. Various CEOs have sat on our advisory committees as well.

Regardless of the time span that you have been at a council in the N&YLGA I thank you for your contributions, knowledge sharing and follow up as required. Our advisory committees provide local knowledge and expertise.

Mayors Roslyn Talbot and Ken Anderson are the current deputy chairpersons and are twelve months into their two-year appointments. We have had many Executive meetings throughout the year, and CEO Paul Simpson has also been part of this. Sharing thoughts and ideas makes my role easier and has greatly influenced our board meeting agendas.

Bridget has met all our local MPs both State and Federal. She has also interacted with many others. Bridget and I sat in the Gallery of the Legislative Council to listen to the bill presented by Hon Frank Pangallo MP, regarding the rating of sites involved with electricity generation. Bridget presented to the Country Cabinet held at Mallala on behalf of the N&YLGA in March of this year.

I have represented N&YLGA at Regional Alliance Meetings and attended functions hosted by Landscape SA, RDA and/or local councils.

This year Mayor Talbot and I have been the SAROC representatives for fourteen of our councils and Mayor Stephens has represented Port Pirie Council through the Spencer Gulf Cities group. SAROC has also had a year of changes with their terms of reference and procedures experiencing an ongoing review.

I maybe your chairperson, but the success of the N&YLGA is built on the support and encouragement we offer each other as Mayors and staff of neighbouring councils. In our major review of the organisation, we believed that having fifteen councils as one voice when needed makes us very influential in the local government sector in South Australia.

I am humbled by your patience and support personally for me throughout 2024-2025 and look forward to leading N&YLGA to greater sharing and building of our region in the 2025-2026 year.



29th August 2025
Mayor Rodney Reid
Chairperson
Northern and Yorke Local Government Association

NYLGA
NORTHERN & YORKE
LOCAL GOVERNMENT ASSOCIATION



CEOs REPORT

BRIDGET RANSOME

I commenced in the role of Chief Executive Officer on 25th November 2024, excited to be taking on a new opportunity and also returning to local government after a four-year absence.

I am grateful to Simon Millcock the previous CEO for a hand over period in the initial first three weeks of the role.

I cannot report on the months July – November 2024 for the period that Simon was CEO, except to list some of the activities that were undertaken during this period:

2024	Activity	Organisation/Comment
July	Regional LGA grants proposal	Covering 2024-25 period
	Tourism Forum	UniSA
	Regional Roads Forum	Melrose
	SAROC Meeting	LGA
	Standing Committee on Regional Infrastructure and Transport	LGA
	CWMS	Discussion
	Lifeline	Volunteer Australia
	Road Transport & Infrastructure Advisory Discussion	N&YLGA
August	Lifeline	Volunteer Australia
	Road Transport & Infrastructure Advisory Meeting	N&YLGA
	SA Community Foundation Initiative	The Healthy Collective
	Audit & Risk Management Committee	N&YLGA
	Regional Development Funding opportunities	UniSA
	AGM	N&YLGA
September	SAROC	LGA
	Roads and Waste Committee	N&YLGA
	Regional LGAs	Get together
	SA Suicide Prevention Council	Port Pirie
October	Executive Committee	N&YLGA
	Climate Risk Community of Practice	LGA
	Suicide Prevention	Conversations
	SA, NT, WA Regional CoP	Climate Change
	Community Resilience	Northern & Yorke
	CWMS Project Discussion	N&YLGA
	Special Meeting	N&YLGA
	Agenda Ordinary Meeting	N&YLGA
November	Audit & Risk Management Committee	N&YLGA
	Executive Meeting	N&YLGA
	Tourism Symposium	UniSA
	LGA AGM	LGA

In my first week as CEO, I attended the November Board meeting of the Northern & Yorke LGA and met the mayors of the fifteen councils, and some of the CEOs and invited guests that were in attendance.

To understand the requirements of the role I was advised to follow the *Annual Business Plan* document, which has helped me to organise priorities for the association. I offer these in key headings within this report.

Advocacy Plan

The first time I organised a board meeting for N&YLGA was the February 2025 meeting. Directly following the formalities of the meeting, we held an advocacy workshop with members. This workshop identified the following as most important to the councils at that time:

- Water (connectivity/access, especially for new housing developments)
- Childcare
- Health Services
- Roads and Transport
- Cost shifting.

I was also advised that the previous CEO conducted a member survey in August 2024 and the results of this survey also helped in understanding as to those items considered to be most important to the region from an advocacy perspective. As well as the above-mentioned items, other issues include:

- Regional high-speed broadband access
- Housing
- Local Government legal fees
- Rating Equity – Power Generators
- Centralised Model of Mental Health Service delivery
- Increased Commonwealth assistance grants
- The removal of barriers to State and Federal grant programs
- Increased funding for tourism and promotion of the region
- Increased funding for regional waste infrastructure.

These items have been summarised in further detail about each issue in the *N&YLGA Advocacy Plan*, which I presented to the board at its June 2025 meeting, and which was subsequently endorsed at that meeting.



Prior to the June meeting I also presented key issues at the Premier's Country Cabinet in March 2025 and received a favourable response from the Premier.

During the first 3-6 months in the role of CEO I also met with most of the member council Mayors and CEOs; members of the Flinders Alliance; and Members of Parliament for the Northern and Yorke region.

I also attended the ALGA Conference in June 2025 in Canberra, which gave me great insight into the issues impacting local government councils across Australia. During the conference I also attended a briefing with the Federal Minister for Local Government Hon Kristy McBain MP.

2025-26 Annual Business Plan

A requirement of the CEO role is to review and update the *Annual Business Plan* for N&YLGA. The review is conducted annually at the completion of the financial year.

This review included an update on the finances, after a budget review which I carried out in preparation for the February 2025 Board meeting, and which was endorsed by the board at that meeting.

The *Annual Business Plan 2025-2026* guides the priorities of the association over a rolling 4-year period, and this replaces the need for a long-term financial plan. The plan was approved by the board at the 6th June 2025 Ordinary meeting.

Board Meetings

I have attended and arranged the board papers for the following Ordinary Meetings of the association since I commenced in the role of CEO:

- 25th November 2024 (Copper Coast as an observer)
- 21st February 2025 (Adelaide Plains)
- 6th June 2025 (Orroroo Carrieton)

At the February meeting, I arranged three presentations as follows:

- Childcare Model, Michael French
- Equip Psychological Well-being program for regional communities, Dr Amanda Taylor, University of Adelaide
- 2025 Small Town Re-invention Conference, Hon Tony Piccolo MP.

As a result of the presentations, Orroroo Carrieton Council agreed to participate in the Equip program; and the Board approved N&YLGA sponsoring the 2025 Small Town Re-Invention Conference.



At the June meeting, I arranged the following presentations:

- Tom Venning (Liberal for Grey)
- Heather Holmes-Ross (President, LGA)
- Tim Viner-Smith (HDS Consulting, Road Transport Plan Update).

Communications Plan

I prepared and presented a Communications Plan for the N&YLGA which was endorsed at the June 2025 Board Meeting.

The plan was put together after reviewing the current website of N&YLGA, social media and general communications profile. The emphasis of the plan going forward is to lift the profile of the association to ensure visibility to state and federal government agencies, and to be the point of attraction into the region for on-going engagement.

I have commenced implementing the plan and can advise the following:

- A new logo brand was approved at the June board meeting and has started to be implemented across documents and reports
- Work will commence on the updating of the internal file structure of the organisation in September 2025
- IT services have been consolidated into one location out of Clare
- Meetings have been conducted with a web designer in relation to building a new website
- Social media is on-going utilising the new brand.

Financial Services

In March 2025 I initiated a review of the finances in consultation with the Chairman N&YLGA and the Chair of the Audit & Risk Management Committee.

The financial services of N&YLGA had not been reviewed for several years, and so it was timely to initiate this, and to implement more rigour around the financial controls of the association.

As a result of the review the existing contractor, Colin Davies, chose to resign and negotiations were then undertaken with LGA to provide financial services going forward. LGA has been providing services since May 2025 and it was negotiated as a 12-month initial contract, which is working very well at this time; and has seen all financial reporting streamlined to a more user-friendly format.

At the time of updating the financial services provider, all signatories at bank were also updated.



Also, in preparing the paperwork for the first Audit & Risk Committee meeting I noticed that although the Board had approved the appointment of a new Auditor, it had not been progressed. This has now been rectified, with ATA Audits confirmed and on board as the new auditor. The auditor has prepared the financials for the August 2025 AGM, with no issues apparent in financial operation at this time.

IT Services

The IT contractor for the association decided to move his business activities away from the type of services offered to N&YLGA.

As a result of this, I consolidated N&YLGA's IT based services to Honeycomb Design located in Clare. Honeycomb currently support our website and provides adhoc design services as required.

With the changeover it has been identified that N&YLGA is currently holding a number of licences that are considered unnecessary, and I am working with them to streamline our operations in this regard.

Policies and Procedures

The policies and procedures of N&YLGA have not been reviewed for several years. I am currently reviewing and updating these policies, and they will be presented at forthcoming board meetings for review and ratification by the board.

Road Transport and Infrastructure Advisory Committee

The Road Transport and Infrastructure Advisory Committee (RTIAC) met on 22nd April 2025. At this meeting we conducted the scoring of the SLRP applications received from N&YLGA councils. I wrote up supporting notes from this meeting and then worked with Tim Viner-Smith of HDS Consulting to refine the grant applications.

I was pleased to be advised that N&YLGA were awarded all 6 projects submitted under the SLRP this year as follows:



Road	SLRP Funding	Priority Score
North Coast Road Stage 3 Pt Turton Yorke Peninsula Council	\$1,460,000	1
Bethel Road Stage 2 Light Regional Council	\$1,333,000	2
College Road Light Regional Council	\$1,333,000	3
Hart Road Adelaide Plains Council	\$ 559,667	4
Vandeleur Road Clare & Gilbert Valleys Council	\$1,080,000	5
Bruce Road Clare & Gilbert Valleys Council	\$ 736,000	6
TOTAL FUNDING APPLICATIONS	\$6,501,667	

N&YLGA will shortly be invoicing the councils that were successful at 0.64% of each grant, in return for the association's scoring and support of submissions and advice supplied by HDS Consulting.

I continue to liaise with Tim Viner-Smith on the review of the Road Transport Plan for the Northern & Yorke region.

Community Wastewater Management Scheme (CWMS)

I inherited a CWMS project from the previous CEO entitled: *Climate Resilience Community Wastewater Management System Through Data Driven Awareness and Connectivity for Regional SA Communities*.

I attended a briefing for this project at Mawson Lakes with the project team, and from there I progressed discussions with Mt Remarkable Council, and they agreed to be one of the councils participating in the study.

I have contacted the previous members of the CWMS Committee for N&YLGA and have received mixed reactions as to the need and purpose of the group. Some members feel it is no longer required, whilst others have indicated that it would be important to continue with this committee. I arranged a meeting on 12th August 2025, and some members attended including David Eggers of the LGA. It was a good robust discussion, and I will be progressing some items in relation to CWMS training at the local officer level in councils, due to the outcomes of this meeting.

Since I commenced in my role, I have had regular meetings with David Eggers and will continue to ensure that the N&YLGAs CWMS committee continues to meet on a regular basis.



Governance

I continue to action all of the relevant administrative duties attached to preparing agendas, minutes and correspondence, including guest presenters in relation to N&YLGA meetings, which include:

- Board meetings
- Audit & Risk Committee
- CWMS Committee
- Road Transport & Infrastructure Advisory Committee
- Executive Committee
- Waste Management Advisory Committee.

These committees met as follows during the 2024-2025 financial year:

N&YLGA Board Meetings	30 th August 2024 (including AGM) 29 th November 2024 9 th December 2024 (Special Meeting) 21 st February 2025 6 th June 2025
Audit & Risk Committee	20 th August 2024 19 th November 2024 17 th February 2025 22 nd May 2025 28 th May 2025 (online)
Executive Committee	22 nd August 2024 1 st October 2024 19 th November 2024 14 th February 2025 30 th May 2025
Road Transport & Infrastructure Advisory Committee	6 th August 2024 22 nd April 2025
CWMS Advisory Committee	12 th August 2025
Waste Management Advisory Committee	A meeting was arranged, but there was insufficient quorum to proceed.

SAROC

I have provided regular reports on time prior to each SAROC Meeting. Reports include a summary of the regional priorities, activities and initiatives being carried out by N&YLGA.





Regional Alliance

I am a member of the Regional Alliance, and I organised the June meeting, as this activity rotates amongst regular participants.

I have been working with alliance members on a range of initiatives including:

- Drought (allocation of priorities for the \$300k provided to the region for activities beyond the \$55m provided by the State Government) – as per initiatives listed in the Regional Drought Resilience Plan
- Joint submission on the Draft Yorke Peninsula and Mid North Regional Plan
- RAA Mid-North Regional Road Assessment project
- Business Mentoring program in collaboration with Honeycomb Design, Clare.

Other items

Media Training: I recently organised media training for some Mayors and CEOs within the Northern & Yorke region.

The media training was presented by journalist and media personality Graeme Goodings, along with his cameraman David Hales. Participants presented both to camera and were also mock interviewed on a relevant issue during the training.

All participants have been sent personalised feedback from Graeme Goodings upon completion of the training.

Campaign Monitor: I have implemented an electronic e:newsletter to keep in touch with member councils and regional stakeholders and to inform them of both N&YLGA initiatives and activities; and other types of opportunities that may be beneficial to the region. I have received very positive feedback about the electronic e:newsletter and continue to send them out on a monthly basis.

2025 Small Town Reinvention Conference: I have met with the organiser, Peter Kenyon of the Bank of I.D.E.A.S. Northern & Yorke have also undertaken a silver sponsorship of the event which is being held in Kapunda this September.

I have been asked to MC one of the days of the conference and ensured that our logo is being featured on all promotional materials.

Five Nations Board: N&YLGA contributes financially to support the Five Nations Landscape Board. Members of the Regional Alliance have all committed to providing funding in support of the board. We were invoiced to contribute \$3,000 on an annual basis and when I went back over the minutes, I noticed all other agencies were contributing \$2,000 per annum. After following this up I managed to have our contribution reduced to \$2,000 per annum.

I have also written to each of the Indigenous leaders within the Five Nations Board confirming our support and inviting them to present at a forthcoming N&YLGA Board meeting.

Other Regional LGAs: I have been connecting with the other CEOs of regional LGAs as there are a number of new appointments. We regularly connect to share challenges, information and any issues. This has been a very helpful group for me as a relatively new CEO to the association.

Grants: Regional LGAs are provided with \$40,000 from the LGA each year to progress regional initiatives. I have reported on the previous projects that were implemented by the previous CEO to finalise the acquittal process for the 2024-25 grant period.

I have submitted grant requirements for the 2025-2026 period with the following projects:

- Waste Management webinar series for council staff
- Get Home Safe Foundation road safety project for Flinders Ranges Council
- Community Plans for 4 townships impacted by Algal Bloom in the Yorke Peninsula council area.

In addition to the above grant, I have also secured the following:

- \$47,300 for business mentoring for drought impacted businesses
- \$38,500 for Stage 2 of the Desert Childcare Advocacy Project
- \$11,000 for business mentoring for businesses impacted by the Golden North closure in the Northern Areas Council.

Climate Change Adaptation Plan: This is regularly discussed in Regional Alliance Meetings. I am also a member of the LGAs RCP Climate group that meets online to share ideas and initiatives.

I attended the LGAs Climate Ready Regions Workshop in Clare and agreed to liaise with the LGA on initiatives emanating from this project on behalf of councils in the Northern & Yorke region.

I introduced the Equip project to the region and this will deliver climate adaptation on the ground in the local community of Orroroo Carrieton. I also continue to manage the Community Disaster Prep website which is under the N&YLGA responsibility. Link: [Home - Preparing your community for disasters & emergencies](#)

Waste and Resource Recovery Strategy and a Waste Management Action Plan: I have met with the CEO of KESAB to discuss regional initiatives around waste management, and this has led to the potential funding of the Waste Management webinar series for council staff.



The Waste Management Strategy 2021-2026 for the region is also due to be updated. I have met with Rawtec consultants as the previous consultants employed to produce the strategy, and they have submitted a proposal to conduct the review by 2026.

Internal operating environment: I inherited quite a mess in relation to the internal workings of the N&YLGA. Documentation has been difficult to locate if at all. This has required me to spend quite a lot of time trying to locate information so I can determine what has been actioned, missed or requires follow up.

In addition to this, the invoicing by external contractors had been left to expand without any checks and balances in place. Some of the invoices I have received since I commenced have been excessive and I have had to go back to query the services provided and the rates charged, which has resulted in some savings.

Procedural Document: As I had limited time with the previous CEO during the handover period. There were many parts of N&YLGA that I was not made aware of; there are also no procedural guidelines on any aspect of the operation of N&YLGA. This is a serious fault that I am now in the process of rectifying. As internal procedures start to settle, I will be producing a complete procedural manual for the association, covering all aspects of its operation and this will include updating all policies and procedures.

Conclusion: I would like to thank all Mayors and CEOs within the Northern and Yorke region and also representatives of regional stakeholder organisations that have made me welcome and also continue to support me in my role as CEO. I would particularly like to thank the Chairman, Mayor Reid for his continued support, advice and direction and also Stephen Rufus, Chair of the Audit & Risk Management Committee for his guidance and support especially with the financial transition side of the association's activities these past 8 months.



29th August 2025

Bridget Ransome

Chief Executive Officer

Northern and Yorke Local Government Association



NORTHERN & YORKE
LOCAL GOVERNMENT ASSOCIATION



AUDIT & RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

CHAIR, STEPHEN RUFUS

It gives me great pleasure to present this report to the Board of the Northern and Yorke LGA AGM on the activities of the Audit and Risk Management Committee for the 2024-2025 year, and I thank the Board for my continued appointment to the position of Chair.

The Committee has met on the following occasions during the year with all members being active during the year:

- 20th August 2024
- 19th November 2024
- 17th February 2025
- 22nd May 2025
- 28th May 2025.

With the transition of the appointment of the new Chief Executive Officer, the Committee has overseen a number of changes, including a revised banking process and change in signatories, and financial services provider to a shared service model provided by the LGA.

These changes have incorporated a review of the financial reporting to the Committee and the Board that addresses previous concerns raised by Member Councils with the complexity of the reporting.

Furthermore, the change in financial service provider has improved efficiency in the financial management of the organisation, with open reporting and accountability that is reassuring for the Committee.

A concern is raised with the membership of the Committee and that a vacancy remains for an appointment of another CEO from a Member Council, which in my view, requires the attention of the Board. I therefore encourage my fellow CEOs to consider nominating for the vacant position to be a part of the Committee.

I take this opportunity to thank the previous CEO Simon Millcock for his reporting and interaction with the Committee and the financial services provided by Colin Davies.

In closing, it has been a pleasure to work with the CEO Bridget Ransome in the role and to work through the challenges and changes to the financial system of the organisation, and I look forward to this ongoing professional relationship and conduct that Bridget brings to the role.



29th August 2025

Stephen Rufus

Chair

Northern and Yorke Local Government Association

NYLGA
NORTHERN & YORKE
LOCAL GOVERNMENT ASSOCIATION



This is a summary of activities undertaken, and recommendations made during 2024-2025.
The committee met as follows:

Audit & Risk Management Committee	20 th August 2024 19 th November 2024 17 th February 2025 22 nd May 2025 28 th May 2025 (online)
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COMMITTEE MEMBERS	NO. OF MEETINGS ATTENDED
Mayor Rodney Reid	5
Mayor Stephen McCarthy	6
Stephen Rufus (Chair)	6
Ian McDonald	6
Colin Davies	0

The following table sets out the principal issues addressed by the Committee for 2024-2025.

Principal Issues Examined	Comment
Audit Committee Chair and Members	Stephen Rufus continued as Chair and all members are serving within their 2-year tenure
Annual Financial Report	No issues, and a new auditor was appointed being ATA Audits and endorsed by the committee and the N&YLGA full Board. Noted the continued independence of the auditing process
Review of budget against actuals	Noted no issues and supported the allocation of the expenditure certified of carry over reserves and accumulated surplus for business plan and budgets
Review of work plan and internal controls	The provision of external financial services to the association was reviewed and a new provider endorsed being LGA Shared Services
Charter	No change to the Charter
Business, Budget and Strategic Plan	Monitored the 2024-2025 business plan and budget Noted, supported and provided input to the N&YLGA <i>Annual Business Plan 2025-2026</i> Simplified budget reporting
Equity/Reserves	Recommendations to the Board on the levels to be held and noted that they are in alignment with previous agreed levels.



**CENTRAL LOCAL
GOVERNMENT REGION**
of SA trading as

**Northern and Yorke Local
Government Association**

**Annual Financial
Statements**

**For the financial year
01 July 2024 - 30 June 2025**



NORTHERN and YORKE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ASSOCIATION

**General Purpose Financial Reports for the year ended
30 June 2025**

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NORTHERN and YORKE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ASSOCIATION

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30th June 2025

CERTIFICATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have been authorised by the Northern and Yorke Local Government Association ('the Association') to certify the financial statements in their final form. In our opinion:

- The accompanying financial statements comply with the Local Government Act 1999, Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011 and Australian Accounting Standards.
- The financial statements present a true and fair view of the Association's financial position at 30th June 2025 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the financial year.
- Internal controls implemented by the Association provide a reasonable assurance that the Group's financial records are complete, accurate and reliable and were effective throughout the financial year.
- The financial statements accurately reflect the Association's accounting and other records.



Bridget Ransome
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Date: 3rd September 2025



Mayor Rodney Reid
CHAIRMAN

NORTHERN and YORKE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ASSOCIATION

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30th June 2025

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Note	2025 \$	2024 \$
INCOME			
Council Contributions	2	251,182	237,615
Grants, subsidies and contributions	2	70,000	107,400
Investment Income	2	25,837	27,731
Other income	2	450	7,211
Total Income		347,469	379,957
EXPENSES			
Employee Costs	3	186,190	239,291
Materials, Contracts & Other Expenses	3	112,100	188,815
Depreciation, amortisation & impairment	3	3,721	2,500
Total Expenses		302,011	430,606
Operating Surplus/(Deficit)		45,458	(50,649)
Other Comprehensive Income		-	-
Net Surplus/(Deficit)		45,458	(50,649)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS)		45,458	(50,649)

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the attached Notes

NORTHERN and YORKE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ASSOCIATION

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION as at 30th June 2025

	Note	2025 \$	2024 \$
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	433,856	486,022
Trade and other receivables	4	34,503	1,791
Total Current Assets		468,359	487,813
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment		44,072	10,000
Total Non-Current Assets		44,072	10,000
TOTAL ASSETS		512,431	497,813
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	5	8,971	8,469
Provisions	5	8,819	-
Total Current Liabilities		17,790	8,469
Non-current liabilities			
Provisions		-	40,161
Total Non-Current Liabilities		-	40,161
TOTAL LIABILITIES		17,790	48,630
NET ASSETS		494,642	449,183
EQUITY			
Accumulated Surplus		224,872	179,413
Other Reserves	6	269,770	269,770
TOTAL EQUITY		494,642	449,183

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the attached Notes

NORTHERN and YORKE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ASSOCIATION

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY for the year ended 30th June 2025

2025	Notes	Accumulated Surplus \$	Other Reserves \$	TOTAL EQUITY \$
Balance at end of previous reporting period		179,413	269,770	449,183
Net Surplus for Year		45,458		45,458
Other Comprehensive Income				-
Transfers between reserves		-	-	-
Balance at end of period		224,872	269,770	494,641
2024				
Balance at end of previous reporting period		230,062	269,770	499,831
Net Deficit for Year		(50,649)	-	(50,649)
Other Comprehensive Income		-	-	-
Transfers between reserves				-
Balance at end of period		179,413	269,770	449,182

NORTHERN and YORKE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ASSOCIATION

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS for the year ended 30th June 2025

	Note	2025 \$	2024 \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts			
Council Contributions		251,082	237,615
Investment receipts		26,226	27,731
Grants utilised for operating purpose		44,000	196,708
Reimbursement			
Other Revenues		450	7,211
Payments			
Employee Costs		(219,831)	(234,009)
Materials, contracts & other expenses		(116,299)	(254,383)
Finance Payments			
Net Cash used in Operating Activities		(14,372)	(19,127)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts			
Amounts specifically for new or upgraded assets		-	-
Sale of replaced assets			
Payments		-	-
Expenditure on renewal/replacement of assets		(37,793)	909
Expenditure on new/upgraded assets			
Purchase of investment securities		-	-
Net purchase of investment securities		-	-
Development of real estate for sale		-	-
Loan made to community groups		-	-
Capital contributed to equity accounted Council businesses		-	-
Net Cash used in Investing Activities		(37,793)	909
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts		-	-
Payments		-	-
Net Cash provided by (or used in) Financing Activities		-	-
Net cash increase/(decrease) in cash held		(52,165)	(18,218)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	7	486,022	504,240
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		433,856	486,022

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the attached Notes

NORTHERN and YORKE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ASSOCIATION

NOTES to and FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30th June 2025

Note 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial report are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

1. Basis of Preparation

This general-purpose financial report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards as they apply to not-for-profit entities, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, Interpretations and relevant South Australian legislation.

The financial report was authorised for issue by certificate under regulation 14 of the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and requires management to exercise its judgement in applying the Association's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are specifically referred to in the relevant sections of this Note.

All amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest dollar (\$).

1.1 Historical Cost Convention

Except as stated below, these financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention.

1.2 The Local Government Reporting Entity

The Northern and Yorke Local Government Association ('the Association') is a regional subsidiary under Section 43 and Schedule 2 of the Local Government Act 1999.

The Constituent Councils are:

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| 1. The Barossa Council | 2. District Council of Mount Remarkable |
| 3. Barunga West Council | 4. Northern Areas Council |
| 5. Clare and Gilbert Valleys Council | 6. District Council of Orroroo/Carrieton |
| 7. Copper Coast Council | 8. District Council of Peterborough |
| 9. The Flinders Ranges Council | 10. Port Pirie Regional Council |
| 11. Regional Council of Goyder | 12. Wakefield Regional Council |
| 13. Light Regional Council | 14. Yorke Peninsula Council |
| 15. Adelaide Plains Council. | |

All funds received and expended by the Association have been included in the Financial Statements forming part of this Financial Report.

1.3 Income recognition

The Association recognises revenue under AASB 1058 Income of Not-for-Profit Entities (AASB 1058) or AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (AASB 15) when appropriate. In cases where there is an 'enforceable' contract with a customer with 'sufficiently specific' performance obligations, the transaction is accounted for under AASB 15 where income is recognised when (or as) the performance obligations are satisfied (i.e. when it transfers control of a product or service to a customer). Revenue is measured based on:

The consideration to which the Association expects to be entitled in a contract with a customer. In other cases, AASB 1058 applies when the Association enters into transactions where the consideration to acquire an asset is significantly less than the fair value of the asset principally to enable the entity to further its objectives. The excess of the asset recognised (at fair value) over any 'related amounts' is recognised as income immediately, except in the case where a financial asset has been received to enable the council to acquire or construct a recognisable non-financial asset that is to be controlled by the Association.

1.4 Cash, Cash Equivalents and other Financial Instruments

Cash Assets include all amounts readily convertible to cash on hand at the Association's option with an insignificant risk of changes in value with a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Receivables generally unsecured and do not bear interest. All receivables are reviewed as at the reporting date and adequate allowance made for amounts the receipt of which is considered doubtful.

1.5 Vehicles & Contents

All non-current assets purchased are capitalised as the expenditure is incurred and depreciated as soon as the asset is held 'ready for use.' All assets are recognised at cost. Cost is determined as the fair value of the assets given as consideration plus costs incidental to the acquisition.

Assets with an economic life in excess of one year are only capitalised where the cost of acquisition exceeds materiality thresholds established by the Association for each type of asset. In determining (and in annually reviewing) such thresholds, regard is had to the nature of the asset and its estimated service life. Examples of capitalisation thresholds applied during the year are as follows:

Contents	\$2,000
Motor Vehicles	\$5,000

All material asset classes are revalued on a regular basis such that the carrying values are not materially different from fair value. Plant and equipment assets recognised are systematically depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis which, in the opinion of the Association, best reflects the consumption of the service potential embodied in those assets.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values of classes of assets are reviewed annually. Major depreciation periods for each class of asset are shown below.

Contents	1 to 5 years
Motor Vehicles	3 to 5 years

1.6 Payables

Creditors are amounts due to external parties for the supply of goods and services and are recognised as liabilities when the goods and services are received. Creditors are normally paid 30 days after the month of invoice. No interest is payable on these amounts.

Amounts (other than grants) received from external parties in advance of service delivery are recognised as liabilities until the service is delivered or damage reinstated, or the amount is refunded as the case may be.

1.7 Provisions

Salaries, Wages & Compensated Absences

The Association has 0.8 FTE employees as at 30th June 2025, a Chief Executive Officer. Liabilities for employees' entitlements to salaries, wages and compensated absences expected to be paid or settled within 12 months of reporting date are accrued at nominal amounts (including payroll-based oncosts) measured in accordance with AASB 119.

Liabilities for employee benefits not expected to be paid or settled within 12 months are measured as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows (including payroll-based oncosts) to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date. Present values are calculated using government 10-year bond rates.

No accrual is made for sick leave as the Association's experience indicates that, on average, sick leave taken in each reporting period is less than the entitlement accruing in that period, and this experience is expected to recur in future reporting periods. The Association does not make payment for untaken sick leave.

1.8 Superannuation

The Association contributes the statutory 11.5% SGC superannuation to the nominated superannuation funds for all staff. This will increase to 12% for the 2025-26 financial year.

1.9 GST Implications

In accordance with UIG Abstract 1031 'Accounting for the Goods & Services Tax:'

- Ø Receivables and Creditors include GST receivable and payable.
- Ø Except in relation to input taxed activities, revenues and operating expenditures exclude GST receivable and payable.
- Ø Non-current assets and capital expenditures include GST net of any recoupment.
- Ø Amounts included in the Statement of Cash Flows are disclosed on a gross basis.

1.10 New Accounting Standards

No new accounting standards were applied by the Association during the financial year. The Association has not elected to early adopt any new accounting standards, interpretations or amendments which are not yet effective.

1.11 Economic Dependencies

The Association is aware of its current dependence on Grants Revenue received from the Commonwealth Government, State Government and the Local Government Association for the ongoing operations of the Association. Should the Association not secure funding or a significantly reduced level of funding in future years, it may impact on the ability of the Association to continue operating as a going concern.

1.12 Disclaimer

Nothing contained within these statements may be taken to be an admission of any liability to any person under any circumstance.

1.13 Comparative Information

During the financial year, the Association has reviewed the allocation and classification of some transactions which have been updated in the comparative information presented. Changes in classification have resulted in no change to the previously reported financial performance and position of the Association.

NORTHERN and YORKE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ASSOCIATION

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30th June 2025

Note 2 - INCOME

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
COUNCIL CONTRIBUTIONS		
General Contribution	201,091	191,325
Other Council Contributions		
Coastal Alliance	15,000	13,290
SLRP Assessment Fee	35,091	33,000
	50,091	46,290
	251,182	237,615
INVESTMENT INCOME		
Interest on investments		
Local Government Finance Authority	25,837	27,731
Banks	-	-
	25,837	27,731
OTHER INCOME		
Conference Registrations & Sponsorship	450	7,211
Sundry	-	-
	450	7,211
GRANTS, SUBSIDIES, CONTRIBUTIONS		
CWMS	-	4,500
Disaster Recovery	-	62,900
Regional Childcare Desert Advocacy Project	30,000	-
Volunteering	-	-
Regional Capacity	40,000	40,000
	70,000	107,400
Commonwealth Government	-	-
State government	-	62,900
LGA	70,000	44,500
Other	-	-
	70,000	107,400

NORTHERN and YORKE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ASSOCIATION

NOTES to and FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30th June 2025

Note 3 - EXPENSES

EMPLOYEE COSTS	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Salaries and Wages	142,643	171,614
Employee leave expense	20,100	34,466
Pay in Lieu of Notice	-	909
Superannuation	19,101	22,108
Workers' Compensation Insurance	636	2,963
Professional Development	475	1,011
FBT	3,614	6,220
Total Operating Employee Costs	186,190	239,291
Total Number of Employees		
<i>(Full time equivalent at end of reporting period)</i>	0.80	1.00
MATERIALS, CONTRACTS & OTHER EXPENSES		
Prescribed Expenses		
Auditor's Remuneration	2,849	2,645
Subtotal - Prescribed Expenses	2,849	2,645
Other Materials, Contracts & Expenses		
Contractors & Consultants	54,172	133,005
Legal Expenses	572	0
Unleaded Fuel	4,595	5,362
Other Motor Vehicle Costs	2,929	3,378
Members Allowances & Support	5,000	5,292
Meetings & Conferences	2,498	2,206
Insurance	9,681	9,839
Rental - Premises	177	195
Advertising	8,316	1,419
Accommodation	3,033	1,046
Airfares, Taxi Fares & Parking	532	488
Travel - Reimbursement	3,135	630
Catering & Meals	2,945	14,085
Telephone & Internet	1,053	2,079
IT & Web	9,062	5,169
Postage/Stationery	1,297	1103
Sundry	256	874
Subtotal - Other Materials, Contracts & Expenses	109,251	186,170
	112,100	188,815
DEPRECIATION, AMORTISATION & IMPAIRMENT		
Depreciation		
Motor Vehicle	3,721	2,500
Contents	-	-
	3,721	2,500

NORTHERN and YORKE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ASSOCIATION

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30th June 2025

Note 4 - CURRENT ASSETS		
CASH & EQUIVALENT ASSETS	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Cash at Bank	22,630	36,022
Deposits at Call	411,226	450,000
	433,856	486,022
TRADE & OTHER RECEIVABLES		
Accrued Revenues	1,403	1,791
Other levels of Government	-	-
Debtor - General	33,100	-
	34,503	1,791

NORTHERN and YORKE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ASSOCIATION

NOTES to and FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30th June 2025

Note 5 – LIABILITIES

	2025		2024	
	\$		\$	
TRADE & OTHER PAYABLES	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Goods & Services	50	-	1,068	-
Payments received in advance	-	-	-	-
Accrued expenses - employee benefits	3,531	-	3,622	-
Accrued expenses - other	1,450	-	1,972	-
GST & PAYG	3,940	-	1,807	-
	8,971	-	8,469	-
PROVISIONS				
Employee entitlements - Annual Leave	6,519	-	10,031	-
Employee entitlements - Long Service Leave	-	-	30,130	-
Superannuation Payable	2,300	-	-	-
	8,819	-	40,161	-

Note 6 – RESERVES

OTHER RESERVES	1/07/2024	Transfers to Reserve	Transfers from Reserve	30/06/2025
General Reserve	269,770	-	-	269,770
TOTAL OTHER RESERVES	269,770	-	-	269,770
<i>Comparatives</i>	269,770			269,770

PURPOSES OF RESERVES

Other Reserves

This reserve was established to provide for one year of basic operation (employee costs, vehicle costs, insurance, materials), should no revenue be received.

NORTHERN and YORKE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ASSOCIATION

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30th June 2025

Note 7 - Reconciliation of Cash Flow Statement

(a) Reconciliation of Cash

Cash Assets comprise highly liquid investments with short periods to maturity subject to insignificant risk of changes of value. Cash at the end of the reporting period as shown in the Cash Flow Statement is reconciled to the related items in the Balance Sheet as follows:

	Notes	2025 \$	2024 \$
Total cash & equivalent assets	4	433,856	486,022
Less: Short-term borrowings		-	-
Balances per Cash Flow Statement		433,856	486,022

() Reconciliation of Change in Net Assets to Cash from Operating Activities

Net Surplus (Deficit)	45,458	-50,649
Non-cash items in Income Statement		
Depreciation, amortisation & impairment	3,721	2,500
Net increase (decrease) in unpaid employee benefits	(33,642)	5,281
	15,537	(42,868)
Add (Less): Changes in Net Current Assets		
Net (increase) decrease in receivables	(32,711)	89,308
Net (increase) decrease in other current assets	(37,793)	909
Net increase (decrease) in trade & other payables	2,802	(65,568)
Net Cash provided used in operations	(52,165)	(18,219)

NORTHERN and YORKE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ASSOCIATION

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30th June 2025

Note 8 – Functions

Revenues and expenses have been attributed to the following functions/activities throughout the financial year. The activities of the Association are categorised into the following broad functions:

1	A	- Corporate Function
2	P001	- Regional & Community Sustainability
3	P006	- Disaster & Emergency Management
4	P009	- CWMS & Climate Change Co-ordination
5	P017	- Waste Management Composting
6	P022	- Roads & Transport
7	P027	- Community Capacity Building
8	P028	- Regional Capacity Building
9	P034	- N&Y Coastal Management Action Plan
10	P038	- Regional Waste Strategy
11	P040	- Disability Inclusion Action Plan
12	P045	- Aboriginal Engagement Committee
13	P046	- DCP Pilot Organics Plant
14	P047	- Regional Childcare Desert Advocacy Project

NORTHERN and YORKE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ASSOCIATION

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30th June 2025

Note 9 - Financial Indicators

These Financial Indicators have been calculated in accordance with Information Paper 9 - Local Government Financial Indicators prepared as part of the LGA Financial Sustainability Program for the Local Government Association of South Australia. Detailed methods of calculation are set out in the SA Model Statements.

	2025	2024	2023
Operating Surplus Ratio			
<u>Operating Surplus</u>	13.1%	(13.3%)	(37.1%)
Total Operating Income			
<i>This ratio expresses the operating surplus as a percentage of total operating revenue</i>			
Net Financial Liabilities Ratio			
<u>Net Financial Liabilities</u>	(129.7%)	(115.6%)	(151.2%)
Total Operating Income			
<i>Net Financial Liabilities are defined as total liabilities less financial assets. These are expressed as a percentage of total operating revenue</i>			

NORTHERN and YORKE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ASSOCIATION

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30th June 2025

Note 10 – Related Party Disclosures

KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

The Key Management Personnel of the Association include the Chief Executive Officer and 15 Mayors/Chairpersons of the constituent Councils. In all Key Management Personnel were paid the following total compensation:

	2025 \$	2024 \$
CEO		
Salaries, allowances & other short-term benefits	160,804	166,637
Post-employment benefits	19,101	11,197
Long term benefits	1,559	-
FBT	3,614	6,220
Termination benefits	-	-
Total CEO	185,078	184,054
Chairperson		
Allowance	5,000	5,292
Total Chairperson	5,000	5,292
Total Key Personnel Remuneration	190,078	189,346

OTHER RELATED PARTIES

Amounts received from Related Parties during the financial year (exclusive of GST).

	Received 2025 \$	Outstanding 2025 \$
The Barossa Council	13,400	0
Barunga West Council	13,400	0
Clare and Gilbert Valleys Council	13,400	0
Copper Coast Council	13,400	0
The Flinders Ranges Council	13,400	0
Regional Council of Goyder	13,400	0
Light Regional Council	13,400	0
Adelaide Plains Council	13,400	0
District Council of Mount Remarkable	13,400	0
Northern Areas Council	13,400	0
District Council of Orroroo / Carrieton	13,400	0
District Council of Peterborough	13,400	0
Port Pirie Regional Council	13,400	0
Wakefield Regional Council	13,400	0
Yorke Peninsula Council	13,400	0
TOTAL	201,000	0

Description of Services provided to all Related Parties above:

The Association is the peak regional local government organisation that is focused on the interests of its communities. The Association's primary purpose focuses on the wealth, wellbeing and social cohesion of these communities via a sustainable approach of productive landscapes and natural environment. Its focus is on the key roles of local government.

NORTHERN and YORKE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ASSOCIATION

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30th June 2025

Note 11 - Contingencies & Assets & Liabilities Not Recognised in the Statement of Financial Position

There are no contingencies, assets or liabilities not recognised in the financial statements for the year ended 30th June 2025.

Note 12 - Events Occurring After Reporting Date

There were no events subsequent to 30th June 2025 that need to be disclosed in the financial statements.

NORTHERN and YORKE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ASSOCIATION

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30th June 2025

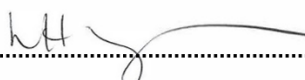
CERTIFICATION OF AUDITOR INDEPENDENCE

To the best of our knowledge and belief, we confirm that, for the purpose of the audit of the Northern and Yorke Local Government Association for the year ended 30 June 2025, the Council's Auditor, ATA Audits, has maintained its independence in accordance with the requirements of the Local Government Act 1999 and the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011 made under that Act.

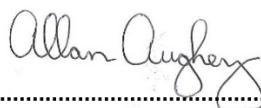
This statement is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 22(3) Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011.



MAYOR
The Barossa Council



MAYOR
Barunga West Council



MAYOR
Clare & Gilbert Valleys Council



MAYOR
Copper Coast Council



MAYOR
The Flinders Ranges Council



MAYOR
Regional Council of Goyder



MAYOR
Light Regional Council



ACTING MAYOR
Adelaide Plains Council



MAYOR
District of Mount Remarkable



MAYOR
Northern Areas Council

NORTHERN and YORKE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ASSOCIATION

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30th June 2025

CERTIFICATION OF AUDITOR INDEPENDENCE (Continued)

To the best of our knowledge and belief, we confirm that, for the purpose of the audit of the Northern and Yorke Local Government Association for the year ended 30 June 2025, the Council's Auditor, ATA Audits, has maintained its independence in accordance with the requirements of the *Local Government Act 1999* and the *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011* made under that Act.

This statement is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 22(3) *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011*.



MAYOR
Port Pirie Regional Council



MAYOR
District council of Orreroo Carrieton



MAYOR
York Peninsula Council



MAYOR
District Council of Peterborough



MAYOR
Wakefield Regional Council



**CHAIR, Northern and Yorke LGA Audit &
Risk Management Committee**



CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
Northern and Yorke Local Government
Association



**CHAIRMAN, Northern and Yorke Local
Government Association**



ATA Audits Pty Ltd
ABN 98 323 856 209

118 Fullarton Road
Norwood SA 5067

GPO Box 1037
Adelaide SA 5001

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT OF NORTHERN AND YORKE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ASSOCIATION

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Northern And Yorke Local Government Association (the Association), which comprises the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended, the Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2025 the, the statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the declaration by those charged with governance.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Association is prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the accounting policies described in the notes to the financial statements.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the Association in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter – Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 to the financial report, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial report has been prepared for the purpose of fulfilling the Board of Management's financial reporting responsibilities and for due diligence purposes. As a result, the financial report may not be suitable for another purpose. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Responsibilities of the Board of Management for the Financial Report

The Board of Management of the Association are responsible for the preparation of the financial report, and for such internal control as the Board of Management determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Board of Management are responsible for assessing the Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Management either intends to liquidate the Association or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Association's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individual or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Board of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Association's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Association to cease to continue as a going concern.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

ATA Audits



Tammy Atkins
Director

14 October 2025
Adelaide SA



Contact:

Bridget Ransome
Chief Executive Officer
Northern & Yorke LGA
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Annual Report Audit and Risk Committee 2024/25

Message from the Chair

It is my privilege to present the Audit and Risk Committee's Annual Report for 2024/25. This year has reinforced the importance of strong governance, transparent financial oversight, and proactive risk management in enabling Council to deliver sustainable services and outcomes for our community.

Over the past year, the Committee has continued to strengthen its role in supporting Council's financial, risk and governance responsibilities. The changes introduced through the 2023 amendments to the *Local Government Act* have broadened the scope of Audit and Risk Committees across South Australia, and we have embraced this opportunity to provide wider oversight and embed stronger governance practices.

In 2024, Council resolved to move to a fully independent Committee structure. This transition was completed in January 2025 with the appointment of a fifth independent member, adding further depth and flexibility to the skills and experience guiding our work.

At the January 2025 Council meeting, my colleagues **Wendy Haydon**, **David Paprzycki**, **Christine Hahn** and I were confirmed for a further two-year term. I look forward to continuing to serve as Chair and to working closely with fellow member **Ian Swan** and our newest appointees as we build on the Committee's work.

The Audit and Risk Committee now consists of five independent members, all selected through a skills-based appointment process:

- Peter Brass (Chair)
- Ian Swan
- Wendy Haydon
- David Paprzycki
- Christine Hahn

(Former members: Ellen Ewing, January 2019 – 27 January 2025, Cr Heidi Thompson, January 2023 – 27 January 2025 and Cr John Angas, December 2023 – 31 December 2024.)

Key areas of focus during 2024/25 included:

- Overseeing the effectiveness of Council's Internal Financial Control Framework, ensuring prudent stewardship of public funds.
- Maintaining attention on cybersecurity and digital resilience as an emerging risk area, recognising that further reporting and resourcing will be required in the coming year.
- Reviewing quarterly financial and risk reports to provide assurance that Council's financial position remains stable and emerging risks are actively managed.
- Supporting continuous improvement in Work Health and Safety and compliance with legislative requirements.
- Reviewing strategic initiatives (prudential review or a business case and supporting budget).

The strength of the Committee lies in the experience and expertise of its members. I extend my appreciation to my fellow Committee members for their commitment and valuable contributions. I also acknowledge the Executive Leadership Team, Council staff, and our external auditors for their professionalism and support throughout the year.

Looking ahead, the Committee remains committed to promoting a culture of integrity, accountability, and continuous improvement. We will continue to deliver strong oversight and independent advice to ensure Council is well positioned to manage risks, seize opportunities, and provide long-term value for the Barossa community.

Together, we are working towards a resilient, sustainable, and well-governed future for our region.

Peter Brass,

Chairperson Audit and Risk Committee

Purpose

The purpose of this report is to provide a summary of the activities of Council's Risk and Audit Committee for the 2024/25 financial year.

Membership and Meetings

Membership of the Committee currently comprises of five independent representatives, one of whom is Chair. The Committee meets at least four times a year.

Membership for the period 01 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 was as follows:

Name	Membership Type	Term Expiry Date	Status
Mr Peter Brass	Independent Presiding Member (Elected 28 January 2025)	28 Jan 2027	Current
Mr Ian Swan	Independent Member	27 Jan 2026	Current
Ms Ellen Ewing	Independent Member	27 Jan 2025	Concluded 27 Jan 2025
Cr Heidi Thompson	Councilor	27 Jan 2025	Concluded 27 Jan 2025
Cr John Angas	Councilor	31 Dec 2024	Concluded 31 Dec 2024
Ms Wendy Haydon	Independent Member (Elected 28 January 2025)	28 Jan 2027	Current
Mr David Paprzycki	Independent Member (Elected 28 January 2025)	28 Jan 2027	Current
Ms Christine Hahn	Independent Member (Elected 28 January 2025)	28 Jan 2027	Current

The Chairperson of the Committee is appointed on an annual basis from the independent membership by all members of the Committee.

The Chief Executive Officer, Deputy CEO & Director, Corporate Services, Strategy & Innovation, Manager Financial Services and Manager Corporate Services attend all meetings by invitation to assist the Committee, however they do not have voting rights.

Five (5) meetings were held between 01 July 2024 and 30 June 2025.
Attendance was as follows;

Member Name	Meeting 1 30 September 2024	Meeting 2 25 November 2024	Meeting 3 19 March 2025	Meeting 4 26 May 2025	Meeting 5 02 June 2025
Mr Peter Brass	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr Ian Swan	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓
Ms Ellen Ewing	✓	✓	■	■	■
Cr Heidi Thompson	✓	✗	■	■	■
Cr John Angas	✓	✓	■	■	■
Ms Wendy Haydon	■	■	✓	✓	✓
Mr David Paprzycki	■	■	✓	✓	✓
Ms Christine Hahn	■	■	✓	✓	✓

- ✓ = Attended
x = Apology received
■ = Not an active member

Key Activities

The Audit and Risk Committee Annual Work Plan sets the framework for the reports to be considered by the Committee throughout the year.

In addition, the Executive Leadership Team include additional items of interest during the year to keep the Committee briefed of emerging issues or changes.

The key activities of the Committee for the period 1 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 were as follows:

Financial Reports

The Committee considered the following finance reports between 1 July 2024 and 30 June 2025:

- The Barossa Council Annual Financial Statements as at 30 June 2024
- Nuriootpa Centennial Park Annual Financial Statements as at 30 June 2024
- Mid-Year Budget Review as at 31 December 2024
- Long Term Financial Plan
- Mayor and CEO Expenditure Report – Credit Card Statement Review
- Adopted 2024/25 Quarterly Budget Update as at the 31 March 2025
- The Committee met with the Auditors without management being in attendance

Risk Management

At each of its meetings the Committee considered a report that provides an overview of developments in relation to Council's organisational risk management function.

The Committee considered the following risk management reports between 1 July 2024 to the 30 June 2025:

- Risk, Return to Work and WHS Quarterly Reports
- WHS & Injury Management Plan
- Council Litigation Matters
- Strategic and Operational Risk Registers
- Risk Appetite Statements
- Emergency Exercise Report

Other Matters

The Committee also considered the following matters during the period 1 July 2024 to the 30 June 2025.

- Election of the Audit and Risk Committee Chairperson
- Corporate Plan Review
- Community Plan
- Audit and Risk Committee Self-Assessment Survey
- Audit and Risk Action List
- Cyber Security Update
- Audit and Risk Committee Annual Work Plan Ending 30 June 2025
- Review Strategic Initiatives

Committee Performance

The Committee is required to undertake a self-assessment of its performance measured against the Committee's obligations as detailed in the Charter. The results of the self-assessment were presented to the March 2025 Audit and Risk Committee Meeting.

The results of the self-assessment indicated that members are satisfied the Committee is performing its functions as expected with no significant issues raised. The only matter noted was a preference to adjust meeting times which has since been considered in the scheduling of the meeting program.

Committee meetings are open to the public and held in the Council Chambers and via electronic means to accommodate members unable to attend in person.

Committee meeting agendas and minutes are all publicly available via the Council's website, as is the Committee Terms of Reference.

The Committee adopted an annual work plan which is attached to this report.

The Barossa Council Audit and Risk Committee Work Plan 2024/25

(4 meetings each financial year – September, November, March, June)

Activity	Responsible Officer	Estimated Timing	Frequency	Current Status	Date Completed	Comments
Financial Reporting						
Review and establish Audit and Risk Committee budget for upcoming financial year. As part of this, review current fees for Audit and Risk Committee members and assess for continued appropriateness.	Manager Financial Services	As part of annual budget setting processes	Annually	Complete	30/03/2025	
Table draft Long Term Financial Plan	Manager Financial Services	Meeting 3	Annually	Complete	30/09/2024	
Table draft Annual budget & Business Plan 2025/2026	Manager Financial Services	Meeting 4	Annually	Complete	26/05/2025	
Table Q1 Budget Update – as at 30 September	Manager Financial Services	Meeting 2	Annually	Complete	25/11/2025	
Table mid – year Budget Update – as at 31 December	Manager Financial Services	Meeting 3	Annually	Complete	19/03/2025	
Table Q3 Budget Update – as at 31 March	Manager Financial Services	Meeting 4	Annually	Complete	26/05/2025	
Table draft Financial Statements for prior financial year - Council and Nuriootpa Centennial Park Authority, including a variance analysis detailing any significant variances between years and budgeted figures. Arrange for external auditor to attend to speak to any audit findings.	Manager Financial Services	Meeting 2	Annually	Complete	25/11/2024	
Credit Card Statement Review	Manager Financial Services	Meeting 2	Quarterly	Ongoing	30/09/2024	
Enterprise Risk Management						
Receive Risk Management Report - includes updates on: Risk Management and WHS&IM Plans Risk Register Local Government Risk Services WHS Committee Emergency Management Risk/WHS Incidents Corrective and Preventative Actions Workplace Inspections Internal Financial Control	Director Corporate Services and Business Innovation	Each normal meeting	Quarterly	Complete	26/05/2025	

Receive and review strategic risk register	Executive Leadership Team	As required	Annually	Ongoing	30/09/2025	
External Audit						
Table management representation letter(s) requested by the external auditor	Manager Financial Services	Meeting 2	Annually	Complete	30/09/2024	
Table interim financial controls review report from external auditor, along with Council's responses to audit findings.	Manager Financial Services	Meeting 1	Annually	Complete	30/09/2024	
Governance						
Review relevant Policy and Process updates, new or revised.	Relevant Document Control Officer	As required and scheduled	Ongoing			
Complete Audit and Risk Committee annual self-assessment	Audit Committee	Meeting 3	Annually	Complete	19/03/2025	
Review Terms of Reference (Incorporate any Actions below)	CEO	As required	As required	Complete	30/09/2024	Endorsed by Council in August 2024.
Review Strategic Initiatives	CEO	As required	As required	Complete	30/06/2025	
Reporting Responsibilities						
Propose and provide information relevant to the review of Council's Strategic Management Plans	CEO	As required	As required	Complete	26/05/2025	
Annual report on Audit and Risk Committee activities to Council	Audit Committee Chairperson	Meeting 2	Annually	Ongoing	30/11/2025	
Chairperson to present Audit and Risk Committee Annual Report to Council	Audit Committee Chairperson	Relevant Council meeting	Annually	Complete	30/09/2024	